SAKUMA
EXPORTS LIMITED
SA-KU-SA-MA
EXPORTERS & IMPORTERS
(A GOVERNMENT OF INDIA RECOGNISED FOUR STAR TRADING HOUSE)
AN ISO 9001 : 2008 CERTIFIED COMPANY
(CIN: L51909MH2005PLC155765)

301-A, Aurus Chambers, S. S. Amrutwar Lane,
Nr. Mahindra Tower, Worli, Mumbai 400 013.
Phone : 2499 9021 / 2499 9022
Fax : +91-22-2499 9024 / 27
Email : info@sakumaexportsltd.com
Website : www.sakumaexportsltd.com

Date: 03rd September, 2026

To,
Department of Corporate Services,
National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.
Exchange Plaza, Plot no. C/1, G Block,
Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (E)
Mumbai – 400 051
Symbol: SAKUMA

To,
The Department of Corporate Services,
BSE Limited,
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001
Scrip Code: 532713

SUB: ANNUAL REPORT 2025-26.

Dear Sir,

The company is submitting herewith the Annual Report for the FY 2025-26 along with the approved Notice for the Annual General Meeting to be held on Tuesday, 29nd day of September, 2026 at 11:00 A.M. through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM).

Yours Sincerely,
For SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED

Pooja Malhotra
Digitally signed by Pooja Malhotra
Date: 2026.09.03 14:18:11 +05'30'

(Pooja Malhotra)
Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer

Sakuma Exports Limited

21st Annual Report 2025 -2026





SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra – Chairman & Managing Director
Ms. Shipra Malhotra – Non-Executive Director
Mr. Vivek Grover – Non-Executive Non-Independent Director
Mr. Guniteshvir Singh Sohal – Non-Executive Independent Director
Mr. Rahul Dixit – Non-Executive Independent Director
Mr. Amit Amist – Non-Executive Independent Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Guniteshvir Singh Sohal, Chairman
Mr. Rahul Dixit
Mr. Amit Amist

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Mr. Guniteshvir Singh Sohal, Chairman
Ms. Shipra Malhotra
Mr. Amit Amist

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Guniteshvir Singh Sohal, Chairman

Mr. Rahul Dixit

Ms. Shipra Malhotra

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra, Chairman
Ms. Shipra Malhotra
Mr. Amit Amist

AUDITORS:

Statutory Auditors:
M/s. Ramesh M Sheth & Associates,
Chartered Accountants

Secretarial Auditors:
M/s. Rajeev Bhambri & Associates,
Company Secretaries

COMPANY SECRETARY
Ms. Pooja Malhotra

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
Mr. Devesh Mishra

BANKERS

Bank of Maharashtra
IndusInd Bank
SVC Corporative Bank
Deutsche Bank AG

REGISTERED OFFICE

Aurus Chamber, A 301, Near Mahindra Tower,
S S Amrutwar Lane, Worli, Mumbai – 400 013
CIN: L51909MH2005PLC155765
Email: companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com
Tel: 022 2499 9021 / 22
Fax: 022 – 2499 9024 / 27
Website: www.sakumaexportsltd.com

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

Bigshare Services Private Limited
Office No. S6-2, 6th Floor, Pinnacle Business Park,
Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road,
Andheri (East), Mumbai: 400 093.
Tel: 022 6263 8200
Email: investor@bigshareonline.com

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NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twenty-first Annual General Meeting of the members of **SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED** will be held on Tuesday, 29th day of September, 2026 at 11:00 A.M. through Video Conferencing ("VC") to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To consider and adopt the:
   - Audited Standalone Annual Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026 and the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors' thereon; and
   - Audited Consolidated Annual Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026, and the Report of the Auditors' thereon.
2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Vivek Grover (DIN: 035994740), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

By order of the Board For Sakuma Export Limited

Place: Mumbai | **Pooja Malhotra**
Date: 29th August, 2026 | **Company Secretary & Compliance Officer**

NOTES:

General Instructions for Accessing and participating in the 21st AGM through VC / OAVM Facility and Voting through Electronic means including Remote E- Voting.

