



Date: 31st August, 2026

To,
BSE Limited
Department of Corporate Services
P. J. Towers,
Dalal Street, Fort,
Mumbai – 400001.
Scrip Code: 503657

Sub.: Notice of 46th Annual General Meeting and Annual Report 2025-2026

Dear Sir,

Pursuant to Regulation 30 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we enclose herewith the Notice of the 46th Annual General Meeting of the Company along with Annual Report for the financial year 2025-2026. The same will be made available on the website of the Company, at www.veerenergy.net.

This is for your information and record.

Thanking You.

Yours faithfully,
For Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited

YOGESH
MAHASUKHLAL SHAH

Yogesh M. Shah
Managing Director
DIN: 00169189

Encl.: As above





46th ANNUAL REPORT

2025-2026

For further details please log in to www.veerenergy.net
or E-mail us at info@veerenergy.net

VEER ENERGY & INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

NAME	DESIGNATION
Mr. Yogesh M. Shah	Chairman & Non-Executive Director
Mrs. Krupa H. Jain	Managing Director
Mr. Bhavin S. Shah	Executive Director
Mr. Arvind M. Shah	Independent Director
Mr. Ashwin Z. Savla	Independent Director
Mr. Nilesh K. Shah	Independent Director

AUDITORS

M/s. Jayesh R. Shah & Co. Chartered Accountants.	C-36, New Vasant Villa CHS Ltd., Amrut Nagar, Ghatkopar (West), Mumbai - 400086.
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REGISTERED OFFICE

629-A, Gazdar House, 1st Floor, Near Kalbadevi Post Office, J.S.S. Marg, Mumbai - 400002.
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VEER ENERGY & INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

CIN: L65990MH1980PLC023334

Regd. Office: 629-A, Gazdar House, 1st Floor, Near Kalbadevi Post Office, J.S.S. Marg, Mumbai – 400 002.

Tel: (022) 22072641 | Email: info@veerenergy.net | Website: www.veerenergy.net

NOTICE OF 46th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the 46th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the members of M/s. Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited will be held on Wednesday, September 23, 2026 at 12.00 P.M. through Video Conferencing (“VC”) / Other Audio -Visual Means (“OAVM”), to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business:

Item no. 1 – Adoption of financial statements

To consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 and the reports of the Board of Directors (“the Board”) and the Auditors thereon.

Item no. 2 – Appointment of Director liable to retire by rotation

To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Bhavin S. Shah (DIN: 03129574), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

Special Business:

Item No. 3 – RE-APPOINTMENT OF MR. BHAVIN SHAH (DIN: 03129574) AS NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, LIABLE TO RETIRE BY ROTATION

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as Special Resolution:

“**RESOLVED THAT** in accordance with the provisions of Sections 149, 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and the applicable provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and based on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the approval of the Board of Directors of the Company, Mr. Bhavin Shah (DIN: 03129574) be and is hereby appointed for term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from 30th December, 2026 to 29th December, 2031 (both inclusive) and shall be liable to retire by rotation Non-Executive Director.

“**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

Item No. 4 – RE-APPOINTMENT OF MRS. KRUPA JAIN (DIN: 09424726) AS WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as Special Resolution:

“**RESOLVED THAT** in accordance with the provisions of Sections 196, 197 and 203 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the

Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 [including any amendment(s), statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force] and based on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the approval of the Board of Directors of the Company, the tenure of Mrs. Krupa Jain (DIN: 09424726) as whole-time director of the Company is expiring on December 29, 2026, the consent of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for the re-appointment of Mrs. Krupa Jain as Whole-Time Director for a period of 5 years commencing from December 30, 2026 to December 29, 2031, with liberty to the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred as the Board which term shall include the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board) to alter and vary the terms and conditions of the said appointment and /or remuneration as may deem fit.”

“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

1. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) has, vide its General Circular dated September 22, 2025 read together with circulars dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 5, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 8, 2021, December 14, 2021, May 5, 2022, December 28, 2022, September 25, 2023 and September 19, 2024 (collectively referred to as “MCA Circulars”), permitted convening the Annual General Meeting (“AGM” / “Meeting”) through Video Conferencing (“VC”) or Other Audio- Visual Means (“OAVM”), without physical presence of the members at a common venue. In accordance with the MCA Circulars and applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) read with Rules made thereunder and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“Listing Regulations”), the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM. The deemed venue for the AGM shall be the registered office of the Company
2. Generally, a member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on a poll instead of himself / herself and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA Circulars, physical attendance of members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members will not be available for the AGM and hence, the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed hereto
3. Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the route map of the venue of the Meeting is not annexed hereto
4. a). The relative Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of Companies Act, 2013 relating to the Special Business to be transacted at the Meeting under Item Nos. 3&4 of this Notice, is annexed hereto. The relevant details as required under Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Clause 1.2.5 of SS-2 Secretarial Standard on General Meeting issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect of the person seeking appointment/ re-appointment as Directors are provided in “Annexure I”.
- b). In terms of the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Bhavin shah (DIN: 03129574), Non-Executive Director of the Company, retires by rotation at the Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. The Nomination and Remuneration

Committee of the Board of Directors and the Board of Directors of the Company recommends his re-appointment.

Mr. Yogesh Mahasukhlal Shah, Director of the Company, is interested in the Ordinary Resolution set out at Item Nos. 2 of this Notice with regard to her re-appointment. The other relatives of Mr. Yogesh Mahasukhlal Shah may be deemed to be interested in the resolution set out at Item Nos. 2 of this Notice, to the extent of their shareholding, if any, in the Company. Details of Director retiring by rotation at this Meeting are provided in the "Annexure I" to this Notice.

DISPATCH of Annual Report through Electronic Mode:

5. In compliance with the MCA Circulars and Regulation 36(1)(a) of the Listing Regulations, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report for the financial year 2025-26 is being sent only through electronic mode to those members whose e-mail address is registered with the Company / Registrar and Transfer Agent / Depository Participants / Depositories. Further, in compliance with Regulation 36(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations, a letter providing the web-link, including the exact path, where Annual Report for the financial year 2025-26 is available, is being sent to those members whose e-mail address is not registered with the Company / Registrar and Transfer Agent / Depository Participants / Depositories.

Members may note that the Notice calling the EGM/AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.veerenergy.com. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and the AGM Notice is also available on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com.

6. For receiving all communication (including Annual Report) from the Company electronically:
 - a) Members holding shares in dematerialised mode are requested to register / update their e-mail address with the relevant Depository Participant. National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL") has provided a facility for registration / updation of e-mail address through the link: <https://eservices.nsdl.com/kyc-attributes/#> login.
 - b) Members holding shares in physical mode are requested to follow the process set out in instructions in the Notice.
7. Corporate members intending their authorized representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified true copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.
8. Brief profile of Directors, nature of their expertise in specific functional areas, number of companies in which they hold directorships and memberships / chairmanships of Board Committees, are provided in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of the Annual Report.
9. Members may note that the Notice of the 46th AGM and the Annual Report 2025-26 will be available on the Company's website, www.veerenergy.net. The physical copies of the

documents will also be available at the Company's registered office for inspection on all working days (i.e. except Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays) during business hours up to the date of the Meeting.

10. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books will remain closed from Thursday, September 17, 2026 to Wednesday, September 23, 2026 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of 46th Annual General Meeting of the Company.
11. The Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2025-2026 is being sent by electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company / Depositories, unless any Member has requested for a physical copy of the same.
12. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form are required to submit their PAN details to the Registrar and Transfer Agents, MUFG Intime India Private Limited, Unit: Veer Energy & Infrastructure Ltd, 629-A, 1st Floor, Gazdar House, Dhobi Talao, Jagannath Shankarseth Marg (J.S.S. Marg), near Kalbadevi Post Office, Mumbai - 400002.
13. Members are requested to update their e-mail address with their Depository Participants to enable the Company to send communications electronically.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER:-

The remote e-voting period begins on Sunday, 20th September, 2026 at 09:00 A.M. and ends on Tuesday, 22nd September, 2026 at 05:00 P.M. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. 16th September, 2026, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being 16th September, 2026.

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are

advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	1. For OTP based login you can click on https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/evoting/evotinglogin.jsp. You will have to enter your 8-digit DP ID, 8-digit Client Id, PAN No., Verification code and generate OTP. Enter the OTP received on registered email id/mobile number and click on login. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 2. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under ‘IDeAS’ section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 3. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select “Register Online for IDeAS Portal” or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 4. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is

	available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 5. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App “NSDL Speede” facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience. NSDL Mobile App is available on  App Store  Google Play  
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	1. Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then user your existing my easi username & password. 2. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers’

	website directly. 3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option. 4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.com or call at 022 - 4886 7000
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at

helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free
no. 1800-21-09911

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section.
3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.
Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.
4. Your User ID details are given below :

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company

For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
 - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
 - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
 - c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
 - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
 - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.**
6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
 - a) Click on "Forgot User Details/Password?" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - b) Physical User Reset Password? (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.com mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
 - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.**How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?**

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies “EVEN” in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
 2. Select “EVEN” of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on “VC/OAVM” link placed under “Join Meeting”.
 3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
 4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on “Submit” and also “Confirm” when prompted.
 5. Upon confirmation, the message “Vote cast successfully” will be displayed.
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6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
 7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General Guidelines for shareholders

1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to jkhushi2904@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.com. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.
2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event,

you will need to go through the “[Forgot User Details/Password?](#)” or “[Physical User Reset Password?](#)” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.

3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on.: 022 - 4886 7000 or send a request to Sagar S. Gudhate, Assistant Vice President at evoting@nsdl.com

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to cs@veerenergy.net.
2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to cs@veerenergy.net. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at **step 1 (A)** i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.com for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the EGM/AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE EGM/AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for **Access to NSDL e-Voting system**. After successful login, you can see link of “VC/OAVM” placed under “**Join meeting**” menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at cs@veerenergy.net. The same will be replied by the company suitably.
6. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at cs@veerenergy.net. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 10 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
7. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ ask questions during the meeting.

8. Shareholders who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered email address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID/folio number, email id, mobile number at cs@veerenergy.net latest by Wednesday, September 16, 2026 (5:00 p.m.). Those Members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability at the time of AGM.

**By Order of the Board of Directors
For Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: 13th August, 2026**

**Sd/-
Yogesh M. Shah
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00169189**

Explanatory Statement pursuant to the provisions of Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013

The following Statement sets out all material facts relating to the Special Business mentioned in the accompanying Notice.

Item No. 3

Mr. Bhavin Shah (DIN: 03129574) was appointed as Non-Executive Director of the Company with effect from December 30, 2021 for a period five years till December 29, 2026, whose office is liable to retire by rotation.

Mr. Bhavin Shah, hold office up to the December 29, 2026. The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, is of the view that the re-appointment of Mr. Bhavin Shah on the Board of the Company as Non-Executive Director is desirable and would be beneficial to the Company.

It is proposed to seek member's approval for the appointment of Mr. Bhavin Shah as Non-Executive Director of the Company and shall be liable to retire by rotation. He will not be paid any remuneration, however he will be entitled to sitting fees for attending the Board Meetings.

Mr. Bhavin Shah is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act, nor debarred from holding the office of director by virtue of any SEBI order or any other such authority and has given his consent for the said appointment.

Your Directors recommend resolution in item number 3 as Special Resolution for approval of the members.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company or their relatives, except Mr. Bhavin Shah and their relatives, are in any way concerned or interested, in the proposed resolution set out at Item No 3.

Item No.4

Mrs. Krupa Jain (DIN: 09424726) was appointed the Whole-Time Director of the Company of the Company with effect from December 30, 2021 for a period five years till December 29, 2026.

Pursuant to the appointment terms of Mrs. Krupa Jain, she holds office up to the December 29, 2026.

The Board of Directors is of the view that the re-appointment of Mrs. Krupa Jain on the Board of the Company as Whole-Time Director is desirable and would be beneficial to the Company.

It is proposed to seek member's approval for the appointment of Mrs. Krupa Jain as Whole-Time Director of the Company and shall be liable to retire by rotation. She will be paid remuneration of Rs. 2,92,500/- p.a. and the terms and conditions of re-appointment may be altered and varied from time to time by the Board in such manner as may be mutually agreed, however she will not be entitled to sitting fees for attending the Board Meetings.

Mrs. Krupa Jain is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act, nor debarred from holding the office of director by virtue of any SEBI order or any other such authority and has given her consent for the said appointment.

Your Directors recommend resolution in item number 4 as Ordinary Resolution for approval of the members.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company or their relatives, except Mrs. Krupa Jain and Mr. Yogesh Shah and their relatives, are in any way concerned or interested, in the proposed resolution set out at Item No 4.

**By Order of the Board of Directors
For Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: 13th August, 2026**

**Sd/-
Yogesh M. Shah
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00169189**

Annexure-I**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON DIRECTOR SEEKING APPOINTMENT**

Brief details of Directors seeking appointment/ re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting as required under Regulation 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

1. BRIEF PROFILE OF MR. BHAVIN SHAH

Name of the Director	Mr. Bhavin Shah
Director Identification Number	03129574
Particulars	Re-appointment
Date of Birth	18/06/1981
Age	45
Date of first appointment on the Board	30/12/2021
Experience (including nature of expertise in specific functional areas)/ brief resume	Mr. Bhavin Shah holds Master of Commerce degree from Mumbai University. He carries an enormous experience of more than 15 years in the field of production and procurement management. He also has a vast experience in the field of Operations. At present, he is Managing Director of M/s. Veerhealth Care Limited.
Disclosure of relationships between directors inter-se	Mr. Bhavin Shah is not related to any of the Directors of the Compan
Other Listed Companies in which Directorship held	Veerhealth Care Limited
Chairperson of Board committees	Nil
Member of Board committees	2
Listed entities from which the person has resigned in the past three years	Nil
Number of shares held in the Company	Nil

2) BRIEF PROFILE OF MRS. KRUPA H. JAIN

Name of the Director	Mrs. Krupa Harsh Jain
Director Identification Number	09424726
Particulars	Re-appointment
Date of Birth	15/05/1994
Age	32 Years
Date of first appointment on the Board	30/12/2021

Experience (including nature of expertise in specific functional areas)/ brief resume	Mrs. Krupa Jain has completed Master of Commerce from Mumbai University and Post Graduate Diploma in Management. She is looking after finance and daily operations of the Company.
Disclosure of relationships between directors inter-se	Mrs. Krupa Jain is daughter of Mr. Yogesh Shah, Managing Director of the Company. Other than this, none of the directors are related to each other.
Other Listed Companies in which Directorship held	Nil
Chairperson of Board committees	Nil
Member of Board committees	Nil
Listed entities from which the person has resigned in the past three years	Nil
Number of shares held in the Company	2,12,304 Equity Shares

DIRECTORS REPORT

To
The Members,

The Board hereby presents the 46th Annual Report along with Audited Statements of Accounts for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026 .

