



FASHIONS LIMITED

A Govt. Recognised Export House

Date: 28.05.2026

Men's fashion technology

To,
The Manager
Department of Corporate Relations,
The Stock Exchange Mumbai
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Tower,
Dalal Street
Mumbai-400001

Scrip Code: 521206

SUBJECT: Outcome of Board Meeting held today i.e. Thursday, 28th May, 2026 pursuant to regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Dear Sir,

Pursuant to provisions of Regulation 30 and other applicable Regulations, if any, of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, We would like to inform you that in the Meeting held today, Thursday, 28th May, 2026 have inter-alia considered, approved and taken on record the following:

- i. The Standalone Audited Financial Results of Samtex Fashions Limited for the 4th quarter and financial year ended 31st March, 2026 duly reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee along with Auditor's Report.
- ii. The Consolidated Audited Financial Results of Samtex Fashions Limited for the 4th quarter and financial year ended 31st March, 2026 duly reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee along with Auditor's Report.
- iii. The Board has not recommended any dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2026.
- iv. The Board has reviewed and updated the existing Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information enclosed as Annexure II.

The Standalone and Consolidated audited Financial Results are being uploaded on the Company's website www.samtexfashions.com and the said results are also being published in the newspaper as required under the SEBI Listing regulations.

It is further informed that the Meeting of the Board of Directors commenced at 04:00 P.M and concluded at 05:45 P.M.

Kindly take note the same on your records.

Thanking You,

For SAMTEX FASHIONS LIMITED

Rinki Rani
Company Secretary
(M. No.:-A51516)

Encl: as above

SAMTEXFASHIONS LIMITED

Regd. Office & Works: Khasra No. 62, D1/3 Industrial Area Rajarampur, Sikandrabad, Bulandshahr UP 203205 IN

CIN: L17112UP1993PLCO22479, Email Id: samtex.compliance@gmail.com, website: www.samtexfashions.com

STATEMENT OF STANDALONE AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(INR In Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended			Year Ended	
		31.03.2026	31.12.2025	31.03.2025	31.03.2026	31.03.2025
		Audited	Un-audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
1	Revenue from Operations	-	-	-	-	-
2	Other Income	0.14	-	0.07	0.14	0.22
3	Total Income	0.14	-	0.07	0.14	0.22
4	Expenses					
	(i) Cost of material consumed	-	-	-	-	-
	(i) Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	-	-	-	-	-
	(II) Change in Stock-in-Trade	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) Employee Benefit Expenses	3.05	2.89	3.35	11.72	10.79
	(iii) Finance Cost	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03
	(iv) Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses	-	-	-	-	-
	(v) Other expenses	4.26	5.46	3.71	20.22	18.97
5	Total Expenses	7.32	8.36	7.08	31.96	29.79
	Profit before extraordinary items & taxes(3-5)	-7.18	-8.36	-7.01	-31.82	-29.57
	Exceptional Items	-	-	-	-	-
	Profit before taxes	-7.18	-8.36	-7.01	-31.82	-29.57
7	Tax expenses					
	(i) Current tax	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) Deferred tax	-	-	-	-	-
8	Total Tax Expense	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other comprehensive income, net of income tax					
	(i) (a) Items that will not be re-classified to the profit or loss	0.54	0.03	0.02	0.64	0.34
	(b) Income Tax relating to items that will not be re-classified to the profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) (a) items that will be re-classified to the profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) Income tax relating to items that will be re-classified to the profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-
10	Total other comprehensive income, net of income tax	0.54	0.03	0.02	0.64	0.34
11	Total Comprehensive income for the period	-6.64	-8.32	-6.99	-31.18	-29.23
12	Paid up equity shares	1,490.00	1,490.00	1,490.00	1,490.00	1,490.00
	Face Value per equity share	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
13	Earnings per share :					
	Basic	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.04	-0.04
	Diluted	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.04	-0.04

NOTES

- In terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, these results along with the report of the auditors have been re-viewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors in their respective meetings held on May 28, 2026.
- These results have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other recognised accounting practices and policies to the extent applicable.
- The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 are the balancing figures between audited figures in respect of full financial year ended March 31, 2026 and the unaudited published year to date figures upto December 31, 2025, being the end of the third quarter of the financial year which were subjected to limited review.
- The figures of the last periods have been regrouped, wherever necessary, to conform to the current quarter's classifications

Place: New Delhi
Date: 28.05.2026



SAMTEX FASHIONS LIMITED

Regd. Office & Works: Khasra No. 62, D1/3 Industrial Area Rajarampur, Sikandrabad, Bulandshahr UP 203205 IN

CIN: L17112UP1993PLC022479, Email: samtex.compliance@gmail.com, Website: samtexfashions.com

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026

Particulars	Note No	INR ' in Lakhs	
		As at March 31, 2026	As at 31 March 2025
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	3	266.69	266.69
Financial Assets			
Investments	4	150.01	150.01
Trade receivables	5	552.93	587.34
Other financial assets	6	7.42	7.42
Deferred tax assets, net	7	132.28	132.28
Other non current assets	8	118.68	118.68
Total Non-current Assets		1,228.01	1,262.42
Current assets			
Inventories	9	25.32	25.32
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	1.41	1.13
Bank balances	11	12.28	12.06
Other financial assets	12	0.44	0.60
Current Tax Assets, net	13	26.81	26.71
Other current assets	14	95.73	91.78
Total Current Assets		161.99	157.60
Total Assets		1,390.00	1,420.02
EQUITY and LIABILITIES			
Equity Share Capital	15	1,491.80	1,491.80
Other Equity	16	-1,521.75	-1,490.56
Total Equity		-29.95	1.24
Non-current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	17	630.56	630.56
Provisions	18	11.84	11.83
Total Non-current liabilities		642.40	642.39
Current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables	19		
- total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		2.87	2.80
- total outstanding dues of others		755.81	759.82
Other current liabilities	20	18.87	13.77
Total Current liabilities		777.55	776.39
Total liabilities		1,419.95	1,418.78
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,390.00	1,420.02



SAMTEX FASHIONS LIMITED

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2026

Particulars	INR ' in Lakhs	
	For the year ended	For Year ended
	31st March 2026	31 March 2025
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit for the year	-31.83	-29.57
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	-	-
(Gain)/Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	-
(Gain)/Loss on disposal of Investments	-	-
(Gain)/Loss on investments measured at fair value through profit and loss	-	0.34
Amount charged directly to Other Comprehensive Income	0.02	0.03
Finance Cost	-0.14	-0.22
Interest Income		
Operating profit before working capital changes	-31.95	-29.42
Adjustment for (increase) / decrease in operating assets		
Trade receivables	34.41	19.75
Other financial assets	0.16	0.14
Other assets	-3.96	0.99
Adjustment for (Increase) / decrease in operating liabilities		
Trade payables	-3.94	-0.26
Other Financial Liabilities	-	12.66
Other Liabilities	5.10	-4.00
Cash generated from operations	-0.18	-0.14
Income tax paid (net)	0.21	-0.08
Net cash generated by operating activities	0.03	-0.22
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
(Increase) /decrease in other bank balances	-0.21	-0.28
Interest received	0.14	0.22
Net cash (used in) / generated by investing activities	-0.07	-0.06
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Finance cost	-0.02	-0.03
Other Equity	0.34	-
Net cash used in financing activities	0.32	-0.03
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	0.28	-0.31
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1.13	1.43
Exchange gain loss on Cash and cash equivalents	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1.41	1.13
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents with Balance Sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents includes		
Cash on hand	0.23	0.23
Balances with Banks	1.18	0.90



For Samtex Fashions Limited
 Atul Mittal
 Chairman & Managing Director
 DIN: 00223366



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To

The Board of Directors of

Samtex Fashions Limited.