1. Pursuant to the General Circulars 10/2022 and General Circulars 03/2025 dated 22.09.2025 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated January 5, 2023 issued by SEBI (hereinafter collectively referred to as "the Circulars"), companies are allowed to hold AGM through VC, without the physical presence of members at a common venue. Hence, in compliance with the Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC.
2. **ONLY A MEMBER IS ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE AGM THROUGH VC / OAVM**. In terms of provisions of Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of himself / herself and such proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since, this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
3. The Company has appointed Bigshare Services Private Limited to provide Video Conferencing facility for the Annual General Meeting and the attendant enablers for conducting of the AGM. The proceedings of the AGM will be web- casted live for all the shareholders who hold shares as on cut-off date i.e. 23rd September, 2026. The shareholders can use the instructions below for the live proceedings of the AGM on Tuesday, 29th September, 2026 from 11.00 a.m. onwards. Members will have the option to cast their votes either 3 days prior to the date of AGM (Remote E-Voting) or during the AGM (E-Voting). The instructions to vote by remote e-voting and e-voting has been provided below
4. The members can join the AGM 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the AGM by following the procedure mentioned in this Notice. The facility to join the AGM will be made available for 1,000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include Large Shareholders (holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.

5. In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote at the AGM.

6. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 91 of the Act, the Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company shall remain closed on all days from Thursday, 24th September, 2026 to Tuesday, 29th September, 2026 (both days inclusive).

7. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.

8. The scanned copies of Register of Directors' and Key Managerial Personnel and their Shareholding maintained under Section 170 and Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which Directors are interested under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM.

9. Relevant documents referred to in the accompanying Notice are open for inspection by the Members through electronic mode, basis on the request being sent at companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com.

10. Members desiring any relevant information about the financial statements and/or operations of the Company are requested to write to the Company at least seven days in advance, so as to enable the Company to keep the information ready. Members can also email their queries at the email address of Ms. Pooja Malhotra, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, at companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com.

11. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2020, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2025-2026 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company / Depositories. In line with the MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at https://www.sakumaexportsltd.com/annual-report.html. The Notice can also be accessed from the website of the Stock Exchanges i.e. National Stock Exchanges of India Limited at https://www.nseindia.com and BSE Limited at https://www and will be made available if a request is sent to the Company at companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com.

12. We urge members to support our commitment to environmental protection by choosing to receive the Company's communication through email. Members holding shares in demat mode, who have not registered their email addresses are requested to register their email addresses with their respective Depository Participant, and members holding shares in physical mode are requested to update their email addresses with the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent i.e. Bigshare Services Private Limited so that they can receive Annual Report 2025 - 26 and any other communication by the Company from time to time in electronic mode. Members may follow the process detailed below for registration of email ID to obtain the report, obtain other communication from time to time as well as updating bank account details.

   - **Physical Shareholders:**

     For availing the following investor services, send a written request in the prescribed forms to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent i.e. Bigshare Services Private Limited either by email at investor@bigshareonline.com or by post or courier to Office No. S6-2, 6th Floor, Pinnacle Business Park, Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai: 400 093.

Form for availing investor services to register PAN, email address, bank details and other KYC details or changes / update thereof for securities held in physical mode	Form ISR – 1
Update of signature of securities holder	Form ISR – 2
For nomination as provided in the Rules 19 (1) of Companies (Share capital and debenture) Rules, 2014	Form SH – 13
Declaration to opt out	Form ISR – 3
Cancellation of nomination by the holder(s) (along with ISR-3) / Change of Nominee	Form SH – 14
Form for requesting issue of Duplicate Certificate and other service requests for shares / debentures / bonds, etc., held in physical form	Form ISR – 4

- **Demat Shareholders:**

  Please contact your DP and register your email address and bank account details in your demat account, as per the process advised by your DP.

  This will enable them to receive communication by the Company from time to time in electronic form. Members of the Company, who have registered their e-mail ID, are entitled to receive such communications in physical form upon request.

13. **SEBI has mandated the submission of PAN, KYC details and nomination by holders of physical securities by 1st October, 2023, and linking PAN with Aadhaar by 30th June, 2023 vide its circular dated 3rd November, 2021, 15th December, 2021 and 16th March, 2023. Shareholders are requested to submit their PAN, KYC and nomination details to the Company's registrars and share transfer agent i.e. M/s. Bigshare Services Private Limited at investor@bigshareonline.com.**

    Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their depository participant(s).