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Particulars	Amount in Lakhs	
	2025-26	2024-25
<u>Income:</u>		
Revenue from operations	454.86	1032.24
Other Income	357.49	334.15
Total Revenue (I)	812.35	1366.39
<u>Expenses:</u>		
Cost of Goods Sold	494.08	993.74
Employee benefit expense	80.50	40.39
Other expenses	142.50	237.22
Total (II)	717.08	1271.35
Earning/(loss) before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) (I) - (II)	95.27	95.04
Depreciation and amortization expense	69.98	69.87
Finance cost	0.06	0.25
Profit for the year	25.23	24.92
Exceptional items	-	-
Profit before tax	25.23	24.92
Current tax	17.14	17.23
Deferred tax	(11.44)	(10.75)
Profit after tax	19.53	18.44
Total comprehensive income for the year	19.53	18.44
Net Worth	6296.78	6420.61

DIVIDEND

In view of further expansion, directors do not recommend any dividend on equity shares for the year ended on 31st March, 2026.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The closing balance of the retained earnings of the Company for Financial year 2025-2026, after all appropriation and adjustments was Rs. 19.53 Lakhs.

OPERATIONS

The Company is primarily engaged in infrastructure development for the installation of Wind Turbine Generators and renewable energy projects. With its experience in the renewable energy sector, the Company is well positioned to benefit from the continued growth in demand for clean and sustainable energy solutions.

The increasing emphasis on renewable energy, supported by favourable government initiatives and growing investment in the sector, provides opportunities for further business development. Your Directors remain optimistic about the Company's growth prospects in the coming years.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In accordance with the applicable provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Corporate Governance Report, along with the Auditors' Certificate thereon, and the Management Discussion and Analysis Report are annexed and form an integral part of this Annual Report.

PERFORMANCE

The turnover of the Company for the year under review stood at Rs. 454.86, as compared to Rs. 1,032.24 Lakhs in the previous year, reflecting growth in the Company's operations. Your Directors are optimistic about sustaining this momentum and improving turnover and profitability in the current year.

The Net Profit before Tax for the year under review stood at Rs. 25.23 Lakhs, as compared to Rs 24.92 Lakhs in the previous year. The Net Profit after Tax stood at Rs. 19.53 Lakhs, as compared to Rs. 18.44 Lakhs in the previous year.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

India's renewable energy sector continues to offer significant growth opportunities, supported by the country's increasing energy requirements and continued transition towards clean and sustainable sources of power. Wind energy is expected to remain an important component of India's renewable energy capacity.

The Company intends to leverage its experience in wind energy infrastructure development to explore new projects and business opportunities. Increasing investments in renewable energy, technological advancements and supportive government initiatives are expected to provide a favourable environment for the sector.

Going forward, the Company will focus on strengthening its presence in wind energy infrastructure, exploring opportunities in the broader renewable energy sector and improving operational efficiencies. Your Directors remain positive about the long-term prospects of the Company and the renewable energy industry.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness in the design or operation was observed.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

During the year under review, there has been no change in the management of the Company. The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board has carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, and of the directors individually, as well as the evaluation of its compliance committees. The manner in which the evaluation has been carried out has been explained in detail in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Annual Report.

The following policies of the Company are annexed to this report:

- 1) Policy for selection of Directors and determining Directors independence (Annexure I); and
- 2) Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees (Annexure II).

RE-APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

- a. In terms of the provisions Section 149, 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, one-third of such of the Directors as are liable to retire by rotation, shall retire every year and, if eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at every AGM. Consequently, Mr. Bhavin Shah (DIN: 06952245), Director of the Company, retires at the ensuing AGM and being eligible, seeks reappointment.

A resolution seeking the re-appointment of Mr. Bhavin Shah forms part of the Notice convening the ensuing Annual General Meeting scheduled to be held on Wednesday, September 23, 2026.

The profile and particulars of experience, attributes and skills of Mr. Bhavin Shah have been disclosed in the annexure to the Notice of the Annual General Meeting.

- b. Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and subject to the approval of the Members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company, the Board approved the re-appointment of Mr. Bhavin Shah (DIN: 03129574) as Non-Executive Director of the Company for term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from 30th December, 2026 to 29th December, 2031 (both inclusive) and shall be liable to retire by rotation.
- c. Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and subject to the approval of the Members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company, the Board approved the re-appointment of Mrs. Krupa Jain (DIN: 09424726) as Whole-time Director of the Company for term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from 30th December, 2026 to 29th December, 2031 (both inclusive).

SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

No company has become or ceased to be a subsidiary, joint venture or associate during the financial year 2025-2026.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Your Directors state that:

- a) In the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2026, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) They have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026 and of the Profit and Loss of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- c) They have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) They have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) They have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- f) They have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

CONTRACTS AND ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered by the Company during the financial year with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. Directors draw attention of the members to note no. 36 to the financial statement which sets out related party disclosures.

AUDITORS & AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors have appointed M/s. Jayesh R. Shah & Co., Chartered Accountants in the Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2022 for a period of five years to hold office till the conclusion of the 47th Annual General Meeting of the Company. They have confirmed their eligibility and they are not disqualified for appointment.

The Notes on financial statement referred to in the Auditors Report are self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments. The Auditors Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

The Board has appointed M/s. Nidhi Shah & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, to conduct Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2025-26. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 is annexed herewith marked as Annexure III to this Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

COST AUDIT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the Company is not required to maintain cost records and conduct cost audit.

DISCLOSURES**Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee comprises of three Independent Directors namely Mr. Arvind M. Shah (Chairman), Mr. Bhavin S. Shah (Member) and Mr. Nilesh K. Shah (Member). All the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board.

Vigil Mechanism

The Vigil Mechanism of the Company, which also incorporates a whistle blower policy in terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations, comprises of senior executives of the Company. Protected disclosures can be made by a whistle blower through an e-mail or dedicated telephone line or a letter to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

Meetings of the Board

Four (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held during the year. For details of the meetings of the board, please refer to the corporate governance report, which forms part of this report.

Particulars of Loans given, Investments made, Guarantees given and Securities provided

Particulars of loans given, investments made, guarantees given and securities provided are provided in the notes to the Financial Statements.

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

As required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 8 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, details of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo are as follows:

(A) Conservation of energy:

Energy conservation is an area of priority and the Company has made all efforts to ensure continuous monitoring and improvement in energy consumption in all its offices.

(B) Technology absorption:

Being in the business of providing clean energy, the Company is constantly looking at innovation and technology absorption to increase production efficiency in its business.

(C) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

During the current period, there was no Foreign Exchange Earning. Also, the Company has not incurred any expenditure towards Foreign Exchange during this period.

Extract of Annual Return

As required under the provisions of Section 134(3)(a) and Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Company is required to place a copy of Annual Return (in Form MGT-7) on the Company's website, web link of such annual return shall be disclosed in the Board's Report. viz. www.veerenergy.in

By virtue of amendment to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to provide extract of Annual Return (Form MGT-9) as part of the Board's report.

Particulars of Employees and related disclosures

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is annexed herewith marked as Annexure V to this Report.

No disclosure or reporting is required in terms of the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rules 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, as there are no employees drawing remuneration in excess of the limits set out in the said rules.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company is not required to constitute Corporate Social Responsibility Committee in terms of the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Material changes and commitments affecting financial position between the end of the financial year and date of the report

There has been no material changes and commitment affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

GENERAL

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there were no transactions on these items during the year under review:

1. Details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act.
2. Issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
3. Issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme.
4. Neither the Managing Director nor the Whole-time Directors of the Company receive any remuneration or commission from any of its subsidiaries.

No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

Your Directors further state that during the year under review, there were no cases filed pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors would like to express their sincere appreciation for the assistance and co-operation received from the financial institutions, banks, government authorities and members during the year under review. Your Directors also wish to place on record their deep sense of appreciation for the committed services by the Company's executives, staff and workers.

**By Order of the Board of Directors
For Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: 13th August, 2026**

**Sd/-
Yogesh M. Shah
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00169189**

**Sd/-
Bhavin S. Shah
Director
DIN: 03129574**

ANNEXURE I**POLICY FOR SELECTION OF DIRECTORS AND DETERMINING DIRECTORS INDEPENDENCE****Qualifications and criteria**

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and the Board, shall review on an annual basis, appropriate skills, knowledge and experience required of the Board as a whole and its individual members. The objective is to have a Board with diverse background and experience that are relevant for the Company's operations.

In evaluating the suitability of individual Board members, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee may take into account factors, such as general understanding of the Company's business dynamics, social perspective, educational and professional background, personal and professional ethics, integrity and values, willingness to devote sufficient time in carrying out their duties and responsibilities effectively.

The proposed appointee shall also fulfill the following requirements:

- Shall possess a Director Identification Number;
- Shall not be disqualified under the Companies Act, 2013;
- Shall give his written consent to act as a Director;
- Shall endeavour to attend all Board Meetings and wherever he is appointed as a Committee Member, the Committee Meetings;
- Shall abide by the Code of Conduct established by the Company for Directors and Senior Management Personnel;
- Shall disclose his concern or interest in any company or companies or bodies corporate, firms, or other association of individuals including his shareholding at the first meeting of the Board in every financial year and thereafter whenever there is a change in the disclosures already made;
- Such other requirements as may be prescribed, from time to time, under the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Listing Regulations and other relevant laws.

The Committee shall evaluate each individual with the objective of having a group that best enables the success of the Company's business.

Criteria of Independence

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall assess the independence of Directors at the time of appointment / re-appointment and the Board shall assess the same annually. The Board shall re-assess determinations of independence when any new interests or relationships are disclosed by a Director and the criteria of independence shall be same as laid down in Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Independent Directors shall abide by the "Code for Independent Directors" as specified in Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013.

Other directorships / committee memberships

The Board members are expected to have adequate time and expertise and experience to contribute to effective Board performance. Accordingly, members should voluntarily limit their directorships in other listed public limited companies in such a way that it does not interfere with their role as directors of the Company. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall take into account the nature of, and the time involved in Director's service on other Boards, in evaluating the suitability of the individual Director and making its recommendations to the Board.

ANNEXURE II**REMUNERATION POLICY FOR DIRECTORS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND OTHER
EMPLOYEES**

The Company has formulated the remuneration policy for its directors, key managerial personnel and other employees keeping in view the following objectives:

1. Ensuring that the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate, to run the company successfully.
2. Ensuring that relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets the performance benchmarks.
3. Ensuring that remuneration involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals.

Remuneration to Executive Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

The Board, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Executive Directors of the Company within the overall limits approved by the shareholders.

The Board, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, shall also review and approve the remuneration payable to the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company. The remuneration structure to the Executive Directors and Key Managerial Personnel shall include Basic Pay, Perquisites and Allowances and Annual Performance Bonus.

Remuneration to Non-Executive Directors

The Board, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Non-Executive Directors of the Company within the overall limits approved by the shareholders.

Non-Executive Directors shall be entitled to conveyance/sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof.

Remuneration to other employees

Employee's remuneration shall be based on their individual qualifications and work experience, competencies as well as their roles and responsibilities in the organization, job profile, skill sets, seniority, experience and prevailing remuneration levels for equivalent jobs.

ANNEXURE III**Form No. MR.3****Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended on March 31, 2026**

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members
Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited
Mumbai

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited (CIN: L65990MH1980PLC023334)** (hereinafter called the "Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year starting from 01.04.2025 ended on 31.03.2026 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2026 according to the provisions of:

- I. The Companies Act, 2013 (**the Act**) and the Rules made there-under;
- II. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (**'SCRA'**) and the Rules made there-under;
- III. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and bye-laws framed there-under;
- IV. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made there-under to the extent applicable;
- V. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (**'SEBI Act'**) to the extent applicable to the Company;
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

- c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 2025 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- VI. Other law applicable specifically to the Company, as detailed below;
- 1. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999
 - 2. Gujarat Electricity Regulatory Commission (Power Procurement from Renewable Sources) Regulations, 2005 (15 of 2005).

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following;

- (i) Secretarial Standards with respect to Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India
- (ii) The SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
- (iii) The listing agreement entered into by the Company with Stock Exchanges in India.

I report that, during the financial year under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, rules, regulations, guidelines as mentioned above. I further report that, there was no action/event in pursuance of;

- a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; and
- b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018;

I have relied on the representation made by the Company and its Officers for systems and mechanism formed by the Company and test verification on random basis carried out for compliances under other applicable Acts, Laws and Regulations to the Company.

The compliance by the Company of the applicable direct tax laws, indirect tax laws and other financial laws has not been reviewed in this Audit, since the same have been subject to review by the other designated professionals and being relied on the reports given by such designated professionals.

I further report that, based on the information provided and representation made by the Company and also on the review of compliance reports of the respective department/unit heads/Company Secretary/CFO/CEO taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company, in my opinion adequate system and process exists in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with the applicable general laws like labour laws, competition law and environmental laws.

I further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board and committee Meetings. Except where consent of Directors was received for scheduling meeting at a shorter notice, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the minutes of the meeting duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, majority decision carried through and recorded as part of the minutes.

I further report that,

During the Audit period there were no major decisions taken, specific events/ actions have occurred which has a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the verification of the relevant records and documents related to the Directors of the Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited ("the Company") as on March 31, 2026 with respect to the regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ["Listing Regulations"], I certify that none of the directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors by the Securities and Exchange Board of India /Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

For **NIDHI SHAH & ASSOCIATES**
[COMPANY SECRETARIES]

CS NIDHI SHAH
(PROPRIETOR)
ACS No: 45720
CP No : 16854
UDIN : A045720H001098948

Place: Pune
Dated: 13.08.2026

Note: This report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as "Annexure A" and forms and integral part of this report.

Annexure - "A"

To,
The Members
Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited
Mumbai

My Secretarial Audit Report of even date is to be read along with this letter;

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit;
2. I have followed the audit practices and the processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion;
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company;
4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulation and happening of events;
5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis;
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For NIDHI SHAH & ASSOCIATES
[COMPANY SECRETARIES]

CS NIDHI SHAH
(PROPRIETOR)
ACS No: 45720
CP No : 16854
UDIN : A045720H001098948

Place: Pune
Dated: 13.08.2026

ANNEXURE IV**DETAILS PERTAINING TO REMUNERATION AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5(1) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014**

- i) The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary during the financial year 2025-2026 and ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2025-2026 are as under:

Sr. No	Name of Director/KMP and Designation	Remuneration of Director/KMP for Financial Year 2025-26	% increase in Remuneration in the Financial Year 2025-26	Ratio of Remuneration of each Director/to median remuneration of employees
1	Yogesh M. Shah Managing Director	12,77,500	Not Applicable	3.00
2	Krupa H. Jain Executive Director	6,73,000	15.04	1.58
3	Bhavin S. Shah Non-Executive Director	Nil	Nil	Nil
4	Arvind M. Shah Non-Executive Director	Nil	Nil	Nil
5	Ashwin Z. Savla Non-Executive Director	Nil	Nil	Nil
6	Nilesh K. Shah Non-Executive Director	Nil	Nil	Nil
7	Jigar J. Shah Chief Financial Officer	Nil	Nil	Not Applicable
8	Nipa N. Thakker Company Secretary	3,00,000	Nil	0.70

- ii) The median remuneration of employees of the Company during the financial year 2024-25 was Rs. 4,25,750.
- iii) In the financial year, there was no increase in the median remuneration of employees.
- iv) There were 16 permanent employees on the rolls of Company as on 31st March, 2025.
- v) Average percentage increase made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the financial year 2024-25 was 26.27%, whereas the average percentage decrease in the managerial remuneration for the same financial year was 0.67%.
- vi) The key parameters for the variable component of remuneration availed by the directors are considered by the Board of Directors based on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee as per the Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees.
- vii) It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate Governance is an ongoing process that ensures that the Company displays the highest standards of professionalism, integrity, accountability, fairness, transparency, social responsiveness and business ethics in its dealings. Good Corporate Governance is a critical doctrine to the global economic system, enabling the business to not only effectively and efficiently achieve its corporate objectives but also develop a structure and methodology to sustain its survival in a globally competitive environment. Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance envisages the attainment of the highest levels of transparency, accountability and equity in all facets of its operations and in all interactions with its Shareholders, Depositors, Employees, Creditors, Debtors and Regulatory Authorities.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As per Regulation 17 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") the Board of Directors of the Company shall have an optimum combination of executive and non-executive directors with at least one woman director and not less than fifty percent of the Board of Directors comprising non-executive directors.