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying statement of Standalone financial results of Samtex Fashions Ltd ("the Company"), for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2026, attached herewith, being submitted by the Company pursuant to the Requirement of Regulations 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("Listing Regulations")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of matters described in the 'Basis of Qualified Opinion' and 'Emphasis of Matter' section of our report, the aforesaid statements:

- I. are presented in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Regulations in this Regard, and
- II. give a true and fair view in conformity Indian Accounting Standard and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the loss, the total comprehensive income, and other financial information of the Company for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2026.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Results* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

a) Non-Recognition of Impairment and Non-Charge of Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment

- i. Originally the plant of the company was setup at NSEZ, Noida which was later on shifted outside NSEZ during the FY 2017-18 and in march 2019 the company further changed its business premises from time to time and since then no manufacturing activity has been carried on. The Company is required to determine impairment in respect of fixed assets. However the Company has not done impairment testing. In the absence of any working for impairment of the fixed assets as per Ind AS 36, the impact of impairment, if any on the financial statements is not ascertainable. The depreciation has not been charged on its property, plant and equipment during the quarter and year ending 31.03.2026.

b) Unconfirmed and Long-Outstanding Trade Receivables — ECL Not Recognised

Balance of debtors are outstanding from long period and are subject to confirmation and consequential effect if any on the financial statements remains uncertain. The trade receivables of the company could not be verified as the confirmation of balances have not been provided and made available to us. Trade receivables amounting to Rs 587.34 lacs which are long overdue and not provided for. Allowance for expected credit loss have not been recognized on these financial assets. The company has neither carried out impairment exercises of Trade Receivables nor provided for the same and recognized the same as non-current assets since long outstanding. In the absence of recovery and confirmation from the party, we are unable to comment on the recoverability and consequential impact of reconciliation and adjustment arising there from in the results, if any, is not ascertainable. The company has not followed the treatment for recognition and re measurement of employee benefit costs as detailed in the Ind As 19.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

The company has accumulated losses and net worth of the company is continuously eroding .During the year, the net worth of the company is negative. The company has incurred a net loss during the current and previous year(s) and the current liabilities exceeds its current assets. Moreover, no business activity has been undertaken throughout the year and earlier years. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the financial statements of the company have been prepared on a going concern basis.

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as going concern and therefore the company may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As a result of ongoing matters, we are unable to determine as to whether any adjustment that would have been necessary and required to be made in respect of trade receivable, trade payables, borrowings, current liabilities, loans and advances and contingent liabilities as at 31st March, 2026 and in respect of the corresponding possible impact of such items and associated elements on the statement for the year ended on that date, should the group be unable to continue as a going concern. The ultimate outcome of these matters is at present not ascertainable. Accordingly, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact. if any, on the accompanying consolidated financial statements. However, the financial statements of the group have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Emphasis of Matter

- i. The company had already given a corporate guarantee for an amount of Rs 807.46 crores against secured loans taken by its wholly owned subsidiary, namely M/s SSA International Limited, which has been classified as nonperforming assets by the banks. The company has also received the notice u/s 13(2) of the SARFAESI Act 2002 from consortium of banks for revocation of its corporate

guarantee. The company has also received a notice from IDBI Bank Ltd as to why the company along with its subsidiary SSA International Ltd (Main Borrower) and others should not be declared as wilful defaulters. The consortium bankers have filed a petition against the holding company and its subsidiary M/s SSA International Limited regarding recovery of the outstanding dues, before the Debt Restructuring Tribunal-II, Delhi, and the company has received an intimation vide O.A 530/18 dated 24/05/2018. Further, IDBI Bank has declared the main borrower (M/s SSA International Ltd), its directors and Guarantors (including M/s Samtex Fashions Ltd) as willful defaulters in terms with RBI Guidelines. The updated details of proceedings against the company and its subsidiary M/s SSA International Ltd has not been made available, in absence of such details we are unable to comment on the possible impact, if any, arising out of the said matters.

- ii. We have not been provided with sufficient, appropriate audit evidence relating to physical verification/ availability of fixed assets and inventory. Pending completion of such verification, we are unable to comment on the possible impact, if any, arising out of the said matters.
- iii. The company had given loans and advances as on 31.03.2026 which are outstanding from long time. In the absence of recovery and confirmation from the party, we are unable to comment on the recoverability and consequential impact of reconciliation and adjustment arising there from in the results, if any, is not ascertainable. Moreover, we have not been provided with justification giving said advance and sufficient, appropriate audit evidence relating to verification of the same. Pending completion of such verification/ reconciliation, we are unable to comment on the possible impact, if any, arising out of the said matters.
- iv. As of 31st March 2026, inventories amounting to Rs 25.31 lacs and as no business activity has been taken out during the year and earlier years, the inventories have not been used for a long period of time, the company has not provided for if any inventory item is damaged or has become obsolete or if the selling price has declined.
- v. The Company continued to recognize deferred tax assets amounting Rs.132.28 Lacs during the year, in absence of probable certainty and convincing evidence for taxable income in future, we are unable to ascertain the extent to which these deferred tax assets can be utilized.
- vi. The company is regular in payments of undisputed statutory dues towards PF, TDS during the year. Balances of input tax credit under goods and service tax are not in confirmation with balances as appearing in the online portal.
- vii. The Identification and classification of trade payable dues to MSME and trade payable dues other than MSME of Micro, Small and Medium enterprises is based on the management's knowledge of their status.
- viii. Balance of trade payables are outstanding from long period and are subject to confirmation and consequential effect if any on the financial statements remains uncertain. The trade payables of the company could not be verified as the confirmation of balances have not been provided and made available to us.
- ix. Confirmation of balances of, security deposits, balances with government authorities, bank balances, Bank FDRs have not been provided to us, we are unable to comment on the possible impact, if any, arising out of the said matters.
- x. As informed to us the bank accounts of the company were put on debit freeze by EPF department and we have not been provided with detailed explanation regarding the litigation with the EPF

department. Moreover, several litigations are ongoing with the Income Tax Department against which the company has also deposited Rs 118.68 lacs for different financial years under protest, however we have not been provided with details and current status of the said litigations. We are unable to comment on possible impact, if any arising out of the said matter.