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited's Board comprises of Six Directors, of which two are Executive Directors, including one woman director, one is Non-Executive Non-Independent Director and three are Non-Executive Independent Directors.

BRIEF PROFILE OF DIRECTORS IS GIVEN BELOW:

- 1) Mr. Yogesh Shah (DIN: 00169189) (68 years), Managing Director and Chairman of the Company carries an immeasurable knowledge in the field of Accountancy & Taxation. He has shown the way from the front to make over Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited as one of the apex wind farm infrastructure developer in India.
- 2) Mrs. Krupa Jain (DIN: 09424726) (32 years), Executive Director, has completed Master of Commerce from Mumbai University and Post Graduate Diploma in Management. Since more than 8 years, she is associated with the Company. She is looking after finance and daily operations of the Company.
- 3) Mr. Bhavin S. Shah (DIN: 03129574) (45 years), Non-Executive Director, holds Master of Commerce degree from Mumbai University. He carries an enormous experience of more than 16 years in the field of production and procurement management. He also has a vast experience in the field of Operations.
- 4) Mr. Arvind Shah (DIN: 01645534) (68 years), Non-Executive Independent Director, holds a degree of B. Com and L.L.B (Gen) and also has a vast experience in the field of Income Tax and Sales Tax. His comprehensive knowledge in the field of indirect taxation will enable him to provide valuable guidance related to taxation and financial planning.
- 5) Mr. Ashwin Savla (DIN: 07164372) (61 years), Non-Executive Independent Director, is carrying business of textile manufacturing since past 31 years. His past experience of more than 3 decades will assist in making various business strategies for long term growth of the Company. He is associated with various social associations and involved in social activities.
- 6) Mr. Nilesh Shah (DIN: 10264927) (60 years), Non-Executive Independent Director, holds BSc degree from Mumbai University. He is carrying his own business of agency since past 30 years. He has rich experience in handling various kinds of businesses and also possesses good marketing skills.

Attendance of each Director at Board Meetings, last Annual General Meeting and Number of other directorships and chairmanships / memberships of Committees in other companies:

Name of the Director	No. of Board Meetings attended	Last AGM attended	No. of other Directorship(s) as on 31-03-2026	No. of Membership(s) / Chairmanship(s) of Board Committees in other Companies as on 31-03-2026	Names of the listed entities where the person is a director and the category of directorship
Mr. Yogesh M. Shah	4	Yes	1	Nil	Veerhealth Care Limited Non-Executive Director
Mrs. Krupa H. Jain	4	Yes	Nil	Nil	Nil
Mr. Bhavin S. Shah	4	Yes	1	Nil	Veerhealth Care Limited Managing Director
Mr. Arvind M. Shah	3	Yes	1	Nil	Panama Petrochem Limited Independent Director
Mr. Ashwin Z. Savla	1	No	Nil	Nil	Nil
Mr. Nilesh K. Shah	3	No	1	2 (Member)	Veerhealth Care Limited Independent Director

BOARD MEETINGS

Mr. Yogesh M. Shah, Managing Director of the Company, chairs the Board Meeting. During the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, four (4) Board Meetings were held i.e. on 30-05-2025, 12-08-2025, 12-11-2025 and 14-02-2026

- Mr. Yogesh M. Shah is father of Mrs. Krupa H. Jain. Other than this, no Director is relative of another Director.
- Non-Executive Directors are not holding any equity shares of the Company. The Company has not issued any convertible instruments.
- Details of familiarization programmes imparted to Independent Directors is disclosed under the Investor section on the website of the company at <https://veerenergy.net/investors/policies/>
In the opinion of the board, the independent directors fulfil the conditions specified in the Listing Regulations and are independent of the management.
- During the year, no independent director has tendered resignation.

SELECTION & TRAINING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

Considering the requirement of skill sets on the Board, eminent people having an independent standing in their respective field/profession and who can effectively contribute to the Company's business and policy decisions are considered by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, for appointment, as Independent Directors on the Board. The Committee, inter alia, considers qualification, positive attributes, area of expertise and number of Directorships and Memberships held in various committees of other companies by such persons in accordance with the Company's Policy for selection of Directors and determining Directors' independence. The Board considers the Committee's recommendation, and takes appropriate decision.

The Board members are provided with necessary documents, reports and internal policies to enable them to familiarise with the Company's procedures and practices. All Independent Directors are aware and further updated about their roles, rights and responsibilities in the Company. Each director of the Company has complete access to any information relating to the Company. Independent Directors have the freedom to interact with the Company's management. They are given all the documents sought by them for enabling a good understanding of the Company, its various operations and the industry segments of which it is a part. Further, they meet without the presence of the Company's Management Personnel to discuss matters pertaining to the Company's affairs and put forth their combined views to the Chairman and Managing Director.

EVALUATION OF THE BOARD'S PERFORMANCE

During the year, the Board adopted a formal mechanism for evaluating its performance as well as that of its Committees and individual Directors, including the Chairman of the Board. The exercise was carried out through a structured evaluation process covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as composition of the Board and its Committees, experience & competencies, performance of specific duties and obligations, governance issues, etc. The evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board and that of the Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors. The Directors were satisfied with the evaluation results, which reflected the overall engagement of the Board and its Committees with the Company.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises of three Directors namely Mr. Arvind M. Shah as Chairman and Mr. Bhavin S. Shah and Mr. Nilesh K. Shah as members.

The Committee's composition meets with requirements of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations. Members of the Audit Committee possess financial accounting expertise and exposure. The powers & role of Audit committee and review of information by the Audit Committee shall be same as prescribed in SEBI Listing Regulations.

Four (4) meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the year. The meetings were held on 30-05-2025, 12-08-2025, 12-11-2025 and 14-02-2026.

Attendance of members of the Audit Committee during the Financial Year 2025-2026 is as under:

MEMBER	NO. OF MEETINGS ATTENDED
Mr. Arvind M. Shah	4
Mr. Nilesh K. Shah	4
Mr. Bhavin S. Shah	4

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of three Directors namely Mr. Arvind M. Shah as Chairman and Mr. Bhavin S. Shah and Mr. Nilesh K. Shah as members.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee identifies persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and to recommend to the Board their appointment and/or removal. The Committee formulates the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director, and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.

One (1) meeting of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was held during the year. The meeting was held on 12/11/2025.

Attendance of members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee during the Financial Year 2025-2026 is as under:

MEMBER	NO. OF MEETINGS ATTENDED
Mr. Arvind M. Shah	1
Mr. Nilesh K. Shah	1
Mr. Bhavin S. Shah	1

REMUNERATION TO DIRECTORS

The Company's Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees is annexed as Annexure II to the Directors' Report. The remuneration policy is in consonance with the existing industry practice.

Mr. Yogesh M. Shah, Managing Director and Mrs. Krupa H. Jain were executive directors on the Board, rest were Non – Executive Directors. Salary drawn annually for the financial year 2025-2026 by Mr. Yogesh M. Shah and Mrs. Krupa H. Jain was Rs. 12,77,500 and Rs. 5,85,000 6,73,500 respectively. No performance linked incentives are being paid to Directors. The Company has not granted any stock option to any of its Executive Directors. The tenure of office of the Managing Director is for five years from the date of appointment and can be terminated by either party by giving three months notice in writing. There is no separate provision for payment of severance fees.

During the year, only conveyance/sitting fees were paid to Non-Executive Directors. There were no other pecuniary relationships or transactions of Non-Executive Directors vis-à-vis the Company. Criteria of making payments to non-executive directors is available on the website of the company under Investor section. The Company has not granted any stock option to any of its Non-Executive Directors.

The performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors are determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Evaluation factors includes participation and contribution by Independent Directors in the business of the company, conducts himself in a manner that is ethical and consistent with various laws and regulations, contribution in terms of effective deployment of knowledge and commitment.

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprises of three Directors namely Mr. Arvind M. Shah as Chairman and Mr. Bhavin S. Shah and Mr. Nilesh K. Shah as members.

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee is primarily responsible to review all matters connected with the Company's transfer of securities and redressal of shareholders' / investors' / security holders' complaints.

Mrs. Nipa Thakker, Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Stakeholder Relationship Committee and also as the Compliance Officer.

Details of investor complaints received and redressed during the financial year 2024-2025 is as under:

Opening Balance	Received during the year	Resolved during the year	Closing Balance
0	0	0	0

One (1) meeting of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee was held during the year. The meeting was held on 12/11/2025.

Attendance of members of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee during the Financial Year 2025-2026 is as under:

MEMBER	NO. OF MEETINGS ATTENDED
Mr. Arvind M. Shah	1
Mr. Nilesh K. Shah	1

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

The details of last three Annual General Meetings of the Company are as under:

MEETING	DATE AND TIME OF AGM	VENUE	SPECIAL RESOLUTION PASSED
43rd AGM	11-09-2023 at 10.30 AM	6, New Nandu Industrial Estate, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400093.	1) Appointment of Mr. Arvind Shah (DIN: 01645534) as an Independent Director of the Company. 2) Appointment of Mr. Ashwin Savla (DIN: 07164372) as an Independent Director of the Company. 3) Appointment of Mr. Nilesh Shah (DIN: 10264927) as an Independent Director of the Company.
44th AGM	30-09-2024 at 10.30 AM	6, New Nandu Industrial Estate, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400093.	Re-appointment of Mr. Yogesh Shah (DIN: 00169189) as Managing Director of the Company.
45th AGM	30.09.2026 at 10.30 AM	6, New Nandu Industrial Estate, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400093.	NA

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

Quarterly Results

The Board of Directors of the company approves and takes on record the Unaudited/Audited financial results as per the format prescribed by the Stock Exchange on quarterly basis. The results are submitted to BSE Limited where the shares of the Company are listed. The quarterly, half-yearly, and annual financial results of the Company are normally published in News Hub, Active Times, Aapla Mahanagar and Mumbai Lakshadeep. The results are also displayed on the Company's website at www.veerenergy.net. Financial Results, Statutory Notices, Press Releases, and Presentations made to institutional investors/analysts are submitted to BSE Limited as well as uploaded on the Company's website at www.veerenergy.net.

Website

The Company's website www.veerenergy.net contains a separate dedicated section 'Investors' where shareholders information is available. The Company's Annual Report is also available in a user-friendly and downloadable form.

SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES)

The investor complaints are processed in a centralised web-based complaints redress system. The salient features of this system are Centralised database of all complaints, online upload of Action Taken Reports (ATRs) and online viewing by investors of actions taken on the complaint and its current status.

Annual Return

The Annual Return of the Company is available on the website at <https://veerenergy.net/investors/annual-return>.

GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION

Company Registration Details

The Company is registered in the State of Maharashtra, India. The Corporate Identification Number (CIN) allotted to the Company by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) is L65990MH1980PLC023334.

Annual General Meeting

Day, Date & Time	Wednesday, 23 rd September, 2026 at 12.00 P.M.
Venue	Video Conferencing/ Audio Visual Means

Financial Year

1st April, 2025 to 31st March, 2026

Dividend payment date

Not applicable

Date of Book Closure

Thursday, 17th September, 2026 to Wednesday, 23rd September, 2026 (both days inclusive).

Listing on Stock Exchange

BSE Limited (BSE) Scrip Code: 503657; ISIN: INE255E01030
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400001.
Tel No.: 022-2272 1233; Fax: 022-2272 1919;
Email: corp.comm@bseindia.com; Website: www.bseindia.com.

Payment of Listing Fees

The Company has paid Listing Fees for the year 2026-27 to BSE within due date.

Payment of Depository Fees

The Company has paid Annual Custodial Fees for the year 2026-27 to NSDL and CDSL within due date.

Registrars and Transfer Agents

MUFG Intime India Private Limited
C 101, 247 Park, LBS Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai – 400083.
Tel No.: 022-4918 6000; Fax: 022-49186060;
Email: rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com; Website: www.in.mpms.mufg.com.

Shareholders are requested to address their correspondence relating to Share Transfer, Transmission, Demat, Remat, Change of Address, Change of Bank Mandate etc. to the above address only.

DEMATERIALIZATION OF SHARES

Over 99.99% of the Company's paid-up equity share capital has been dematerialized upto 31st March, 2026. Trading in Equity Shares of the Company is permitted only in dematerialization form.

Mode of Holding

NSDL	CDSL	PHYSICAL	TOTAL
4296172	10666591	172	14962935

National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL)

301, 3rd Floor, Naman Chambers, G Block, Plot No. C-32, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East, Mumbai – 400051.

Tel No.: 022-6944 8400; Email: info@nsdl.com; Website: www.nsdl.co.in.

Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL)

Marathon Futurex, Unit No. 2501, 25th Floor, A-Wing, Mafatlal Mills Compound, N. M. Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (E), Mumbai - 400013.

Tel No.: 022-6234 3333; Email: helpdesk@cdslindia.com; Website: www.cdslindia.com.

PLANT LOCATIONS

Chandrodi Sub Station	Off Radhanpur Highway SF No. 129 Village: Chandrodi, Taluka: Bhachau Dist: Kutch, Pin Code: 370 145.
Mota Gunda Sub Station	SF No. 176, Village: Mota Gunda, Taluka: Bhanvad, Dist: Devbhoomi Dwarka, Pin Code: 361 210.
Venjalpur Sub Station	SF No. 28 & 29 /4, Village: Venjalpur, Taluka: Khambaliya, Dist: Devbhoomi Dwarka, Pin Code: 361 305.
Kundhada Sub Station	SF No. 97 / 2, Village: Kundhada, Taluka: Talaja, Dist: Bhavnagar, Pin Code: 364 145.
Ludarwa Sub Station	Khardero Ki Dhani, Tawariya & Kahala Tehsil, Dist: Jaisalmer, Pin Code: 345 001.

ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCERegistered Office:

629-A, Gazdar House, 1st Floor, Near Kalbadevi Post Office, J.S.S. Marg, Mumbai – 400002.

Tel: 022-22072641/42/43; Email: info@veerenergy.net; Website: www.veerenergy.net.

SHAREHOLDING PATTERN

Shareholding pattern of the Company as on 31st March, 2026 is as under:

CATEGORY	PHYSICAL		ELECTRONIC		TOTAL	
	No. of share	%	No. of share	%	No. of share	%
A. Promoters' Holding						
- Indian Promoters	Nil		3852106		3852106	
- NRI Promoters	0.00		25.74		25.74	
- Bodies Corporate	Nil		Nil		Nil	
	0.00		0.00		0.00	
	Nil		Nil		Nil	
	0.00		0.00		0.00	
B. Non-Promoters Holding						
- Institutions	Nil		1950		1950	
- Non Institutions	0.00		0.01		0.01	
- Banks, FIs	172		11108707		11108879	
	0.00		74.24		74.24	
	Nil		Nil		Nil	

	0.00	0.00	0.00
GRAND TOTAL	172 0.00	149622763 100.00	14962935 100.00

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING (AS ON 31st MARCH, 2025)

SHARE OF NOMINAL VALUE	NO. OF HOLDERS	% OF HOLDERS	TOTAL AMOUNT	% OF AMOUNT
UPTO 5000	22721	98.7354	17567070	11.7404
5001 TO 10000	171	0.7431	11605970	7.7565
10001 TO 20000	74	0.3216	11901430	7.9539
20001 TO 30000	18	0.0782	7929490	5.2994
30001 TO 40000	2	0.0087	4021270	2.6875
40001 TO 50000	4	0.0174	4141840	2.7681
50001 TO 100000	12	0.0521	12057350	8.0581
100001 AND ABOVE	10	0.0435	80404930	53.7361
TOTAL	23012	100.00	149629350	100.00

STOCK MARKET PRICE DATA

MONTH	HIGH	LOW
April 2025	19.60	14.99
May 2025	21.40	15.71
June 2025	20.84	16.51
July 2025	20.75	16.65
August 2025	19.55	15.20
September 2025	17.10	15.30
October 2025	18.75	15.22
November 2025	16.50	14.51
December 2025	15.30	12.41
January 2026	14.00	12.00
February 2026	14.00	11.75
March 2026	12.75	9.25

DISCLOSURES

No materially significant related party transaction took place during the year ended 31st March, 2026 that had potential conflict with the interests of the Company. Attention of members is drawn to the disclosure of transactions with related parties set out at Note No. 36 of Standalone Financial Statements, forming part of the Annual Report. All related party transactions were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis and are intended to further the Company's interests.

There was no instance of non-compliance of any matter relating to the Capital Market and no penalties were imposed on the company by any other statutory authority on any matter relating to capital markets during the last three years.

WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company promotes ethical behaviour in all its business activities and has put in place a mechanism for reporting illegal or unethical behaviour. The Company has a Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower

Policy under which the employees are free to report violations of applicable laws and regulations and the Code of Conduct. The reportable matters may be disclosed to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. During the year under review, no personnel was denied access to the Audit Committee.

All mandatory requirements have been complied with and the non-mandatory requirements will be implemented as and when deemed necessary by the Board.

Policy on determining 'material' subsidiaries is disclosed on website of the company at https://veerenergy.net/wp-content/uploads/2025/04/Veer-Energy_Policy-for-determining-Material-Subsidiary.pdf. As of date, Company does not have any material subsidiary.

The policy on dealing with related party transactions is disclosed on the website of the company at https://veerenergy.net/wp-content/uploads/2025/04/Veer-Energy_Related-Party-Policy.pdf.

A Certificate from M/s. Nidhi Shah & Associates, Company Secretary in Practice have been received, stating that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

Total fees for all services paid by the listed entity to the statutory auditor is Rs. 2.30 Lakhs.

Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 is as under:

- a. number of complaints filed during the financial year: Nil
- b. number of complaints disposed of during the financial year: Nil
- c. number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year: Nil

The company has not provided loans and advances in the nature of Loan to firms/companies in which directors are interested.

Disclosure on the discretionary requirement as specified in Part E of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;

- Modified opinion(s) in audit report: The auditor's report on the financial statements of the Company is unmodified.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Company has adequate internal controls in place considering the complexity, size and nature of operations of the Company.

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE OF AUDITOR

Certificate from the Company's Auditor, M/s. Jayesh R. Shah & Co., confirming compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance is published in this Report.

MD / CFO CERTIFICATION

The Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company give annual certification on financial reporting and internal controls to the Board. The annual certificate given by the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer is published in this Report.

CODE OF CONDUCT DECLARATION

All board Members and senior management personnel have affirmed their compliance with the Code of Conduct for the year ended 31st March, 2026. The Model Code of Conduct is available on the website of the Company www.veerenergy.net. The declaration from the Managing Director to this effect forms part of this report.

**By Order of the Board of Directors
For Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: 13th August, 2026**

**Sd/-
Yogesh M. Shah
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00169189**

**Sd/-
Bhavin S. Shah
Director
DIN: 03129574**

DECLARATION REGARDING AFFIRMATION OF CODE OF CONDUCT

It is hereby confirmed that all the Members of Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed adherence to and compliance with the Code of Conduct laid down by the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2026.

**By Order of the Board of Directors
For Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited**

Place: Mumbai
Date: 13th August, 2026

Sd/-
Yogesh M. Shah
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00169189

MD AND CFO CERTIFICATION

To,
The Board of Directors
Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited

Dear Members of the Board,

We, Mr. Yogesh M. Shah, Managing Director and Mr. Jigar J. Shah, Chief Financial Officer of Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited, to the best of our knowledge and belief, certify that:

1. We have reviewed the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement of the Company and all the notes on accounts and the Board's report.
2. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report.
3. The financial statements and other financial information included in this report, present in all material respects a true and fair view of the Company's affairs, the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as at, and for, the periods presented in this report, and are in compliance with the existing accounting standards and / or applicable laws and regulations.
4. There are no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative the Company's Code of Conduct.
5. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of Company's internal control systems pertaining to financial reporting. We have not come across any reportable deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls.
6. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:
 - i) that there are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - ii) that there are no significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - iii) that there are no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware.

Place: Mumbai
Date: 13th August, 2026

Sd/-
Yogesh M. Shah
Chairman & Managing Director

Sd/-
Jigar J. Shah
Chief Financial Officer

AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To,
The Members
Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited (the Company), for the year ended on March 31, 2026, as stipulated in SEBI Listing Regulations 2015 of the Company with the stock exchanges.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above referred Listing Regulation.

We have been explained that no investor grievances are pending for a period exceeding one month against the Company as per the records maintained by the Company.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**For Jayesh R. Shah & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn. No. 104182W**

**Jayesh Shah
Proprietor
Place: Mumbai
Membership No. 033864
Date: 30th May, 2026
UDIN: 26605915FYPVUR4769**

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34 (3) and schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

**To,
The Members,
Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited
Mumbai**

Sub: Certificate under Regulation 34 and Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

According to the information and explanations given to me and based on the verification of the relevant records and documents related to the Directors of the Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited (“the Company”) as on March 31, 2026 with respect to the regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations), I certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors by the Securities and Exchange Board of India/ Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

**For NIDHI SHAH & ASSOCIATES
[COMPANY SECRETARIES]**

S/d

**CS NIDHI SHAH
(PROPRIETOR)
ACS No: 45720
CP No : 16854
UDIN : A045720H001229749**

**Place: Pune
Dated: 26.08.2026**

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Industry Structure and Developments

The global wind energy sector has experienced rapid growth in recent decades, with a significant increase in installed capacity. Onshore wind power currently dominates the industry, with a large number of installations worldwide. The wind energy market is experiencing globalization and consolidation, with new markets emerging outside established regions. Wind energy is one of the largest sources of renewable energy.

Continuous innovation in turbine design, materials, and manufacturing processes is driving down costs and improving efficiency. During recent years, the amount of energy produced by wind-driven turbines has increased rapidly due to considerable advancement in turbine technologies, making wind power economically compatible with conventional sources of energy. The use of wind power in India has been gaining importance with rapid installation in the last few years. India has the fourth largest installed wind power capacity in the world.

Outlook

The wind power industry is projected to experience substantial growth, with a predicted increase in new capacity additions over the next decade. India has set ambitious targets for renewable energy capacity, including a significant expansion of wind energy. The wind energy sector is expected to create numerous jobs in manufacturing, installation, operation, and maintenance. The future outlook for wind energy is highly positive, with significant growth expected in both global and Indian markets. Advancements in technology, supportive government policies, and the increasing need for renewable energy sources are driving this expansion.

SWOT ANALYSIS**Strengths**

- Proven and reliable renewable energy technology.
- Clean and environment-friendly source of power.
- Zero fuel cost and relatively low operating inputs.
- Shorter gestation period and scalable project structure.
- Government support through MNRE and State Nodal Agencies.
- Increasing cost competitiveness of wind energy.

Weaknesses

- Dependence on suitable locations and wind availability.
- Variability in wind speed affects power generation.
- Grid and transmission infrastructure constraints.
- Operational and maintenance-related challenges.
- Dependence on regulatory and policy frameworks.
-

Opportunities

- Growing demand for clean and renewable energy.
- Government initiatives supporting renewable energy expansion.
- Technological advancements improving turbine efficiency.
- Growth of energy storage and hybrid renewable solutions.
- Emerging opportunities in offshore wind energy.

Threats

- Competition from conventional and other renewable energy sources.
- Rapid technological changes and potential obsolescence.
- Changes in government policies and regulations.
- Environmental, land and local community concerns.
- Grid connectivity and infrastructure-related delays.

RISKS

The Company broadly classifies risks into External and Internal Risks. External risks include market, regulatory, economic and industry-related factors, while internal risks primarily relate to operational, financial and compliance matters.

The Company periodically identifies, evaluates and monitors key risks and adopts appropriate mitigation measures. The Board and management regularly review such risks to minimise their impact and support sustainable business growth.

Internal control systems and their adequacy

Our governance and compliance processes, which include the review of internal control over financial reporting ensure that all the assets of the Company are safeguarded and protected against any loss and that all the transactions are properly authorized, recorded and reported. It also conducts regular internal audits to test compliance with the statutory requirements. Audits are led by professional audit managers and supported by experienced personnel drawn from across the organization. Audit results are used by management to create detailed action plans where the businesses have not yet achieved full compliance with the requirements. Key findings are reported to senior management and summary reports are considered by the Audit Committee of the Board. The nature of the industries in which the company operates means that many of its activities are highly regulated by health, safety and environmental norms while maintaining operational integrity.

Financial Performance

Veer Energy has been a consistent value creator for all its stakeholders. Details regarding financial performance is published in the Annual Report.

Human Resources

The positive and motivating work environment of the company advances innovation, encourages growth and inculcates a positive spirit among the workforce. Employees are nurtured within the company, which increases their potential and growth in various matters. Working in the company has always made it an enriching experience for the multi-generational, diversified and mobile workforce.

Ratios

Details regarding key financial ratios are disclosed at note no. 44 to the financial statement.

Cautionary Statement

The statements made above may be construed as forward looking statements within the meaning of the applicable laws and regulations. Actual performance of the Company may vary substantially depending upon the business structure and model from time to time.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of
Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited
Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

1. Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2026, and the statement of Profit and Loss, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, and profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

2. Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

3. Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

a. Valuation and Impairment of Equity Investments

The Company holds investments in both quoted and unquoted equity instruments. Due to macroeconomic factors impacting the Indian stock market, the Company has incurred significant unrealized losses. These investments are measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI).

The historical cost of these investments was ₹4.52 crores. As of March 31, 2026, their fair value declined to ₹3.09 crores, resulting in an unrealized loss of ₹1.43 crores recognized in other comprehensive income.

The portfolio includes both listed (quoted) and unlisted (unquoted) equity shares. The fair value of the unquoted shares was determined based on observable market data and transaction prices executed in March 2026.

4. Emphasis of Matter

a. Inventory

We would like to draw attention to Note 8, wherein the Company's inventory includes Power Evacuation Facilities carried since 2015 at ₹5.88 crores, against which an impairment provision of ₹1.75 crores has been recognized and carrying value as on Mar31 is Rs 4.51crs. The company has informed us that there was sales MOU executed in year 2017 however the transaction collapsed because the necessary height clearances from the Ministry of Defence (MOD) aviation authorities for Wind Turbine Generator (WTG) installation were later on revoked, making the infrastructure non-viable for the buyer. Management has further represented that it now intends to utilize the said facilities for solar power projects and, based on its assessment, believes that the infrastructure can realize a value commensurate with its current carrying amount. Accordingly, the carrying value has been reassessed considering the proposed alternate use.

Similarly, land acquired for the wind farm project, having a carrying value of ₹4.75 crores and held since 2015, has been written down to ₹4.51 crores based on the same assessment and underlying assumptions.

The realizability of the carrying values of the Power Evacuation Facilities and the wind farm land is dependent upon the Company's ability to successfully identify and execute suitable solar power projects or otherwise realize value through sale of the assets. In the event that the Company is unable to secure such opportunities, the recoverable value of these assets may be significantly lower than their current carrying amounts, which could result in material losses in future periods. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

b. Contingent Liabilities.

We draw attention to Note 30 to the financial statements regarding the Income Tax demand of ₹6.92 crore for Assessment Year 2018-19 and Goods and Services Tax demand of ₹28.80 lakh for AY 2018-19. As described in the said note, the Company has filed a rectification application in respect of the Income Tax demand and intends to pursue appropriate appellate remedies against both the Income Tax and GST demands. The ultimate outcome of these matters is presently uncertain and dependent upon the decisions of the relevant authorities. No provision has been recognized in the financial statements in respect of these matters.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

5. Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

6. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- c. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- d. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

7. Other Matter

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and auditor's report thereon. The Company's annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read the company's annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take necessary actions, as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

8. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

Audit Trail (Edit Log)

Based on our examination, the company, has used tally accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility. Further, the audit trail facility has been operating throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

9. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial control over financial reporting.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, remuneration paid to the directors is in accordance with the rules

(h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- a) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 30 to the financial statements;
- b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- d) The company has not declared any dividend during the year and thus compliance with Section 123 of the Act, is not applicable.
- e) (i) The respective Managements of the Company which are companies incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to accounts, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(ii) The respective Managements of the Company have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or any of such entity shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(iii) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us on the Company incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our notice that

has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

For Jayesh R Shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 104182W

Kruti Doshi

Partner

Membership No.605915

Place: Mumbai

Date: 30.05.2026

UDIN: 26605915BGJXHP2146

Annexure-A to the Independent Auditors Report.

Referred to in paragraph 9(f) of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI)". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

1. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial control, both applicable to an audit of internal financial control and both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
2. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
3. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company - commensurate with the size of the company and nature of its business considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Jayesh R Shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.104182W

Kruti Doshi**Partner**

Membership No.605915

Place: Mumbai**Date: 30.05.2026**

UDIN: 26605915BGJXHP2146

Annexure-B to the Independent Auditors Report.