Our report is not modified in respect of the above matter stated.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Results

The Statement has been prepared on the basis of the annual financial statements. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for preparation and presentation of the statement that give a true and fair view of the net loss and other comprehensive income of the Company and other financial information in accordance with applicable accounting standard prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with relevant rule there under and other accounting principles generally accepted in India in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from

fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the statement, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud

may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness and reasonableness of disclosures made by the Board of Directors in terms of the requirements specified under Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Director use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
-
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the statement, including the disclosures, and whether the statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

1. The accompanying statement includes the result for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 being the balance figure between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year ended March 31, 2025 and the published unaudited year-to-date figures to the third quarter of the current financial year, which were subject to a limited review by us, as required under the Listing Regulation.

**KAPIL KUMAR AND CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

**3RD FLOOR, SRK MALL,
14 MALL ROAD, AMRITSAR.**

For Kapil Kumar & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 006241N



Mohit Kakkar

Partner

Membership No.: 538844

UDIN: 26538844RMTWLK2190

Place: New Delhi

Date: 28 May 2026

**3rd Floor, SRK Mall,
14 Mall Road, Amritsar
Pin Code- 143001**

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Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along with Annual Audited Financial Results - (STANDALONE)

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026
 [See Regulation 33 / 52 of the SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016]

I.	Sl. No.	Particulars	Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications)	Adjusted Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications)
	1	Turnover / Total income	0.14	Not ascertainable
	2	Total Expenditure	31.96	
	3	Net Profit/(Loss)	(31.82)	
	4	Earnings Per Share	(0.04)	
	5	Total Assets	1390	
	6	Total Liabilities	1390	
	7	Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management)	-	

II. Audit Qualification (each audit qualification separately):

a. Details of Audit Qualification: **As per Annexure 1**

b. Type of Audit Qualification: Qualified Opinion

c. Frequency of qualification: Repetitive

d. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: **As per Annexure 1**

e. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:

(i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification: **As per Annexure 1**

(ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same: **As per Annexure 1**

(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above: **As per Annexure 1**

Signatories:

- CEO/Managing Director
- CFO
- Audit Committee Chairman
- Statutory Auditor

[Handwritten signatures for CEO/Managing Director, CFO, and Audit Committee Chairman]



Place: New Delhi
Date: 28.05.2026

1. Impact is not quantified by Auditor

i) **Audit Qualification**

Originally the plant of the company was setup at NSEZ, Noida which was later on shifted outside NSEZ during the FY 2017-18 and in march 2019 the company further changed its business premises from time to time and since then no manufacturing activity has been carried on. The Company is required to determine impairment in respect of fixed assets. However, the Company has not done impairment testing. In the absence of any working for impairment of the fixed assets as per Ind AS 36, the impact of impairment, if any on the financial statements is not ascertainable. The depreciation has not been charged on its property, plant and equipment during the quarter and year ending 31.03.2026..

Management View

As per management opinion the impairment testing of PPE requires hiring of independent professional firm to ascertain the condition of PPE, however due to delayed availability of information and financial resources the impairment testing process could not be undertaken..

Auditors Comment

Quantification is not possible at present based on the information and explanation provided by the management.

ii) **Audit Qualification**

Balance of debtors are outstanding from long period and are subject to confirmation and consequential effect if any on the financial statements remains uncertain. The trade receivables of the company could not be verified as the confirmation of balances have not been provided and made available to us. Trade receivables amounting to Rs 587.34 lacs which are long overdue and not provided for. Allowance for expected credit loss have not been recognized on these financial assets. The company has neither carried out impairment exercises of Trade Receivables nor provided for the same and recognized the same as non-current assets since long outstanding. In the absence of recovery and confirmation from the party, we are unable to comment on the recoverability and consequential impact of reconciliation and adjustment arising there from in the results, if any, is not ascertainable. The company has not followed the treatment for recognition and re measurement of employee benefit costs as detailed in the Ind As 19.

Management View

The Management is trying to recover the debts hence no provision is required to be made. Further, The company has not undertaken any business activity during the year and moreover majority of the employees of the company left the company and their dues are settled full and final over the period of time. Considering this fact, the company has not followed the treatment for recognition and remeasurement of employee benefit costs as detailed in the Ind AS 19.

Auditors Comment

Quantification is not possible at present based on the information and explanation provided by the management.

SAMTEXFASHIONS LIMITED

Regd. Office & Works: Khasra No. 62, D1/3 Industrial Area Rajarampur, Sikandrabad, Bulandshahr UP 203205 IN

CIN: L17112UP1993PLCO22479, Email Id: samtex.compliance@gmail.com, website: www.samtexfashions.com

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

Sr. No.	Particulars	Consolidated			(INR 'In Lakhs)	
		Quarter Ending			Year Ended	
		31.03.2026	31.12.2025	31.03.2025	31.03.2026	31.03.2025
	Audited	Un-audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	
1	Revenue from Operations					
2	Other Income	6.03	-	1.40	7.69	3.13
3	Total Income	6.03	-	1.40	7.69	3.13
4	Expenses					
	(i) Cost of material consumed					
	(i) Purchases of Stock-in-Trade					
	(II) Change in Stock-in-Trade					
	(ii) Employee Benefit Expenses	4.12	4.09	4.55	16.39	15.60
	(iii) Finance Cost	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.05
	(iv) Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses	-	-	-	-	-
	(v) Other expenses	11.96	2.36	-	28.34	27.04
5	Total Expenses	16.10	6.46	4.58	44.77	42.69
	Profit before extraordinary items & taxes(3-5)	-10.07	-6.46	-3.18	-37.08	-39.56
	Exceptional Items					
	Profit before taxes	-10.07	-6.46	-3.18	-37.08	-39.56
7	Tax expenses					
	(i) Current tax	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) Deferred tax	-	-	-	-	-
8	Total Tax Expense	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other comprehensive income, net of income tax					
	(i) (a) Items that will not be re-classified to the profit or loss	17.33	8.55	0.17	41.27	11.47
	(b) Income Tax relating to items that will not be re-classified to the profit or loss					
	(ii) (a) items that will be re-classified to the profit or loss					
	(b) Income tax relating to items that will be re-classified to the profit or loss					
10	Total other comprehensive income, net of income tax	17.33	8.55	0.17	41.27	11.47
11	Total Comprehensive income for the period	7.26	2.09	-3.01	4.19	-28.09
12	Paid up equity shares capital	1,490.00	1490.00	1,490.00	1,490.00	1,490.00
	Face value per equity share	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
13	Earnings per share :					
	Basic	0.01	0.01	-0.00	0.01	-0.04
	Diluted	0.01	0.01	-0.00	0.01	-0.04

NOTES

- In terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, these results along with the report of the auditors have been re-viewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors in their respective meetings held on May 28, 2026.
- These results have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other recognised accounting practices and policies to the extent applicable.
- The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 are the balancing figures between audited figures in respect of full financial year ended March 31, 2026 and the unaudited published year to date figures upto December 31, 2025, being the end of the third quarter of the financial year which were subjected to limited review.
- The figures of the last periods have been regrouped, wherever necessary, to conform to the current quarter's classifications.