Referred to in paragraph (8) of the Independent Auditors Report of even date to the members of Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(i) In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

(a) (A) We have verified the records of the Company, in our opinion, the Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.

(B) The Company does not have any intangible assets hence no records require.

(b) The management explained that Property, plant and equipments are physically verified by the management once in a year, In our opinion considering the size of the company it is justifiable. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verifications.

(c) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we are of the opinion that the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee and self constructed properties) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company;

(d) As per the information furnished and verification of the records the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year;

(e) As per the information provided by the management and from verification of the records, in our opinion, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made there under, if so, whether the company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements;

(ii) (a) As per information furnished, the physical verification of inventory is conducted once in a year by the management, in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate; The NRV has been considered and impairments are charged accordingly;

(b) According to information and from verification of the records the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets;

(iii) (a) The Company has made investments in companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships, and granted unsecured loans to other parties, during the year, in respect of which;

(A) the aggregate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loans or advances and guarantees or security to subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates is Rs. NIL;

(B) the aggregate amount granted during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loans or advances and guarantees or security to parties other than subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates Rs. 1038.43 lakhs & Rs. 3220.33 lakhs respectively; The Company has made investments in the shares of listed companies of Rs. 167.88 lakhs and in shares of unlisted company is Rs. 45.71 Lakhs during the year. The total value of investments at the end of the year in listed companies is Rs. 257.74 lakhs and in unlisted companies is Rs. 50.96 lakhs.

(b) As per the information and explanation provided, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans are not prejudicial to the company's interest; subject to interest on certain loans which has been written off during the year.

(c) As per the verifications, all loans granted are repayable on demand and payment of interest and repayment is regular except interest to the extent of Rs 4.77 Lakh has been written off during the year.

(d) As all loans are repayable on demand, there are no overdue loans;

(e) We have verified the records and are of the opinion that the company has not granted any new loans during the year to settle the old loans;

(f) We have verified the records of the company and of the opinion that the Company has granted Rs. 1038.43 lakhs of loans during the year. All loans are granted to other parties unrelated to company and repayable on demand. None of the loans are granted to promoters, related parties as defined in clause (76) of Section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013.

(iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and from verification of the records, the Company has not granted any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees, and security, to the companies covered under section 185. Further the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013;

(v) From verification of the records, in our opinion, the Company has not accepted any deposits during the year from the public within the meaning of the provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Companies act, 2013 and rules framed there under;

(vi) As per the information provided and from verification of the records, we are of the opinion that company does not cover under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and hence reporting under this clause is not require;

(vii) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. and if not, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, shall be indicated;

(b) According to the information and explanation provided to us and the records of the Company verified by us, the outstanding dues of GST, Sales Tax, VAT, Income tax and excise duty which have not been deposited on account of dispute with the appropriate authorities are as below.

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Amt (Rs in Lakhs)	Period to which the Amount relates	Forum where dispute ending is
Finance Act 1994	GST and interest	25.92	FY 17-18	GSTAT

Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax and Interest	692.10	FY 17-18	Rectification u/s 154 and Appeal
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- (viii) According to information and explanation given to us by the management and from the verification of the records, in our opinion, there are no transactions, not recorded in the books of accounts which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961);
- (ix) (a) Based on our audit procedures and the information and explanation given by the management, we are of the opinion that the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender; There are no loans taken by company.
- (b) As per the information, we are of the opinion that the company is not a declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;
- (c) As per the information and verification of records, in our opinion the Company has not availed any term loans during the year;
- (d) In our opinion, the funds raised on short term basis have not been utilised for long term purposes;
- (e) From verification of the records, in our opinion the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures;
- (f) From verification of the records, in our opinion, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies;
- (x) (a) From verification of the records, in our opinion, the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year;
- (b) From verification of the records, in our opinion the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year;
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice and according to information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instances of material fraud by the or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year;
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;
- (c) As per the information and explanation furnished, there are no whistle-blower complaints received during the year by the company;

- (xii) (a) As the Company is not a Nidhi company sub clause a, b and c of clause xii of the order are not applicable to the Company;
- (xiii) As per the information and explanation provided by the company and from the verification of the records, in our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed properly in the Ind AS financial statements as required under Ind AS 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014;
- (xiv) (a) As per the explanation and information provided, in our opinion, the company has an internal audit system commensurate with its size and nature of its business;
- (b) We have verified and considered the report of internal auditors for the period under audit;
- (xv) The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him accordingly the provisions of section 192 of Companies Act are not applicable to the company;
- (xvi) (a) We have been informed by the management and from the verification of the books of accounts, in our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934);
- (b) On verification of the books of accounts, we are of the opinion that the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;
- (c) On verification of the books of accounts, we are of the opinion that the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India;
- (d) In our opinion, company does not have any CIC as part of the group;
- (xvii) From verification of the books and records, in our opinion, the company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year;
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year;
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report, and that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date; We however state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company, We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) (a) From the verification of the books of accounts, we are of the opinion that according to the criteria laid down in section 135(6) (CSR) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not covered under any of the criteria hence clause xx of the order is not applicable to the Company.

- (xxi) The Company do not have any subsidiary or holding company hence reporting under this clause is not applicable

For Jayesh R Shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.104182W

Kruti Doshi

Partner

Membership No.605915

Place: Mumbai

Date: 30.05.2026

UDIN: 26605915BGJXHP2146

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026

Amt in INR				
Sr. No	Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
I	ASSETS			
1	Non-Current Assets			
	(a) Property, plant and equipment and Intangible Assets			
	(i) Property, Plant and Equipment	3	46,188,708	50,782,782
	(b) Financial assets			
	(i) Investments	4	30,869,407	23,847,214
	(ii) Trade receivables	9	3,784,112	3,531,253
	(iii) Loans and Advances	5	78,800,000	69,800,000
	(iv) Other financial assets		-	-
	(c) Deferred tax assets (net)	6	-	-
	(d) Other non-current assets	7	44,538,940	44,111,948
	Total Non-Current Assets		204,181,167	192,073,198
2	Current Assets			
	(a) Inventories	8	150,995,596	182,293,457
	(b) Financial assets			
	(i) Trade receivables	9	9,228,730	28,628,195
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	10,133,449	1,590,922
	(iv) Loans	12	322,033,700	308,447,755
	(v) Other financial assets	13	-	-
	(c) Other current assets	14	8,697,981	10,525,620
	Total Current Assets		501,089,456	531,485,949
	TOTAL ASSETS		705,270,623	723,559,146
II	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1	Equity			
	(a) Equity share capital	15	149,629,350	149,629,350
	(b) Other equity		480,048,398	492,431,250
	Total Equity		629,677,748	642,060,600
2	Liabilities			
	Non-Current Liabilities			
	(a) Provisions	17	1,369,993	362,420
	(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	18	7,158,818	8,302,340
	(c) Trade Payables	19	-	-
	Total Non-Current Liabilities		8,528,811	8,664,760
3	Current Liabilities			
	(a) Financial liabilities			
	(i) Trade payables		-	-
	(a) Dues of small enterprises and micro enterprises	19	-	-
	(b) Dues of creditors other than small enterprises and micro enterprises	19	26,128,865	33,109,364
	(ii) Other financial liabilities	20	-	-
	(b) Other current liabilities	21	38,974,541	36,993,896
	(c) Provisions	22	1,960,657	2,730,526
	Total Current Liabilities		67,064,064	72,833,786
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		705,270,623	723,559,146
	NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	1-43		
As per our report of even date attached			For and on behalf of the board	
For Jayesh R Shah & Co.			Yogesh Shah	Bhavin Shah
Chartered Accountants			Managing Director	Director
Firm Registration Number: 104182W			DIN: 00169189	DIN: 03129574
Kruti H Doshi			Jigar Shah	Nipa Thakker
Partner			Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
Membership Number: 605915				
Place: Mumbai			Place: Mumbai	
Date: 30/05/2026			Date: 30/05/2026	

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited				
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2026				
Amt in INR				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31,	Year ended March 31, 2025
1	Revenue from operations	23	45,486,595	103,223,632
2	Other Income	24	35,748,946	33,415,181
	TOTAL INCOME (I)		81,235,541	136,638,813
3	Expenses			
	(a) Purchases		18,109,965	72,540,324
	(b) Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-pro	25	31,297,861	26,833,564
	(c) Employee benefit expenses	26	8,049,280	4,039,067
	(d) Finance costs	27	5,611	25,019
	(e) Depreciation expenses	3	6,998,334	6,987,278
	(f) Other expenses	28	14,250,373	23,722,032
	TOTAL EXPENSES (II)		78,711,423	134,147,284
4	(I - II)		2,524,118	2,491,529
5	Less: Exceptional Items		0	0
6	Profit / (loss) before tax (4 - 5)		2,524,118	2,491,529
7	Tax Expense			
	(a) Current tax		1,714,185	1,722,952
	(b) MAT Credit Entitlement		-	-
	(c) Earlier year tax		-	-
	(d) Deferred tax		(1,143,522)	(1,075,555)
	Total tax expense		570,663	647,397
8	Profit for the year (6 - 7)		1,953,455	1,844,132
9	Other comprehensive income (OCI)			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		0	0
	Deferred Tax on OCI		-	-
	Total comprehensive income		0	0
10	Total comprehensive income for the year (8 + 9)		1,953,455	1,844,132
11	Earnings per equity share (Rs.)	29		
	- Basic		0.13	0.12
	- Diluted		0.13	0.12
	Weighted average number of equity shares		14,962,935	14,962,935
12	NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1-43			
As per our report of even date attached		For and on behalf of the board		
For Jayesh R Shah & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 104182W		Yogesh Shah Managing Director DIN: 00169189		
Kruti H Doshi Partner Membership Number: 605915		Bhavin Shah Director DIN: 03129574		
Kruti H Doshi Partner Membership Number: 605915		Jigar Shah Chief Financial Officer		
Nipa Thakker Company Secretary				
Place: Mumbai		Place: Mumbai		
Date: 30/05/2026		Date: 30/05/2026		

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2026

Particulars	Amt in INR	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
(A) CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit / (loss) for the year	1,953,455	1,844,132
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	6,998,334	6,987,278
Interest and finance charges	5,611	25,019
Other Comprehensive Income	(14,336,306)	-
Loss on sale of fixed asset	-	-
Other adjustments	-	69,227
Gain on sale of Investment	-	-
Provision for Tax	1,714,185	1,722,952
Deferred Tax	(1,143,522)	(1,075,555)
Interest income	(35,748,946)	(33,415,181)
Operating profit before working capital changes	(40,557,189)	(23,842,129)
Adjustments for changes in working capital:		
(Increase)/Decrease in financial assets	-	-
(Increase)/decrease in other bank balance	-	-
(Increase)/decrease in other Current assets	1,400,647	4,552,678
(Increase)/ Decrease in inventories	31,297,861	26,833,564
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	19,146,606	5,420,733
(Increase)/decrease in loans	(22,585,945)	(88,067,827)
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	237,704	120,023
Increase /(decrease) in trade payables	(6,980,499)	8,116,257
Increase /(decrease) in other financial liabilities	-	-
Increase /(decrease) in other current liabilities	1,980,645	15,412,992
Increase/(decrease) in Income Tax Liabilities (Net)	-	7,324,266
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	(16,060,170)	(44,129,442)
Income taxes paid (net of refund)	(1,714,185)	(1,722,952)
Net cash flow from /(used in) operating activities	(17,774,355)	(45,852,394)
(B) CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Sale for purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	-
Purchase for purchase of property, plant and equipment	(2,404,260)	(172,500)
Purchase of Investments	(7,022,192)	(21,515,039)
Sale of Investments	-	-
Loss on sale of fixed asset	-	-
Interest received	35,748,946	33,415,181
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities	26,322,493	11,727,642
(C) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Decrease in other financial liabilities	-	-
Proceeds/(repayment) from short term borrowings (net)	-	-
Additions in share capital	-	-
Net increase in other equity	-	-
Interest and finance charges paid	(5,611)	(25,019)
Net cash flow from financing activities	(5,611)	(25,019)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	8,542,528	(34,149,771)
Property, plant and equipment are stated at original cost net of tax /		
Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the year	1,590,922	35,740,692
Cash and bank balances at the end of the year	10,133,449	1,590,922
(D) NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (1 to 44)		
As per our report of even date attached	For and on behalf of the board	
For Jayesh R Shah & Co.		
Chartered Accountants	Yogesh Shah	Bhavin Shah
Firm Registration Number: 104182W	Managing Director	Director
	DIN: 00169189	DIN: 03129574
Kruti H Doshi	Jigar Shah	Nipa Thakker
Partner	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
Membership Number: 605915		
Place: Mumbai	Place: Mumbai	
Date: 30/05/2026	Date: 30/05/2026	

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY														
Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited														
Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended March 31, 2026														
(A) Equity Share Capital														Amt in INR
	Balance as at April 1, 2025	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 1, 2025	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2026									
	149,629,350	-	149,629,350	-	149,629,350									
	Balance as at April 1, 2024	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 1, 2024	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2025									
	149,629,350	-	149,629,350	-	149,629,350									
(B) Other Equity														
	Share application money pending allotment	Equity component of compound financial instruments	Reserves and Surplus				Debt instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Revaluation Surplus	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	Other Items of Other Comprehensive Income (specify nature)	Money received against share warrants	Total
			Capital Reserve	Securities Premium Reserve	Other Reserves (General Reserve)	Retained Earnings								
Balance as at April 1, 2025	-	-	-	221,352,023	10,000,000	257,749,156	-	-	-	-	-	3,330,071	-	492,431,250
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	-	-	-	221,352,023	10,000,000	257,749,156	-	-	-	-	-	3,330,071	-	492,431,250
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-14,336,306	-	-14,336,306
Bonus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings (Profit of Current Year)	-	-	-	-	-	1,953,455	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,953,455
Any other change (Adj. of MAT entitlement)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	-	-	-	221,352,023	10,000,000	259,702,610	-	-	-	-	-	-11,006,235	-	480,048,398
	Share application money pending allotment	Equity component of compound financial instruments	Reserves and Surplus				Debt instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Revaluation Surplus	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	Other Items of Other Comprehensive Income (specify nature)	Money received against share warrants	Total
			Capital Reserve	Securities Premium Reserve	Other Reserves (General Reserve)	Retained Earnings								
Balance as at April 1, 2024	-	-	-	221,352,023	10,000,000	255,905,024	-	-	-	-	-	3,260,844	-	490,517,891
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	-	-	-	221,352,023	10,000,000	255,905,024	-	-	-	-	-	3,260,844	-	490,517,891
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,227	-	69,227
Bonus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings (Profit of Current Year)	-	-	-	-	-	1,844,132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,844,132
Any other change (Adj. of MAT entitlement)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	-	-	-	221,352,023	10,000,000	257,749,156	-	-	-	-	-	3,330,071	-	492,431,250

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited	
Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026	
1. Corporate Information:	
Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. It is engaged in the business of implementation and operation of large-scale projects in the renewable energy sector. It is also one of the India's leading renewable energy Company with the expertise to provide services, across the India, to develop, construct and operate projects that contribute to goal of a low carbon and sustainable future. The Company's equity share is listed on BSE Limited.	
The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026 are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 30th May, 2026. The Company's shareholders have the power to adopt the financial statements in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, but they do not have the power to amend the financial statements after they have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors.	
2. Significant Accounting Policies:	
2.1 Basis of Preparation	
(I) Compliance with IND AS:	
These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements.	
(I) Historical cost convention:	
The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except certain financial assets and liabilities, defined benefits plans, contingent consideration and Assets held for sale, which have been measured at fair value.	
(II) Current and non-current classification:	
All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purposes of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities.	
The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.	
An asset is treated as current when it is:	
a. Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle	
b. Held primarily for the purpose of trading	
c. Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or	
d. Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.	
All other assets are classified as non-current.	
A liability is current when:	
a. It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle	
b. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading	
c. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or	
d. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period	
All other liabilities are classified as non-current.	
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.	
(IV) Rounding of Amounts:	
All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.	