Place: New Delhi

Date: 28.05.2026



SAMTEX FASHIONS LIMITED

Regd. Office & Works: Khasra No 62, D1/3 Industrial Area Rajarampur, Sikandrabad, Bulandshahr UP 203205 IN

CIN: LI7112UP1993PLC022479, Email: samtex.compliance@gmail.com, Website: samtexfashions.com

STATEMENT OF ASSETS & LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026

Particulars	Note No	INR ' in Lakhs	
		As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	3	6,083.32	6,083.32
Capital work in progress	4	170.34	170.34
Other Intangible assets	5	0.59	0.59
Financial Assets			
Trade receivables	6	28,477.48	28,470.64
Other financial assets	7	366.42	366.41
Deferred tax assets, net	8	92.53	92.53
Other non current assets	9	216.85	216.85
Total Non-current Assets		35,407.53	35,400.68
Current assets			
Inventories	10	25.32	25.32
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	11	60.40	57.45
Bank balances	12	40.64	40.43
Other financial assets	13	4.08	4.25
Current Tax Assets, net	14	60.68	60.39
Other current assets	15	299.85	293.76
Total Current Assets		490.97	481.60
Total Assets		35,898.50	35,882.28
EQUITY and LIABILITIES			
Equity Share Capital	16	1,491.80	1,491.80
Other Equity	17	-25,451.39	-25,455.57
Total Equity		-23,959.59	-23,963.77
Non-current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	18	690.06	686.06
Provisions	19	11.83	11.83
Total Non-current liabilities		701.89	697.89
Current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	20	55,635.91	55,623.91
Trade Payables	21		
- total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		2.87	2.80
- total outstanding dues of others		835.01	836.44
Other financial liabilities	22	2,633.45	2,633.45
Other current liabilities	23	48.96	51.56
Total Current liabilities		59,156.20	59,148.16
Total liabilities		59,858.09	59,846.05
Total Equity and Liabilities		35,898.50	35,882.28

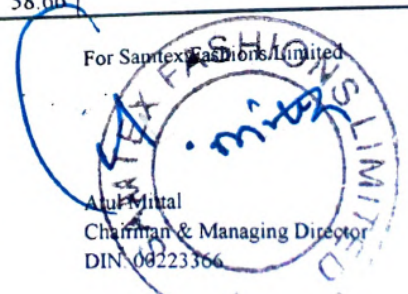


SAMTEX FASHIONS LIMITED

Cash Flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2026

INR ' in Lakhs

Particulars	For Year ended 31 March 2026	For Year ended 31 March 2025
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit for the year	-37.09	-39.56
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	-	-
(Gain)/Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	-
(Gain)/Loss on disposal of Investments	-	-
(Gain)/Loss on investments measured at fair value through profit & loss	-	-
Amount charged directly to Other Comprehensive Income	-	11.47
Finance Cost	0.04	0.05
Interest Income	-2.56	-3.13
Operating profit before working capital changes	-39.61	-31.17
Adjustment for (increase) / decrease in operating assets		
Trade receivables	-6.84	8.45
Other financial assets	0.16	-0.04
Other assets	-6.09	-1.15
Adjustment for (Increase) / decrease in operating liabilities		
Trade payables	-1.36	0.16
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-
Other Liabilities	-2.60	13.25
Provisions	-	-4.00
Cash generated from operations	-56.34	-14.50
Income tax paid (net)	29.51	-0.31
Net cash generated by operating activities	-26.83	-14.81
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
(Increase) /decrease in other bank balances	-0.21	-0.55
Interest received	2.56	3.13
Net cash (used in) / generated by investing activities	2.35	2.58
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from short term borrowings	12.00	-
Proceeds from long term borrowings	4.00	10.50
Finance cost	-0.04	-0.05
Other Equity	11.47	-
Net cash used in financing activities	27.43	10.45
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2.95	-1.78
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	57.45	59.24
Exchange gain loss on Cash and cash equivalents	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	60.40	57.45
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents with Balance Sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents includes		
Cash on hand	1.74	1.70
Balances with Banks	58.66	55.75



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To

The Board of Directors of

Samtex Fashions Limited.

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Results

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Consolidated Financial Results of M/s Samtex Fashions Ltd ("the Parent") and its subsidiaries (the Parent and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its share of the net profit/(loss) after tax and total comprehensive income / loss of its associates and joint ventures for the year ended 31/03/2026 ("the Statement"), being submitted by the Parent pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of matters described in the 'Basis of Qualified Opinion' and 'Emphasis of Matter' section of our report, the aforesaid statements:

- I. Includes the results of the following entities:
 - i. M/s SSA International Ltd (along with its wholly owned subsidiary M/s Lina Global INC).
 - ii. M/s Arlin Foods Ltd
- II. are presented in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Regulations in this Regard, and
- III. give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" (Ind AS 34") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the loss, the total comprehensive income, and other financial information of the group for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2025.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards

are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Results* section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there

under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

- a) The wholly owned subsidiary M/s SSA International Ltd has defaulted in repayment obligations towards banking institutions.. As per the explanation and information furnished to us, the management was not in position to estimate or calculate the interest payable on debts due to bankers as since past many years they have not received any account statement or other relevant documentation from the bankers. Moreover the company is of the opinion as per the Prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to Advances, The policy of income recognition has to be objective and based on the record of recovery. Internationally income from non-performing assets (NPA) is not recognized on accrual basis but is booked as income only when it is actually received. Therefore, the banks should not charge and take to income account interest on any NPA. On an account turning NPA, banks should reverse the interest already charged and not collected by debiting Profit and Loss account, and stop further application of interest. Correspondingly the company has not recognized the interest expenses. However the non-recognition of interest expenses is not in accordance with Ind AS on borrowing costs requirement. In absence of information we are not able to comment upon impact, if any. However, following the RBI Prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to Advances, the company has not made provision for interest on debts due to bankers after adjudication by DRT.
- b) The wholly owned subsidiary M/s SSA international Ltd had received notice of sale of assets situated at Samalkha, District, Panipat Haryana from IDBI Bank and further the company has informed that it has come to their knowledge through newspaper advertisement that the consortium member banks have executed auction of its assets at Samalkha plant. However, in absence of any information regarding the sale of assets i.e. detail of assets sold by bank, value at which the said sale transaction has been undertaken, bank wise utilization of amount received against said sale, the company has not taken into consideration the said transaction while preparing its financial statements as on 31.03.2026 and had the company recorded the said transaction the value of property plant and equipment along with depreciation charged would reduce and the amount owed to the financial institutes would also reduced with the amount received on account of said auction sale. Further there would arise profit or loss on sale of assets and taxation implication on said transaction which will ultimately results in increase or decrease in current year profit/ loss as well as accumulated losses. Further it has come to our knowledge that similarly the consortium bankers have executed sale of assets of directors/ guarantors mortgaged with them during the year as well as earlier years and adjusted the amount received on said auction sale with amount owed by the company to

the financial institutions, however the company has not recorded the effect of such transaction in its financial statements. We the Auditor, in our independent capacity tried to communicate with bankers to provide the detail of assets in possession and the transactions done by bankers with respect to these assets, however no response has been received. Therefore, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact of adjustment arising there from in the results, if any, is not ascertainable.

a) Non-Recognition of Impairment and Non-Charge of Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment

Originally the plant of the holding company was setup at NSEZ, Noida which was later on shifted outside NSEZ during the FY 2017-18 and in march 2019 the company further changed its business premises from time to time and since then no manufacturing activity has been carried on. The group is required to determine impairment in respect of fixed assets. However the group has not done impairment testing. In the absence of any working for impairment of the fixed assets as per Ind AS 36, the impact of impairment, if any on the financial statements is not ascertainable. The Group company has not charged any depreciation on its property, plant and equipment during the year ending 31.03.2026

b) Unconfirmed and Long-Outstanding Trade Receivables — ECL Not Recognised

Balance of debtors are outstanding from long period and are subject to confirmation and consequential effect if any on the financial statements remains uncertain. The trade receivables of the company could not be verified as the confirmation of balances have not been provided and made available to us. Trade receivables amounting to Rs 28477.48 lacs which are long overdue and not provided for. Allowance for expected credit loss have not been recognized on these financial assets. The company has neither carried out impairment exercises of Trade Receivables nor provided for the same and recognized the same as non-current assets since long outstanding. In the absence of recovery and confirmation from the party, we are unable to comment on the recoverability and consequential impact of reconciliation and adjustment arising there from in the results, if any, is not ascertainable. The group has not followed the treatment for recognition and remeasurement of employee benefit costs as detailed in the Ind As 19.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

The Group has made losses during the current year and the preceding year. As a result of the losses, the liquidity position of the group has been substantially affected, the net worth of group has fully eroded and group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets as at the balance sheet date,

adversely affecting the operations of the group. Moreover, no business activity has been undertaken throughout the year, indicating the existence of uncertainty about the ability of the group to continue as a going concern.

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the group's ability to continue as going concern and therefore the group may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As a result of ongoing matters, we are unable to determine as to whether any adjustment that would have been necessary and required to be made in respect of trade receivable, trade payables, borrowings, current liabilities, loans and advances and contingent liabilities as at 31st March, 2026 and in respect of the corresponding possible impact of such items and associated elements on the statement for the year ended on that date, should the group be unable to continue as a going concern. The ultimate outcome of these matters is at present not ascertainable. Accordingly, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact, if any, on the accompanying consolidated financial statements. However, the financial statements of the group have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Emphasis of Matter

- i. The group has not under taken any business activity during the year.
- ii. The holding company had already given a corporate guarantee for an amount of Rs 807.46 crores against secured loans taken by its wholly owned subsidiary, namely M/s SSA International Limited, which has been classified as nonperforming assets by the banks. The company has also received the notice u/s 13(2) of the SARFAESI Act 2002 from consortium of banks for revocation of its corporate guarantee. The consortium bankers have filed a petition against the holding company and its subsidiary M/s SSA International Limited regarding recovery of the outstanding dues, before the Debt Restructuring Tribunal-II, Delhi, and the company has received an intimation vide O.A 530/18 dated 24/05/2018. Further, IDBI Bank has declared the main borrower (M/s SSA International Ltd), its directors and Guarantors (including M/s Samtex Fashions Ltd) as willful defaulters in terms with RBI Guidelines and further the IDBI Bank pursuant to provisions of SARFAESI Act 2002 has taken over the possession of premises of M/s SSA International Ltd at Village Patti Kalyan Tehsil Samalkha District Panipat, Haryana. The updated details of proceedings against the company and its subsidiary M/s SSA International Ltd has not been made available, in absence of such details we are unable to comment on the possible impact, it any, arising out of the said matters.
- iii. Confirmation of balances are not available for loans, trade payables, security deposits, balances with government authorities, bank balances, FDR's along with interest thereon and bank loans as at March 31, 2026. That is why the transactions (if any) made by the banks in the accounts of the company could not be reconciled in the absence of information bank account statements of these accounts. Further, the amount of interest accrued on deposits with bank as per the Form 26 As has been adjusted with the amount

- owed to the banking institutions. Moreover, there are several bank current accounts having balances amounting to Rs 51.65 lacs as on 31.03.2026 as per books of accounts of the subsidiary company M/s SSA International Ltd, no transactions have been made in these accounts during the year and we have not been provided with the bank account statements of these accounts to confirm the balances. In absence of such details we are unable to comment on the possible impact, it any, arising out of the said matters.
- iv. The group had given loans and advances as on 31.03.2026, majority of which are outstanding from long time. In the absence of recovery and confirmation from the party, we are unable to comment on the recoverability and consequential impact of reconciliation and adjustment arising there from in the results, if any, is not ascertainable. Moreover, we have not been provided with justification giving said advance and sufficient, appropriate audit evidence relating to verification of the same. Pending completion of such verification/ reconciliation, we are unable to comment on the possible impact, it any, arising out of the said matters.
 - v. We have not been provided with sufficient, appropriate audit evidence relating to physical verification/ availability of fixed assets and inventory. Pending completion of such verification we are unable to comment on the possible impact, it any, arising out of the said matters.
 - vi. As of 31st March 2026, the holding company's inventory amounting to Rs 25.32 lacs and as no business activity has been taken out during the year, the inventories have not been used for a long period of time, the company has not provided for if any inventory item is damaged or has become obsolete or if the selling price has declined.
 - vii. The group is not regular in payments of undisputed statutory dues towards PF,VAT, TDS during the year. Balances of input tax credit under goods and service tax are not in confirmation with balances as appearing in the online portal.
 - viii. We have not been provided with sufficient, appropriate audit evidence relating to classification of trade payable dues to MSME and trade payable dues other than MSME. Pending completion of such verification/ reconciliation, we are unable to comment on the possible impact, it any, arising out of the said matters.
 - ix. The holding company continued to recognize deferred tax assets up to March 31, 2026, in absence of probable certainty and convincing evidence for taxable income in future, we are unable to ascertain the extent to which these deferred tax assets can be utilized.
 - x. As informed to us the bank accounts of the holding company were put on debit freeze by EPF department last year and we have not been provided with detailed explanation regarding the litigation with the EPF department. Moreover, several litigations are ongoing with the Income Tax Department against which the holding company has also deposited Rs 118.67 lacs for different financial years under protest, however we have not been provided with details and current status of the said litigations. We are unable to comment on possible impact, if any arising out of the said matter.
 - xi. As informed to us , the company has taken the one time settlement scheme for settlement of long arrears of CST Liability in which government offers discount upto 60% of the tax