2.2 Use of Estimates and Judgements:

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment in applying the accounting policies. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different from those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the group and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

2.3 Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are stated at original cost net of tax / duty credit availed, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Costs include financing costs of borrowed funds attributable to acquisition or construction of fixed assets, up to the date the assets are put-to-use, along with effects of foreign exchange contracts. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company derecognizes the replaced part, and recognizes the new part with its own associated useful life and it is depreciated accordingly. Where components of an asset are significant in value in relation to the total value of the asset as a whole, and they have substantially different economic lives as compared to principal item of the asset, they are recognized separately as independent items and are depreciated over their estimated economic useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as incurred unless they meet the recognition criteria for capitalization under Property, Plant and Equipment.

Tangible Fixed Assets:

Depreciation is charged as per straight line method on the basis of the expected useful life as specified in Schedule II to the Act. A residual value of 5% (as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act) of the cost of the assets is used for the purpose of calculating the depreciation charge. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. However, management reviews the residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment at each reporting period end and any revision to these is recognized prospectively in current and future periods, if any.

The estimated useful lives used for computation of depreciation are as follows

Building 60 years
 Plant and Equipment 15 years
 Specialized Plant and Machineries 20 years
 Furniture&Fixtures 10 years
 Electrical Equipment 10 years
 Computers 3 years
 Vehicles 8 years
 Office Equipments 5 years

Capital Work- in- progress

Capital work- in- progress represents directly attributable costs of construction/ acquisition to be capitalized. All other expenses including interest incurred during construction / acquisition period are capitalized as a part of the construction cost to the extent to which these expenditures are attributable to the construction as per Ind AS-23 "Borrowing Costs". Interest income earned on temporary investment of funds brought in for the project during construction period are set off from the interest expense accounted for as expenditure during the construction period. All these expenses are transferred to fixed assets on commencement of respective projects.

2.4 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the Company measures it on the basis of discounted cash flows of next five years' projections estimated based on current prices. Assessment is also done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognized in profit and loss section of the statement of profit and loss, except for properties previously revalued with the revaluation taken to other comprehensive Income (the 'OCI'). For such properties, the impairment is recognized in OCI up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

2.5 Foreign Currency Transactions

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ("INR"), which is also the Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts have been reported in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except for share and earnings per share data, unless otherwise stated.

Initial Recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount, the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of transaction.

Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. In case of items which are covered by forward exchange contract, the difference between year end rate and rate on the date of the contract is recognised as exchange difference and premium paid on forward contracts and option contract is recognised over the life of the contract. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical costs denominated in foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items, which are measured at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date when such value was determined.

Exchange Differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting Company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements including receivables and payables which are likely to be settled in foreseeable future, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise. All other exchange differences are recognized as income or as expenses in the period in which they arise.

The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items is recognized in line with the gain or loss of the item that give rise to the translation difference (i.e. translation difference on items whose gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income or the statement of profit and loss is also recognized in other comprehensive income or the statement of profit and loss respectively).

2.6 Revenue Recognition

(i) Sale of goods and services:

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactured goods, traded goods and related services.

Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services. The Company recognizes provision for sales return, based on the historical results.

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, it does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

The Company satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if all of the following criteria is met:

1. The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company's performance;
2. The Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; and
3. The Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company and an entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For performance obligations where one of the above conditions are not met, revenue is recognised at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenue from sale of products and services are recognised at a time on which the performance obligation is satisfied.

(ii) Interest income:

Interest income from financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, be reference to the amortised cost and the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) applicable.

(iii) **Other income:** Other income is recognised when no significant uncertainty as to its determination or realisation exists. For dividend income, Revenue is recognized when the shareholders right to receive payment is established by the balance sheet date.

2.7 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A. Financial Assets

a. Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value. In the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset are added to the initial cost of such asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place [regular way trades] are recognized on the settlement date, trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

b. Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

i. Debt instruments at amortized cost:

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held with an objective of collecting contractual cash flows
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are "solely payments of principal and interest" [SPPI] on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate [EIR] method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in interest income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

ii. Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income [FVTOCI]:

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- The asset is held with objective of both - for collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets
- The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income [OCI]. However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from the equity to Statement of Profit and Loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

iii. Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss [FVTPL]:

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Profit & Loss statement.

iv. Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income [FVTOCI]:

All equity in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company has made such election on an instrument by- by instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable. If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to P&L. Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

c. Derecognition:

A financial asset is primarily derecognized when:

- i. The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either [a] the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or [b] the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.
- ii. the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.
- iii. The contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire;

d. Impairment of financial assets:

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss [ECL] model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a. Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance
- b. Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash
- c. Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI
- d. Lease receivables under Ind AS 17
- e. Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured as at FVTPL

1. General Approach

For all financial assets subject to impairment assessment—except trade receivables, contract assets, and lease receivables—the Company tracks changes in credit risk since initial recognition using a 3-stage model:

Stage 1 (12-month ECL): Includes financial instruments that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. For these assets, 12-month ECL is recognized.

Stage 2 (Lifetime ECL - Not Credit Impaired): Includes financial instruments that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but do not have objective evidence of impairment. For these assets, lifetime ECL is recognized.

Stage 3 (Lifetime ECL - Credit Impaired): Includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. Lifetime ECL is recognized.

This General Approach explicitly applies to: Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured at amortized cost (e.g., loans, deposits, trade balances, and bank balances). Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI. Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured as at FVTPL. If, in a subsequent period, the credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on a 12-month ECL.

2. Simplified Approach

As a practical expedient, the Company applies the 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on: Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash. Lease receivables under Ind AS 116. The application of the simplified approach requires the Company to recognize the impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition, without tracking changes in credit risk. The application of simplified approach requires the company to recognize the impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used to provide impairment. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive [i.e., all cash shortfalls], discounted at the original EIR.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

ECL impairment loss allowance [or reversal] recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

- Financial assets measured as at amortized cost, contractual revenue receivables and lease receivables: ECL is presented as an allowance which reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.
- Debt instruments measured at FVTOCI: Since financial assets are already reflected at fair value, impairment allowance is not further reduced from its value. Rather, ECL amount is presented as 'accumulated impairment amount' in the OCI.

B. Financial liabilities:

a. Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

b. Subsequent measurement:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

i. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied for liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ losses are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

ii. Loans and borrowings:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

iii. Financial guarantee contracts:

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognized initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognized less cumulative amortization.

c. Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

C. Reclassification of financial assets:

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company does not restate any previously recognized gains, losses [including impairment gains or losses] or interest.

D. Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.8 Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- a. In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- b. In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted [unadjusted] market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

2.9 Inventories:

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprise all cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on First-In-First-Out (FIFO) basis. Due allowance is estimated and made for defective and obsolete items, wherever necessary.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.10 Employee benefits

a. Short-term obligation:

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of period in which the employee render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Employee benefits are recognized as expense at undiscounted amount in the statement of profit and loss for the year in which the related service is rendered.

b. Post employee obligations

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- defined benefit plans such as gratuity
- defined contribution plans such as provident fund

(i) Gratuity obligations:

The liability or asset recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is determined at the yearend by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined obligation denominated in Indian Rupees is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Actuarial gains and losses in respect of post employment and other long term benefits are debited / credited to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to the profit and loss in the subsequent periods.

(ii) Defined contribution plans:

Provident fund:

The Company pays contributions towards provident fund to the regulatory authorities as per regulations. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

c. Bonus plans

The Company recognise a liability and an expense for bonus. The Company recognise a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

2.11 Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized on the basis of reasonable certainty that the company will be having sufficient future taxable profits and based on the same the DTA has been recognized in the books.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is "realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates [and tax laws] that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the" reporting date.

Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities.

Minimum Alternate Tax credit is recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is a convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

2.12 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

2.13 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that the outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and in respect of which reliable estimates can be made.

A disclosure for contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation, that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision/disclosure is made. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements. Provisions and contingencies are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the correct management estimates.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Commitments include the amount of purchase order (net of advances) issued to parties for completion of assets. Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are renewed at each balance sheet date.

2.14 Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

2.15 Earnings per equity share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.16 Recent Accounting Pronouncements**Ind AS 21 – Lack of Exchangeability**

The amendments introduce specific criteria to determine if a foreign currency is exchangeable into another currency. If a currency lacks exchangeability (due to government controls, sanctions, or market breakdowns), the entity is required to estimate the spot exchange rate at the measurement date. The Company has evaluated this amendment and does not expect any material impact on its financial statements.

Ind AS 1 – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current & Covenants

The amendments clarify that the classification of a liability as current or non-current is based strictly on the rights in existence at the end of the reporting period. It specifies that only covenants with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect its right to defer settlement for at least twelve months. The Company has assessed its loan covenants and concludes that this amendment does not change the presentation of its long-term borrowings.

Ind AS 7 & Ind AS 107 – Supplier Finance Arrangements

The amendments introduce explicit disclosure requirements regarding an entity's supplier finance (reverse factoring) arrangements. Entities are now required to disclose the terms and conditions, the carrying amounts of financial liabilities part of such schemes, and the associated liquidity risk profile. The Company does not expect these amendments to have any significant impact on its financial statements.

Ind AS 12 – International Tax Reform (Pillar Two Model Rules)

The amendments introduce a mandatory temporary exception to the accounting for deferred taxes arising from the jurisdictional implementation of the OECD's Pillar Two global minimum tax rules. The Company has applied this exception and is monitoring tax developments in relevant operational jurisdictions. The Company does not expect these amendments to have any significant impact on its financial statements.

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited							
Notes forming part of the Financial Statements							
3 - Property, Plant and Equipment							
Particulars	Computer	Buildings	Furniture and Fixtures	Plant and Equipment	Office Equipment	Vehicles	Total
Cost as at April 1, 2025	285,383	-	4,516,755	199,255,064	1,359,627	5,905,334	211,322,163
Additions during the year	65,254	-	28,762	2,310,244	-	-	2,404,260
Disposals / transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Translation Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cost as at March 31, 2026	350,637	-	4,545,517	201,565,308	1,359,627	5,905,334	213,726,423
Accumulated Depreciation as at April 1, 2025	137,217	-	3,986,687	150,306,088	561,614	5,547,777	160,539,383
Depreciation	110,084	-	99,262	6,569,810	75,133	144,045	6,998,334
Disposals / transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Translation Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation as at March 31, 2026	247,301	-	4,085,949	156,875,898	636,747	5,691,822	167,537,717
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2026	103,336	-	459,569	44,689,411	722,881	213,512	46,188,708

Particulars	Computer	Buildings	Furniture and Fixtures	Plant and Equipment	Office Equipment	Vehicles	Total
Cost as at April 1, 2024	199,883	11,088,472	4,516,755	199,255,064	1,272,627	5,905,334	222,238,135
Additions during the year	85,500	-	-	-	87,000	-	172,500
Disposals / transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Translation Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cost as at March 31, 2025	285,383	11,088,472	4,516,755	199,255,064	1,359,627	5,905,334	222,410,635
Accumulated Depreciation as at April 1, 2024	67,565	11,088,472	3,881,396	143,756,614	491,415	5,355,115	164,640,577
Depreciation	69,652	-	105,291	6,549,474	70,199	192,662	6,987,278
Disposals / transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Translation Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation as at March 31, 2025	137,217	11,088,472	3,986,687	150,306,088	561,614	5,547,777	171,627,855
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2025	148,166	-	530,069	48,948,977	798,014	357,557	50,782,782

Additional Regulatory Information							
i) Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company (Amount in Rs.)							
	Description of item of property	Gross Carrying Value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reasons for not being held in the name of the company*	
Relevant line item in Balance Sheet							
PPE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PPE retired from active use and held for disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*also indicate if in dispute							
ii) Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP) / Intangible assets under development (ITAUD)							
CWIP/ITAUD		Amount in CWIP for a period of					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	Total			
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-			
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-			
iii) Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)/ITAUD whose completion is overdue							
CWIP/ITAUD		To be completed in					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years			
Project 1	-	-	-	-			
Project 2	-	-	-	-			

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited Notes forming part of the Financial Statements		
	Amt in INR	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
4 - Investments		
AT FVOCI		
Quoted		
Investment in Equity Shares of A B Cotspin India Limited (16500 Shares)	6,657,750	232,720
Investment in Equity Shares of Pritika Engineering Components Ltd (354000 Shares)	19,116,000	21,282,319
Total Quoted Investments	25,773,750	21,515,039
Unquoted		
Investment in Equity Shares of API Holdings Limited (727951 Shares)	5,095,657	2,332,175
Total Unquoted Investments	5,095,657	2,332,175
	30,869,407	23,847,214
Additional Disclosures as required by Schedule III		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Aggregate Carrying Value of Quoted Investments	25,773,750	21,515,039
Aggregate Market Value of Quoted Investments	25,773,750	21,515,039
Aggregate Carrying Value of Unquoted Investments	5,095,657	2,332,175
5 - Loans and advances	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Bharat Agri - Wembley Plot- G 208	10,000,000	10,000,000
Kanubhai Shah Surat Sarsana Plot Surat	45,800,000	45,800,000
Parth Hamirbhai Gojiya for Plot at Vapi	23,000,000	14,000,000
<i>These are plot advances for construction project.</i>		
	78,800,000	69,800,000
7 - Others Non Current Assets	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance with government authorities	-	-
Other recoverable deposits (Unsecured considered good)	44,538,940	44,111,948
Out of above, below deposits are extended to related party		
Y M Shah- Office deposit Rs 1,76,40,799/-		
Veer healthcare Limited Rs 2,44,87,510/-		
	44,538,940	44,111,948
8 - Inventories	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
WIP		
Finished		
Land for Wind Farm	45,125,000	47,500,000
Power Evacuation Facility	41,250,000	58,750,000
Project At Vapi		11,848,837
Project At Bhiwandi	64,194,620	64,194,620
Trading Division	425,976	-
	150,995,596	182,293,457
Note: Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.		
During the year, the Company reviewed the carrying value of its inventories and identified certain slow-moving, obsolete and/or damaged inventories. Accordingly, inventory consisting of power evacuation facility amounting to Rs. 5,87,50,000 and land for wind farm were written down to their net realisable value in accordance with Ind AS 2 - Inventories. The write-down of inventories has been recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2026. The carrying amount of inventories disclosed in the financial statements is net of such write-down.		
9 - Trade Receivables	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unsecured, considered good	13,012,842	32,159,448
Less: Impairment Loss	-	
	13,012,842	32,159,448

Notes

a. The above balance has no due o/s from related party

b. Expected Credit Loss

Based on this assessment, the expected credit loss was assessed as NIL/immaterial (less than Company's materiality threshold), and accordingly no loss allowance has

c. Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March, 2026

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	8,935,522	293,208	-	-	-	9,228,730
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed trade receivables considered good	-	-	252,859	-	3,531,253	3,784,112
(iv) Disputed trade receivables considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-

Certain trade receivables outstanding for more than three years are presently under dispute. Based on recent discussions and developments with the respective parties, management expects these amounts to be realized in the near future and, accordingly, no expected credit loss (ECL) provision has been recognized against such receivables as at the reporting date.

Management will continue to monitor the recoverability of these receivables on a periodic basis. In the event that the anticipated realization does not materialize, the

Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March, 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	27,229,920	1,398,275	-	3,531,253	-	32,159,448
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed trade receivables considered good	-	-	-	2,749,287	-	2,749,287
(iv) Disputed trade receivables considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-

10 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balances with banks in current accounts	10,115,051	1,492,053
Cash on hand	18,399	98,869
	10,133,449	1,590,922

11- Loans

Loans to unrelated party (unsecured and considered good)

Staff Loans

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Loans to unrelated party (unsecured and considered good)	321,946,700	308,447,755
Staff Loans	87,000	-
	322,033,700	308,447,755

The above loans have been granted for business purposes and are interest-bearing, carrying an average interest rate of 10% per annum. All the loans are repayable on dem.

Loans and advances to Directors, promoters, KMP's, related parties**Repayable on demands**

Type of Borrowers	Current Period		Previous period	
	Amt. Outstanding	% of total	Amt. Outstanding	% of total
Promoters	NIL	-	-	-
Directors	NIL	-	-	-
KMP's	NIL	-	-	-
Related parties	NIL	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

Without specifying any terms or period of repayments

Type of Borrowers	Current Period		Previous period	
	Amt. Outstanding	% of total	Amt. Outstanding	% of total
Promoters	NIL	-	-	-
Directors	NIL	-	-	-
KMP's	NIL	-	-	-
Related parties	NIL	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

12 - Other Financial Assets

Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated

Bank deposits with maturity of more than 12 months

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Bank deposits with maturity of more than 12 months	-	-
	-	-

13 - Other Current Assets

Balance with statutory authorities

TDS receivable

Advances to suppliers

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance with statutory authorities	4,387,568	4,939,637
TDS receivable	3,960,048	3,482,984
Advances to suppliers	350,365	2,103,000
	8,697,981	10,525,620

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
14 - Share Capital		
Authorised:		
2,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	200,000,000	200,000,000
(March 31, 2024 : 2,00,00,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each)		
Issued, Subscribed and fully paid-up:		
1,49,62,935 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	149,629,350	149,629,350
(March 31, 2024 : 1,49,62,935 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each)		
	149,629,350	149,629,350

(i) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the Reporting year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Equity Shares				
Opening Balance	14,962,935	149,629,350	14,962,935	149,629,350
Add: Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Closing Balance	14,962,935	149,629,350	14,962,935	149,629,350

(ii) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

Equity Shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is eligible for one vote per share. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding. The dividend, if any, proposed by the Board of Directors of the Company is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

(iii) Number of Shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% Shares in the Company

Name of Shareholder	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
Yogesh M. Shah	3410859	22.80	3410859	22.80

(iv) During the 5 years immediately preceding March 31, 2026, there are no shares allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash. 34,52,985 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 Each Fully Paid Up has been Issued as Bonus Shares during the F.Y. 2022-23 in the Ratio of 3:10 on 01.12.2022.

(v) Disclosure of Shareholding of Promoters

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year 31st March 2026				% Change during the year
Sr. No.	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	
1	Yogesh Mahasuklal Shah	3410859	22.80	0.00
2	Krupa Harsh Jain	212304	1.42	-0.67
3	Shruti Akash Shah	109998	0.73	0.00
4	Ruchi Yogesh Shah	54807	0.36	0.00
5	Jayant Seventilal Shah	10594	0.07	-0.08
6	Mahasuklal Shah HUF	20744	0.14	0.00
7	Dharmendra Bipinchandra Shah HUF	16157	0.11	0.00
8	Jigar Jayant Shah	0	0.00	-0.04
9	Vivek Dhimant Shah	5545	0.04	0.00
10	Ashish Jayant Shah	5070	0.03	0.00
11	Dharmendra B. Shah	4915	0.03	0.00
12	Neeta Jayant Shah	0	0.00	-0.03
13	Dhimant Jayantilal Shah HUF	0	0.00	-0.01
14	Yogesh Shah HUF	1113	0.01	0.00
	Total	3852106	25.74	-0.83

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year 31st March 2025				% Change during the year
Sr. No.	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	
1	Yogesh Mahasuklal Shah	3410859	22.80	0.02
2	Krupa Harsh Jain	312304	2.09	-1.62
3	Shruti Akash Shah	109998	0.73	0.00
4	Ruchi Yogesh Shah	54807	0.36	-1.53
5	Jayant Seventilal Shah	21902	0.15	-0.46
6	Mahasuklal Shah HUF	20744	0.14	-0.46
7	Dharmendra Bipinchandra Shah HUF	16157	0.11	0.00
8	Jigar Jayant Shah	5941	0.04	0.00
9	Vivek Dhimant Shah	5545	0.04	0.00
10	Ashish Jayant Shah	5070	0.03	0.00
11	Dharmendra B. Shah	4915	0.03	0.00
12	Neeta Jayant Shah	4420	0.03	0.00
13	Dhimant Jayantilal Shah HUF	1875	0.01	0.00
14	Yogesh Shah HUF	1113	0.01	0.00
15	Ramila Jayantilal Shah	0	0.00	-0.01
	Total	3975650	26.57	-4.06

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
16 - Other Equity		
(a) Securities Premium		
Opening balance	221,352,023	221,352,023
Add: Additions during the financial year	-	-
Less: Deductions during the financial year	-	-
Closing balance	221,352,023	221,352,023
(b) General Reserve	10,000,000	10000000
(c) Retained Earnings		
Opening balance	257,749,156	255,905,024
Profit for the year	1,953,455	1,844,132
Adjustment of Ind AS	-	-
Adjustment of MAT Entitlement	-	-
Closing balance	259,702,610	257,749,156
(d) FVOCI Reserve		
Opening balance	3,330,071	3,260,844
Add: Additions/(Reductions) during the financial year		69,227
Adjustment of fair Value of Investment	(14,336,306)	
Closing balance	(11,006,235)	3,330,071
Total (a+b+c+d)	480,048,398	492,431,250
17 - Provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Provision for gratuity	1,369,993	362,420
	1,369,993	362,420
18 - Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)		
Deferred Tax Liabilities	7,554,087	8,658,538
Less: Deferred Tax Assets	(395,269)	(356,198)
Less: MAT Credit Entitlement	-	-
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	7,158,818	8,302,340
MOVEMENT IN DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	As at April 01, 2025	As at March 31, 2026
Deferred Tax Liability		
Depreciation	8,658,538.00	-1,104,451
	-	-
Total Deferred Tax Liability	8,658,538	-1,104,451
Less : Deferred Tax Assets	-356,198	-39,071
Gratuity Expense Disallowed	-356,198	-39,071
Net Deferred Tax Liability/(Assets)	8,302,340	-1,143,522
		-
		7,158,818
Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
19 - Trade Payables		
Due to micro and small enterprises	-	-
Due to other than micro and small enterprises	26,128,865	33,109,364
	26,128,865	33,109,364
a. Disclosure under Section 22 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (MSMED) Act, 2006 is as under:		
The Company has not received any intimation from suppliers regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (MSMED) Act, 2006 and hence disclosures as required under Section 22 of The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise		
(a) Principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any suppliers as at the end of accounting year;	-	-
(b) Interest paid during the year;	-	-
(c) Amount of payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year;	-	-
(d) Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment;	-	-
(e) Interest accrued and unpaid at the end of the accounting year; and	-	-
(f) Further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise;	-	-
have not been given.		
The information is given in respect of such vendors to the extent they could be identified as micro and small enterprise on the basis of information available with the Company.		

Trade Payables ageing schedule: As at 31st March, 2026					
Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	17,154,815	8,904,642	22,680	46,728.00	26,128,865
(iii) Disputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

Trade Payables ageing schedule: As at 31st March, 2025					
Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	33,039,956	22,680	46,728	-	33,109,364
(iii) Disputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

20 - Other Financial Liabilities		
Unclaimed dividend	-	0
	-	0
Note: There are no amounts due for payment to the Investor Education and Protection Fund under section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 as on March 31, 2024.		
21 - Other Current Liabilities		
GST Payable	-	-
Statutory liabilities	65,494	55,674
Earnest Money received	38,909,047	36,938,222
	38,974,541	36,993,896
22 - Short Term Provisions		
Provision for employee benefit of gratuity		
Provision for gratuity	246,472	1,007,574
Others		
Provision for taxation	1,714,185	1,722,952
	1,960,657	2,730,526

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
23 - Revenue from operations		
Sale of products	8,637,066	8,339,288
Sale of services	36,849,530	94,884,344
Other operating revenue	-	-
	45,486,595	103,223,632
24 - Other Income		
Interest income	35,748,946	33,415,181
	35,748,946	33,415,181
25 - Changes in Inventories of Work-in-progress and Finished Goods		
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Raw material	-	-
Work-in-progress	-	-
Finished goods	182,293,457	209,127,021
(A)	182,293,457	209,127,021
Inventories at the end of the year		
Work-in-progress	-	-
Finished goods	150,995,596	182,293,457
(B)	150,995,596	182,293,457
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	(A) - (B)	31,297,861
		26,833,564

26 - Employee Benefits Expenses		
Salaries, bonus, allowances and gratuities	7,481,204	3,937,032
Contribution to provident and other funds	(43,430)	10,512
Staff welfare expense	611,506	91,523
	8,049,280	4,039,067
27 - Finance Costs		
Interest expenses	-	-
Other borrowing costs	5,611	25,019
	5,611	25,019
28 - Other Expenses		
Administrative expenses	-	-
Advertisement, publicity and sales promotion	34,195	37,712
Loss on sale of assets	-	-
Clearing, forwarding, packing, freight, loading etc.	75,231	233,223
Deferred expenses on financial instruments	3,252,388	3,252,388
Electricity expenses	114,600	121,286
Labour Charges	-	763,635
Indirect taxes	-	102,380
Insurance expenses	11,600	8,297
Legal fees	881,810	2,485,550
Miscellaneous expenses	367,502	613,858
Amount written off	-	1,676,600
Prior Period Expenses	-	5,690
Operation and maintenance charges	7,134,750	8,184,959
Other Expenses	550,346	283,335
Payment to auditors**	230,000	230,000
Professional and consultancy charges	400,000	4,036,785
Rent Rates and Taxes	199,606	912,848
Repairs and maintenance	419,718	603,780
Telephone and internet expenses	2,597	(1,323)
Travelling expenses	576,031	171,030
	14,250,373	23,722,032
** Payment to Auditors		
- as auditors	180,000	180,000
- for tax audit	25,000	25,000
- for certification	25,000	25,000
29. Earnings Per Share (EPS)		
Profit for the year	1,953,455	1,844,132
Weighted average numbers of equity shares	14,962,935	14,962,935
Share warrant	-	-
Face value per equity share	10	10
Earnings per equity share- basic	0.13	0.12
Earnings per equity share- diluted	0.13	0.12
30- Contingent Liabilities		

a. An Income Tax order has been passed with additions of Rs 2,33,50,000/-. Consequent demand order of ₹6,92,09,783 has been raised for Assessment Year 2018-19. The demand primarily arises from additions of a nature similar to those made under the GST proceedings. The Company has noted that, while the computation sheet accompanying the assessment order has resulted in the aforesaid demand, the assessed income has been considered at ₹20,07,83,797/- instead of ₹4,76,61,657/- which was mentioned in order, resulting in an apparent error in the demand raised. Accordingly, the Company has filed a rectification application with the Income Tax Department seeking correction of the said error as assessed income is even higher than turnover of the said year.

Further, the Company intends to file an appeal against the additions made in the assessment order and, based on legal advice and management's assessment of the merits of the case, believes that the demand is not likely to crystallize into a liability. Further, it is not practicable to estimate the timing of cash outflows, in respect of matters stated above, due to pending resolution of the proceedings and thus no provision are made.

b. Goods & Service Tax demand of Rs. 25,92,000 for AY 18-19. The Company intends to file an appeal against the additions made in the assessment order at GSTAT level and, based on legal advice and management's assessment of the merits of the case, believes that the demand is not likely to crystallize into a liability. Further, it is not practicable to estimate the timing of cash outflows, in respect of matters stated above, due to pending resolution of the proceedings and thus no provision are made.