and 100% of interest & penalty with conditions prescribed by government in the notification no. 59-2025/Ext. dated 27.03.202. The company made payment under OTS scheme of Rs. 2.75 Lacs and waiver of income of Rs. 5.12 lacs disclosed as other income in Profit and loss and CST liability of Rs 7.88 lacs is reduced from Other Current liability.

Our report is not modified in respect of the above matter stated.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Results

The Statement has been prepared on the basis of the annual financial statements. The holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for preparation and presentation of the statement that give a true and fair view of the net loss and other comprehensive income of the group and other financial information in accordance with applicable accounting standard prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with relevant rule there under and other accounting principles generally accepted in India in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the statements, the respective Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Respective Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

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- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the statement, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- Evaluate the appropriateness and reasonableness of disclosures made by the Board of Directors in terms of the requirements specified under Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Respective Board of Director use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the statement, including the disclosures, and whether the statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the Financial Results of the group to express an opinion on the Financial Results. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

1. The consolidated financial results include the unaudited financial statements/ financial information of M/s Lina Global Inc (wholly owned subsidiary of M/s SSA International Ltd) whose Ind AS Financial Statements reflect total assets of Rs 35898.50 Lakhs as at 31st March, 2026, total

revenue of Rs. Nil for the year ended on that date. This financial statements/ financial information is unaudited and have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiary is based solely on such unaudited financial statements/financial information. We are not in a position to comment on the consequential impact, if any, arising out of subsequent audit of these entities, on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

2. The accompanying statement includes the result for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 being the balance figure between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year ended March 31, 2026 and the published unaudited year-to-date figures to the third quarter of the current financial year, which were subject to a limited review by us, as required under the Listing Regulation.

For Kapil Kumar & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 006241N

Mohit Kakkar

Partner

Membership No.: 538844

UDIN: 26538844ZEUGAF9097



Place: New Delhi

Date: 28 May, 2026

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along-with Annual Audited Financial Results - (CONSOLIDATED)

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026
 [See Regulation 33 / 52 of the SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016]

I.	Sl. No.	Particulars	Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications)	Adjusted Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications)
	1	Turnover / Total income	7.69	Not ascertainable
	2	Total Expenditure	44.77	
	3	Net Profit/(Loss)	-37.08	
	4	Earnings Per Share	0.01	
	5	Total Assets	35898.50	
	6	Total Liabilities	35898.50	
	7	Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management)	-	

- II. Audit Qualification (each audit qualification separately):**
- a. Details of Audit Qualification: **As per Annexure 2**
 - b. Type of Audit Qualification : Qualified Opinion
 - c. Frequency of qualification: repetitive
 - d. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: **As per Annexure 2**
 - e. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:
 - a. (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification: **As per Annexure 2**
 - b. (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same: **As per Annexure 2**
 - c. (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above: **As per Annexure 2**

Signatories:

- CEO/Managing Director
- CFO
- Audit Committee Chairman
- Statutory Auditor

[Handwritten signatures for CEO/Managing Director, CFO, and Audit Committee Chairman]



Place: New Delhi
Date: 28.05.2026

Annexure 2

1. Impact is not quantified by Auditor

i) **Audit Qualification**

The wholly owned subsidiary M/s SSA International Ltd has defaulted in repayment obligations towards banking institutions.. As per the explanation and information furnished to us, the management was not in position to estimate or calculate the interest payable on debts due to bankers as since past many years they have not received any account statement or other relevant documentation from the bankers. Moreover the company is of the opinion as per the Prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to Advances, The policy of income recognition has to be objective and based on the record of recovery. Internationally income from non-performing assets (NPA) is not recognized on accrual basis but is booked as income only when it is actually received. Therefore, the banks should not charge and take to income account interest on any NPA. On an account turning NPA, banks should reverse the interest already charged and not collected by debiting Profit and Loss account, and stop further application of interest. Correspondingly the company has not recognized the interest expenses. However the non-recognition of interest expenses is not in accordance with Ind AS on borrowing costs requirement. In absence of information we are not able to comment upon impact, if any. However, following the RBI Prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to Advances, the company has not made provision for interest on debts due to bankers after adjudication by DRT.

Management View

The Accounts of the company were classified as NPA during FY 16-17 and since than we were not able to obtain our bank loan account statements from various consortium member banks and as result of which we were not able to estimate the amount exactly owed by us to bank and interest charged by banks on the said borrowings and amount collected by bank by executing auction sale of assets of the company or its promoter/guarantor.

Auditors Comment

Quantification is not possible at present based on the information and explanation provided by the management.

ii) **Audit Qualification**

The wholly owned subsidiary M/s SSA international Ltd had received notice of sale of assets situated at Samalkha, District, Panipat Haryana from IDBI Bank and further the company has informed that it has come to their knowledge through newspaper advertisement that the consortium member banks have executed auction of its assets at Samalkha plant. However, in absence of any information regarding the sale of assets i.e. detail of assets sold by bank, value at which the said sale transaction has been undertaken, bank wise utilization of amount received against said sale, the company has not taken into consideration the said transaction while preparing its financial statements as on 31.03.2026 and had the company recorded the said transaction the value of property plant and equipment along with depreciation charged would reduce and the amount owed to the financial institutes would also reduced with the amount

received on account of said auction sale. Further there would arise profit or loss on sale of assets and taxation implication on said transaction which will ultimately results in increase or decrease in current year profit/ loss as well as accumulated losses. Further it has come to our knowledge that similarly the consortium bankers have executed sale of assets of directors/ guarantors mortgaged with them during the year as well as earlier years and adjusted the amount received on said auction sale with amount owed by the company to the financial institutions, however the company has not recorded the effect of such transaction in its financial statements. We the Auditor, in our independent capacity tried to communicate with bankers to provide the detail of assets in possession and the transactions done by bankers with respect to these assets, however no response has been received. Therefore, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact of adjustment arising there from in the results, if any, is not ascertainable.