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited			
Notes forming part of the Financial Statements			
31 - Segment Reporting			
Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS 108, the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based upon analysis of various performance indicators by the Operating Segments. The Company's CODM constitutes of managing director, whole-time director and chief financial officer.			
The Company has one segment of activity namely "Infrastructure". The Company's operations are limited to India only and its all assets are domiciled in India, there are no reportable geographical segments.			
32 - Employee Benefits Disclosure:			
The Company has classified the various benefits provided to employees as under:-			
(a) Defined contribution plans			
- Provident fund			
The Company has recognized the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss:			
Employers' contribution to provident fund:- current year is Rs. 0.03 lakhs (previous year: Rs. 0.06 lakhs)			
(b) Defined benefit plans			
- Gratuity			
In accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 19, actuarial valuation was done in respect of the aforesaid defined benefit plans based on the following assumptions:			
Economic Assumptions			
The discount rate and salary increases assumed are the key financial assumptions and should be considered together; it is the difference or 'gap' between these rates which is more important than the individual rates in isolation.			
Discount Rate			
The discounting rate is based on the gross redemption yield on medium to long term risk free investments. The estimated term of the benefits/obligations works out to zero years. For the current valuation a discount rate of 6.91% p.a. (previous year 7.32% p.a.) compound has been used.			
Salary Escalation Rate			
The salary escalation rate usually consists of at least three components, viz. regular increments, price inflation and promotional increases. In addition to this any commitments by the management regarding future salary increases and the Company's philosophy towards employee remuneration are also to be taken into account. Again a long-term view as to trend in salary increase rates has to be taken rather than be guided by the escalation rates experienced in the immediate past, if they have been influenced by unusual factors.			
The assumptions used are summarized in the following table:			
Particulars	Gratuity (Unfunded)		
	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025	
Discount rate (per annum)	7.54%	6.99%	
Future salary increase	5.00%	5.00%	
Mortality rates	100% of IALM (2012 - 14)	100% of IALM (2012 - 14)	
Retirement age	60 years	60 years	
Withdrawal rates			
- Up to 30 years	3.00%	3.00%	
- From 31 to 44 years	2.00%	2.00%	
- Above 45 years	1.00%	1.00%	
Change			
Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the year	1,369,993	1,249,971	
Interest cost	95763	90,248	
Current service cost	150708	99,001	
Past service cost			
Benefits paid			
Total Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on obligation	(310,295)	(69,227)	
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	1,306,169	1,369,993	
Particulars	Gratuity (Unfunded)		
	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025	
Net Liability recorded in the Balance Sheet			
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	1,306,169	1,369,993	
Net liability - current	676,519	1,007,574	
Net liability - non-current	629,650	362,420	

Expenses recorded in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year		
Interest Cost	95,763	90,248
Current Service Cost	150,708	99,001
Total expenses included in employee benefit expenses	246,471	189,249
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
Net Cumulative unrecognised actuarial gain/(loss) opening	-	3,260,844
Actuarial gain/(loss) for the year on PBO	310,295	69,227
Actuarial gain/(loss) for the year on Assets		
Unrecognised actuarial gain/(loss) at the end of the year	310,295	3,330,121
Quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as below:		
Present value of obligation at the end of the period	1,306,169	1,369,993
Half percentage point increase in discount rate	-45,390	-29,790
Half percentage point decrease in discount rate	50,276	33,325
Half percentage point increase in salary increase rate	51,302	33,822
Half percentage point decrease in salary decrease rate	-46,643	-30,461
Expected contribution to the defined benefit plan for the next reporting period (Gratuity)	274,646	200,363
Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation		
Within next 12 months	776,144	1,119,205
Between 2 and 5 years	191,192	236,470
33 - Corporate Social Responsibility		
Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year is Nil (Previous year: Nil).	-	-
34 - Tax Expenses		
Current Tax:		
Current Tax on profits for the year	1,714,185	1,722,952
MAT Credit Entitlement		-
Deferred Tax	-1,143,522	-1,075,555
Prior year taxes		
	-	-
Income Tax Expenses		
	570,663	647,397
Current Tax:		
Current Tax on profits for the year	1,714,185	1,722,952
Deferred Tax		
Decrease / (Increase) in Deferred Tax Assets	-39,071	-31,206
(Decrease) / Increase in Deferred Tax Liabilities	-1,104,451	-1,044,349
Prior Year Tax effect		
Income Tax Expenses		
	570,663	647,397
Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit multiplied by statutory tax rate:		
Profit before income taxes	2,524,118	2,491,529
Rate of tax	26	26
Tax Expense at applicable rate		
	656,271	647,797
Tax effect of adjustments to reconcile expected income tax expense to reported income tax expense:		
		-
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	-
Expenses deductible for tax purposes	-	-
Tax Holiday		
Deferred Tax	-1,143,522	-1,075,555
Mat Credit Entitlement		
Other Adj	1,057,914	1,075,155
Income Tax Expenses		
	570,663	647,397

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited									
Notes forming part of the Financial Statements									
35 - Financial Instruments - Accounting Classification and Fair Value Measurements									
The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.									
The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:									
1. Fair values of cash and short term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short-term maturities of these instruments.									
2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on the evaluation, allowances are taken to account for the expected losses of these receivables.									
The company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair values of financial instruments by valuation technique:									
Level 1 : Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.									
Level 2 : Other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effects on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.									
Level 3 : Techniques which use inputs that have a significant effects on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.									
I. As at March 31, 2026									
Financial Instrument	Carrying Amount	Fair Value				Fair Value Hierarchy			
		Amortised Cost	FVOCI	FVTPL	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets									
Non Current									
(i) Quoted Equity Investments	25,773,750	-	25,773,749.59	-	25,773,750	25,773,749.59	-	-	25,773,750
(ii) Unquoted Equity Investments	5,095,657		5,095,657.00		5,095,657			5,095,657.00	
(iii) Other financial assets (Non Current)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Current									
(i) Trade receivables	9,228,730	9,228,729.85	-	-	9,228,730	-	-	-	-
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10,133,449	10,133,449.48	-	-	10,133,449	-	-	-	-
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Loans	322,033,700	322,033,700.00	-	-	322,033,700	-	-	-	-
(v) Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	372,265,286	341,395,879	30,869,407	-	372,265,286	25,773,750	-	5,095,657	25,773,750
Financial Liabilities									
Current									
(i) Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Trade Payables	26,128,865	26,128,865	-	-	26,128,865	-	-	-	-
(iii) Other Liabilities	38,974,541	38,974,541	-	-	38,974,541	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	65,103,407	65,103,407	-	-	65,103,407	-	-	-	-
During the reporting period ending March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.									
II. As at March 31, 2025									
Financial Instrument	Carrying Amount	Fair Value				Fair Value Hierarchy			
		Amortised Cost	FVOCI	FVTPL	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets									
Non Current									
(i) Quoted Equity Investments	21,515,039	-	21,515,039	-	21,515,039	21,515,039	-	-	21,515,039
(ii) Unquoted Equity Investments	2,332,175		2,332,175		2,332,175			2,332,175	2,332,175
(iii) Other financial assets (Non Current)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current									
(i) Trade receivables	28,628,195	28,628,195	-	-	28,628,195	-	-	-	-
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	1,590,922	1,590,922	-	-	1,590,922	-	-	-	-
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Loans	308,447,755	308,447,755	-	-	308,447,755	-	-	-	-
(v) Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	362,514,086	338,666,872	23,847,214	-	362,514,086	21,515,039	-	2,332,175	23,847,214
Financial Liabilities									
Current									
(i) Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Trade Payables	33,109,364	33,109,364	-	-	33,109,364	-	-	-	-
(iii) Other Liabilities	36,993,896	36,993,896	-	-	36,993,896	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	70,103,260	70,103,260	-	-	70,103,260	-	-	-	-
During the reporting period ending March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.									
III. Description of significant unobservable inputs to valuation:									
The following table shows the valuation techniques and inputs used for the financial instruments:									
Particulars						As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025		
Other Non-Current Financial Assets						Discounted Cash Flow method using the risk adjusted discount rate			
Borrowings (Non-Current)									

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited				
Notes forming part of the Financial Statements				
36 - Related Party Disclosures				
(a) Related Parties				
- Key Management Personnel				
Sr. No.	Name of KMP		Designation	
1	Mr. Yogesh M. Shah		Managing Director	
2	Mrs. Krupa H. Jain		Executive Director	
3	Mr. Jigar J. Shah		Chief Financial Officer	
4	Mrs. Nipa N. Thakker		Company Secretary	
- Relative of Key Management Personnel				
Sr. No.	Name of Relative of KMP		Relationship	
1	Ms. Ruchi Y. Shah		Daughter of MD	
- Entities controlled by Directors or their relatives				
Sr. No	Name of the Company/ Firm		Capacity	
1	Veerhealth Care Limited		Common Director- Yogesh Shah	
(b) Transactions with related parties:				
Particulars		Key Managem ent Personnel	Entities controlled by Directors or their relatives	Total
Salary		947,500 874,000		947,500 874,000
Remuneration		1,951,000 1,870,000		1,951,000 1,870,000
Sales		-	25,035,818 43,949,258	25,035,818 43,949,258
Previous years' figures are in italics				
Balance outstanding at the end of the year:				
Particulars		Payable	Receivable	Total
Entities controlled by Directors or their relatives		-	25,000,000 25,000,000	25,000,000
To Director's or related Parties		-	20,000,000 20,000,000	20,000,000
Previous years' figures are in italics				

(c) Disclosure in respect of related party-wise transactions						
Particulars					Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Salaries						
Mr. Jigar J. Shah					-	80,000
Mrs. Nipa N. Thakker					300,000	300,000
Ms. Ruchi Y. Shah					647,500	494,000
Remuneration						
Mr. Yogesh M. Shah					1,277,500	1,350,000
Mrs. Krupa H. Jain					673,500	520,000
Sales						
Veerhealth Care Limited					25,035,818	43,949,258
Balance outstanding:						
Particulars	Payable		Receivable			
	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025		
Veerhealth Care Limited- Deposit	-	-	25,000,000	25,000,000		
Yogesh M Shah-Office Deposit			20,000,000	20,000,000		
The Company has placed a refundable office deposits of ₹2,00,00,000 with Mr Y M Shah and Rs 2,50,00,000/- with Veer Healthcare Limited. The carrying amount of the deposit as at 31 March 2026 is Rs 1,76,40,799/- and Rs 1,94,87,510 respectively at amortized cost and subsequent measurement under Ind AS 109						

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited					
Notes forming part of the Financial Statements					
37 - Financial Risk Management and Objective Policies					
The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The company's financial risk management policy is set by the Managing Board.					
Market risk					
Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments and deposits, foreign currency receivables, payables and loan borrowings.					
The Company manages market risk through a Board of Directors, which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The treasury department recommends risk management objectives and policies, which are approved by Senior Management and the Audit Committee. The activities of this department include management of cash resources, implementing hedging strategies for foreign currency exposures, borrowing strategies, and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.					
Interest rate risk					
Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the company's position with regards to the interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.					
The Company's borrowings are primarily in fixed rate interest bearing investments. Hence, the Company is not significantly exposed to interest rate risk.					
Foreign currency risk					
The Company's export business does not carry any risk of foreign currency fluctuations. The Company has arrangement with the customers and accordingly customer bear the risk of foreign exchange fluctuations.					
Credit risk					
Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual risk limits are set accordingly.					
The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is significant increase in credit risk the company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset at the reporting date with the risk of default as the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information such as:					
(i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business.					
(ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty.					
(iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to					
(iv) Significant increase in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same counterparty.					
(v) Significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation or in the quality of third-party guarantees or credit enhancements.					
Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. The Company categorises a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments greater than 2 years past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.					

I. Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL)						
Particulars				As at 31.03.2026	As at 31.03.2025	
Deposits				-	-	
Other Advances				322,033,700	308,447,755	
Total (A)				322,033,700	308,447,755	
II. Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Life Time Expected Credit Losses (L)						
Particulars				As at 31.03.2026	As at 31.03.2025	
Trade receivables				13,012,842	32,159,448	
Total (A)				13,012,842	32,159,448	
III. The ageing analysis of these receivables (gross of provision) has been considered from the date the invoice is due						
Particulars				As at 31.03.2026	As at 31.03.2025	
Within credit period						
Less than 6 months overdue				8,935,522	27,229,920	
More than 6 months but within 12 months overdue				293,208	1,398,275	
More than 1 year overdue				#VALUE!	-	
Total				#VALUE!	28,628,195	
IV. Provision for expected credit losses again "II" and "III" above						
The company has assets where the counter- parties have sufficient capacity to meet the obligations and where the risk of default is very low. Hence based on historic default rates, the Company believes that, no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of above mentioned financial assets.						
Liquidity Risk						
Liquidity Risk is defined as the risk that the company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at reasonable price. The company's treasury department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the company's net liquidity position through rolling forecast on the basis of expected cash flows.						
Maturity profile of financial liabilities						
The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.						
Particulars	As at March 31, 2026			As at March 31, 2025		
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	26,128,865	-	26,128,865	33,109,364	-	33,109,364
Others	38,974,541	-	38,974,541	36,993,896	-	36,993,896
Total	65,103,407	-	65,103,407	70,103,260	-	70,103,260
Capital management						
For the purposes of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximise shareholder's value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirement of the financial covenants.						
The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is total debt divided by total capital plus debt.						
Particulars				As at 31.03.2026	As at 31.03.2025	
Total Debt				-	-	
Equity				629,677,748	642,060,600	
Capital and total debt				629,677,748	642,060,600	
Gearing ratio				0.00%	0.00%	
				As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025	
38 - Value of Imports on CIF basis in respect of :						
Raw Material				-	-	
Components and spare parts				-	-	
Capital Goods				-	-	
				-	-	

39 - Expenditure in Foreign Currency on account of:					
a) Royalty, know how, professional, consultation fees, interest and other matter				-	-
b) Traveling				-	-
				-	-
40 - Value of Imported and Indigenous material consumed & percentage there of				As at March 31, 2026	
				As at March 31, 2025	
				Value	%
				Value	%
Value of Imported material consumed				-	-
Value of Indigenous material consumed				-	-
Total				-	-
41- a) Amount remitted in foreign currency				-	-
b) Dividend remitted in foreign currency				-	-
				-	-
42 - Earning in Foreign Exchange					
FOB Value of exports				-	-
Royalty, know how Professional and consultancy				-	-
Interest and dividends				-	-
Other Income				-	-
				-	-

Veer Energy & Infrastructure Limited								
Note 43	FY 25-26							
SR NO.	RATIO ANALYSIS	NUMERATOR	DENOMINATOR	NUMERATOR	DENOMINATOR	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025	VARIATION
1	Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liability	501,089,456	67,064,064	7.47	8.41	-11.16%
2	Debt Equity Ratio	Total Debts	Shareholders Equity	-	629,677,748	0.00	0.00	
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Net Operating Income	Debt Service	-	-	0.00	0.00	
4	Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Profit for the period	Avg. Shareholders Equity	1,953,455	149,629,350	0.01	0.01	6.14%
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of Goods sold	Average Inventory	49,407,826	166,644,526	0.30	0.51	-41.87%
6	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Sales	Average Trade Receivables	45,486,595	18,928,462	2.40	3.68	-34.70%
7	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Total Purchases	Average Trade Payables	18,109,965	29,619,115	0.61	2.61	-76.57%
8	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net Sales	Average Working Capital	45,486,595	446,338,778	0.10	0.20	-49.04%
9	Net Profit Ratio (in %)	Net Profit	Net Sales	1,953,455	45,486,595	0.04	0.02	114.73%
10	Return on Capital employed	EBITDA	Capital Employed	9,528,062	629,677,748	0.004	0.015	-72.92%
11	Return on Investment	Return/Profit/Earnings	Investment / Fixed Assets	35,748,946	431,703,107	0.08	0.08	-0.35%
Reason for variation in ratio above 25%								
The Company has few slow moving inventory leading to decrease in inventory turnover ratio								
The Company has received better credit terms and subsequently allowed better credit terms to its debtors in order to be competitive leading to variation in debtor, creditors and capital turnover								
The company has increased its operational efficiency leading to better profitability ratio								
As per our report of even date attached			For and on behalf of the board					
For Jayesh R Shah & Co.								
Chartered Accountants								
Firm Registration Number: 104182W								
			Yogesh Shah		Bhavin Shah			
			Managing Director		Director			
			DIN: 00169189		DIN: 03129574			
Kruti H Doshi								
Partner								
Membership Number: 605915			Jigar Shah		Nipa Thakker			
			Chief Financial Officer		Company Secretary			
Place: Mumbai			Place: Mumbai					
Date: 30/05/2026			Date: 30/05/2026					

BOOK-POST

To, _____



Mumbai Office:

629-A, Gazdar House, 1st Floor,
Nr. Kalbadevi Post Office,
J. S. S. Road, Mumbai – 400002.
Tel: +91 22 22072641/42/43
Email: info@veerenergy.net