Management View

The management of company has taken an opinion from independent legal counsel and has filed counter claims against the banks under the provisions of Recovery of Debt and Bankruptcy act 1993 and the Board of Director of the company are in process to appoint independent professionals to review the aforesaid matter in order to assess the impact of aforesaid matter if any on the financial statements.

Auditor Comment:

Since the matter is under litigation and in absence of detailed information provided by the management we are unable to determine whether any adjustment is required along with the consequential impact. If any, on the accompanying Standalone Financial Results of the Company.

iii) Audit Qualification

Originally the plant of the holding company was setup at NSEZ, Noida which was later on shifted outside NSEZ during the FY 2017-18 and in march 2019 the company further changed its business premises from time to time and since then no manufacturing activity has been carried on. The group is required to determine impairment in respect of fixed assets. However the group has not done impairment testing. In the absence of any working for impairment of the fixed assets as per Ind AS 36, the impact of impairment, if any on the financial statements is not ascertainable. The Group company has not charged any depreciation on its property, plant and equipment during the year ending 31.03.2026.

Management View

As per management opinion the impairment testing of PPE requires hiring of independent professional firm to ascertain the condition of PPE, however due to delayed availability of information and financial resources the impairment testing process could not be undertaken.

Auditor Comment

Quantification is not possible at present based on the information and explanation provided by the management..

iv) Audit Qualification

Balance of debtors are outstanding from long period and are subject to confirmation and consequential effect if any on the financial statements remains uncertain. The trade receivables of the company could not be verified as the confirmation of balances have not been provided and made available to us. Trade receivables amounting to Rs 28477.48 lacs which are long overdue and not provided for. Allowance for

expected credit loss have not been recognized on these financial assets. The company has neither carried out impairment exercises of Trade Receivables nor provided for the same and recognized the same as non-current assets since long outstanding. In the absence of recovery and confirmation from the party, we are unable to comment on the recoverability and consequential impact of reconciliation and adjustment arising there from in the results, if any, is not ascertainable. The group has not followed the treatment for recognition and remeasurement of employee benefit costs as detailed in the Ind As 19.

Management View

The Management is trying to recover the debts hence no provision is required to be made. Further, The company has not undertaken any business activity during the year and moreover majority of the employees of the company left the company and their dues are settled full and final over the period of time. Considering this fact, the company has not followed the treatment for recognition and remeasurement of employee benefit costs as detailed in the Ind AS 19.

Auditors Comment

Quantification is not possible at present based on the information and explanation provided by the management.

**SAMTEX FASHIONS LIMITED****CODE OF PRACTICES AND PROCEDURES FOR FAIR DISCLOSURE OF
UNPUBLISHED PRICE SENSITIVE INFORMATION
(Pursuant to Regulation 8(1) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015)****I. OBJECTIVE**

The policy on Fair Disclosures and Investor Relations (“Policy”) is adopted by Samtex Fashions Limited together with its subsidiaries (“Company”), pursuant to SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI PIT Regulations”), to the extent applicable. The objectives of this Policy are:

- (i) To lay down general rules for prohibition of insider trading;
- (ii) to ensure fair and prompt public disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (“UPSI”); outside the Company, recognize persons authorized to speak on behalf of the company; and
- (iii) to determine “legitimate purpose” for which UPSI may be shared by an ‘insider’ with persons inside/ outside the Company (example partners, collaborators, lenders, customers, suppliers, merchant bankers, legal advisors, auditors, insolvency professionals or other advisors or consultants).

II. BACKGROUND

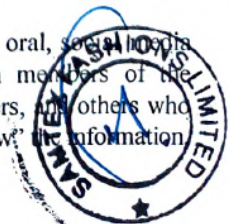
- (i) General rules for prohibition of insider trading:

SEBI PIT Regulations prohibit the communication of UPSI to any person except in compliance with applicable law. Further, trading (directly or indirectly through other persons) in the securities of any company when in possession UPSI is also prohibited under law. Violations of the SEBI PIT Regulations and the securities laws subject insiders to severe penalties including disgorgement of illegal profits, fines and imprisonment as per law. The Company has framed “Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading” which can be accessed at: <https://www.samtexfashions.com/>

- (ii) Fair and prompt public disclosure of UPSI:

Selective or exclusionary disclosure of certain non-public and price sensitive information is prohibited under the SEBI PIT Regulations governing insider trading. This Policy is to ensure that such information is disseminated in an accurate, fair and timely manner to public; and that such information is not selectively disclosed to any one group of stakeholders, to the disadvantage of other stakeholders. Therefore, this Policy requires that, whenever the Company (or a person acting on its behalf) discloses UPSI to certain specified persons (including broker-dealers, analysts and security holders), the Company must simultaneously disseminate the information to the public.

This Policy also governs communications (including but not limited to written, oral, video or audio commentary) by our employees, independent contractors and directors with members of the investment community including analysts, institutional and individual stockholders, and others who are not bound to us by a duty of confidentiality and / or do not have a “need to know” information.



Use of social media platforms to disclose material non-public information is not permissible and would violate provisions of this Policy.

If the Company learns that it (or certain persons acting on its behalf) has unintentionally published price-sensitive information, the Company must publicly disseminate the information promptly and no later than 24 hours after discovering the unintentional disclosure.

(iii) Legitimate Purpose:

Under the SEBI PIT Regulations, there has to be a "legitimate purpose" for which UPSI can be shared in the ordinary course of business by an insider with persons inside/outside the Company (example partners, collaborators, lenders, customers, suppliers, merchant bankers, legal advisors, auditors, insolvency professionals or other advisors or consultants).

(iv) Other relevant policies:

This Policy is in addition to the Company's policy for Determining Materiality for Disclosures, which has been adopted pursuant to Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), and the listing rules of the exchanges on which the Company's shares are listed. The said policy defines material events/information, and the criteria to determine the same as required under the law. When a material event or information triggers disclosure, the Company shall promptly make disclosures to the stock exchanges as per law.

III. AUTHORITIES UNDER THE POLICY

The Company Secretary & Compliance Officer shall act as the Chief Investor Relations Officer ("CIRO") and shall be responsible for dissemination of information and implementation of this Code.

The Company's Managing Director ("MD") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") in consultation with Chief Investor Relations Officer ("CIRO"), shall have the authority to make determinations of matters covered under this Policy with respect to the information disclosed about the Company.

IV. WHAT IS UNPUBLISHED PRICE SENSITIVE INFORMATION

Unpublished Price Sensitive Information means any information, relating to a Company or its securities, directly or indirectly, that is not generally available information which upon becoming generally available, is likely to materially affect the price of the Securities and shall, ordinarily including but not restricted to, information relating to the following:

- (i) Financial results, guidance;
- (ii) Dividends;
- (iii) Change in capital structure;
- (iv) Mergers, de-mergers, acquisitions, delisting, disposals and expansion of business, award or termination of order/contracts not in the normal course of business and such other transactions;
- (v) Changes in key managerial personnel (KMP) as defined under the Companies Act, 2013, other than due to superannuation or end of term, and resignation of a Statutory Auditor or Secretarial Auditor;
- (vi) Change in Rating(s) other than ESG rating(s);
- (vii) Fund raising proposed to be undertaken;
- (viii) Agreements, by whatever name called, impacting the management and control of the company;



- (ix) Fraud or defaults by the company, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, promoter or director of the company, whether occurred within India or abroad;
- (x) Resolution plan/ Restructuring/one-time settlement in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions;
- (xi) Admission of winding-up petition filed by any party/creditors and admission of application by the Tribunal filed by the corporate applicant or financial creditors for initiation of corporate insolvency resolution process against the company as a corporate debtor, approval of resolution plan or rejection thereof under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016;
- (xii) Initiation of forensic audit (by whatever name called) by company or any other entity for detecting mis-statement in financials, misappropriation/ siphoning or diversion of funds and receipt of final forensic audit report;
- (xiii) Action(s) initiated or orders passed within India or abroad by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the listed entity or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the listed entity;
- (xiv) Outcome of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) which may have an impact on the listed entity;
- (xv) Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety, by whatever named called, for any third party, by the company not in the normal course of business
- (xvi) Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals;
- (xvii) Such other matters as may be specified under the SEBI regulations or decided by the Company from time to time.

Explanation 1- For the purpose of sub-clause (ix):

- a. 'Fraud' shall have the same meaning as referred to in Regulation 2(1)(c) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 2003.
- b. 'Default' shall have the same meaning as referred to in Clause 6 of paragraph A of Part A of Schedule III of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("**Listing regulations**").

Explanation 2- For identification of events enumerated in this clause as UPSI, the guidelines for materiality referred at paragraph A of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations as may be specified by SEBI from time to time and materiality as referred at paragraph B of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations shall be applicable."

Information is "non-public" or "unpublished" until it has been widely disseminated to the public (through, for example, a filing with the BSE or a press release) or is accessible to the public on a non-discriminatory basis and the public has had a chance to absorb and evaluate it.

V. PRINCIPLES OF FAIR DISCLOSURE

The Company shall adhere to the following principles:

- (a) prompt public disclosure of UPSI once credible and concrete information comes into existence;
- (b) uniform and universal dissemination of UPSI;
- (c) prompt dissemination of UPSI disclosed selectively, inadvertently or otherwise;
- (d) appropriate and fair response to queries from regulatory authorities;
- (e) ensuring that information shared with analysts and research personnel is not UPSI;
- (f) simultaneous release of investor presentations and press releases to stock exchanges and company's website.



VI. GENERAL GUIDELINES ON EXTERNAL COMMUNICATIONS AND DISCLOSURES

Company personnel should not disclose internal information about the Company to anyone outside the Company, except as required in the performance of regular duties for the Company. When in doubt, one should assume that the information is material and non-public. If employees have any questions as to whether information should be considered "material" or "non-public", they should consult the Chief Investor Relations Officer ("CIRO").

The only persons authorized to speak on behalf of the Company to securities analysts, broker dealers, security holders and any other finance industry professionals are the Company's Managing Director and/or CFO, collectively referred to as "Authorized Spokesperson".

VII. DETERMINING LEGITIMATE PURPOSE:

i) Legitimate purpose:

Legitimate means anything that is conforming to the laws or rule. Hence, a behavior, which is in conformance to the laws, is a legitimate act. Any act done with acceptable principles of reasoning or is sensible and valid and can said to be a legitimate act.

The term "legitimate purpose" shall include sharing of unpublished price sensitive information in the ordinary course of business by an insider with partners, collaborators, lenders, customers, suppliers, merchant bankers, legal advisors, auditors, insolvency professionals or other advisors or consultants, provided that such sharing has not been carried out to evade or circumvent the prohibitions under SEBI PIT Regulations, and provided that such persons have entered in to a Non-Disclosure Agreement with the Company or are otherwise subject to a confidentiality obligation, so that the recipient maintains the confidentiality of (and not inappropriately use) the material non-public information / UPSI.

Any person in receipt of UPSI pursuant to a "legitimate purpose" shall be considered an "insider" for purposes of SEBI PIT Regulations and due notice shall be given to such persons to maintain confidentiality of such UPSI in compliance with SEBI PIT Regulations.

ii) Performance of Duties:

Performance of duties includes any task or performance that qualifies as a duty under a person's course of employment.

iii) Discharge of legal obligations

Discharge of legal obligations includes situations where a person communicates any unpublished information of a company to an outsider as he is bound by the law. Any person in receipt of UPSI pursuant to a "legitimate purpose" shall be considered an "insider" for purposes of these regulations and due notice shall be given to such persons to maintain confidentiality of such UPSI in compliance with SEBI PIT Regulations.

VIII. MAINTENANCE OF STRUCTURED DIGITAL DATABASE

The Compliance Officer ("The Company Secretary of the Company") under the supervision of the Board shall maintain, the nature of UPSI, names of the persons who have shared the information, and so the names of such persons with whom information is shared, along with their PAN (or any other identifier where PAN is not available) in a digital database. (Requirement of PAN or any other



identifier is not applicable to statutory requisitions). A digital database shall be maintained with adequate internal controls and checks such as time stamping and audit trails to ensure non-tampering of the database and non-leakage of UPSI. This database shall be kept confidential and shall not be outsourced. It is the responsibility of share to create login UPSI portal and receiver may create the logs in case of data receipt from external entities.

The Structured digital database shall be preserved for a period of not less than eight years after completion of the relevant transactions and in the event of receipt of any information from SEBI regarding any investigation or enforcement proceedings, the relevant information in the structured digital database shall be preserved till the completion of such proceedings.

IX. DEALING WITH RUMORS

The Company will provide appropriate and fair response to queries on news reports and requests for verification of market rumors, as per "Policy for Determining Materiality for Disclosures" of the Company read with the Listing Regulations and/or SEBI PIT Regulations.

X. VIOLATION OF THIS POLICY

Any violation of this Policy by an employee, director or independent contractor of the Company or any of its subsidiaries shall be brought to the attention of the CISO, the CLO and may constitute grounds for disciplinary action including and up to termination of services.

XI. LIMITATION, REVIEW AND AMENDMENT

In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Policy and of the SEBI PIT Regulations or any other legal requirement ("**Applicable Law**"), the provisions of Applicable Law shall prevail over this Policy. Any subsequent amendment / modification to the Applicable Law shall automatically apply to this Policy.

This Policy/Codes on fair disclosure shall be effective from 28th May, 2026. The Board may review and amend this Policy from time to time, as may be deemed necessary.