14. **Special Window for Transfer and Dematerialisation of Physical Securities**

    Special Window for Transfer and Dematerialisation of Physical Securities: SEBI issued this circular on January 30, 2026. It is part of the "Ease of Doing Investment" initiative. The order creates a one-year "Special Window" to resolve legacy physical share transfer.

    Timeline: The window is strictly active from February 5, 2026, to February 4, 2027.

    Eligibility: Applicable to old transfer deeds executed before April 2019 that were rejected, returned, or never submitted due to document gaps.

    Mandatory Demat: Shares will not be reissued as paper certificates. The RTA will credit them directly to your Demat account.

    Lock-in Period: Shares processed under this window face a mandatory one-year lock-in post-transfer. They cannot be sold, pledged, or moved during this time.

15. As per Regulation 40 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, as amended, securities of listed companies can only be transferred in demat form. In view of this and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management, Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holding to demat form. Members can contact the Company or its Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

16. Under the Act, dividends that are unclaimed / unpaid for a period of seven (7) years from the date of their transfer are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) administered by the Central Government. An amount of Rs. 1,04,162.06/- being unclaimed / unpaid final dividend of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2018 was transferred to IEPF. The last date for claiming unclaimed and unpaid dividends declared by the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2019 and thereafter is as under:

    For Equity Shareholders:

Financial Year	Date of Declaration of Divided	Last Date of claiming UnpaidDividend
Final Dividend 2018 – 2019	24.09.2019	29.10.2026
Final Dividend 2019 – 2020	10.12.2020	14.01.2028
Final Dividend 2020 – 2021	29.09.2021	03.11.2028
Final Dividend 2021 – 2022	29.09.2022	03.11.2029
Final Dividend 2022 – 2023	29.09.2023	03.11.2030
Final Dividend 2023 – 2024	25.07.2024	29.07.2031

    Members who have not encashed their dividend warrants so far in respect of the aforesaid periods, are requested to make their claims to M/s. Bigshare Services Private Limited, Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company (RTA) or the Company Secretary of the Company, at the Company's Registered Office, well in advance of the above due dates.

Pursuant to the provisions of IEPF Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 (IEPF Rules), the Company has uploaded the details of unpaid and unclaimed amounts lying with the Company as on 31st March, 2026 on the website of the Company (www.sakumaexportsltd.com) and also on the website of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (www.mca.gov.in).

Further, pursuant to the provisions of Section 124 of the Act, read with the relevant Rules made thereunder, shares on which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven (7) consecutive years or more shall be transferred to the IEPF Authority as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

In accordance with the IEPF Rules, the Company has sent notices to all the Shareholders whose shares are due for transfer to the IEPF Authority and has also published the details thereof in notices published in newspapers.

The shareholders whose dividend / shares is / will be transferred to the IEPF Authority may claim the shares or apply for refund by making an application to the IEPF Authority by following the procedure as detailed in the IEPF Rules and as enumerated on the website of IEPF Authority at http://www.iepf.gov.in/IEPF/refund.html.

17. Information about additional details of the Directors along with their brief profile who are seeking appointment/ re-appointment as set out at item no. 2 of the Notice dated 29.08.2026 as required under Regulation 36 of the Listing Regulations, as amended and the Secretarial Standards on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ('ICSI') is given below:

Name	Mr. Vivek Grover
Director Identification Number (DIN)	03594740
Date of Birth	24th March, 1974
Nationality	Indian
Date of Appointment on Board	29th May, 2017
Qualifications	Bachelor's degree in chemical engineering
Shareholding in Sakuma Exports Limited	Nil
In case of Non-Executive Director the shareholding including shareholding as Beneficial Owner.	Nil
Expertise in specific functional areas	Marketing, business development

Terms and Conditions of reappointment	Seeking re-appointment after retiring by rotation; No terms of re-appointment.
Remuneration last drawn (including sitting fees, commission if any)	Sitting Fees: Rs: 2,00,000
Remuneration proposed to be paid	Sitting Fees: upto Rs. 50,000 per meeting
Relationships with other Director / Key Managerial Personnel	Brother in law of Managing Director
Number of meetings of the board attended during the financial year 2025-26	5
Directorships in other Public Limited Companies along with listed entities from which the person has resigned in the past three years.	Nil
Memberships of Committees in other Public Limited Companies (includes only Audit & Shareholders /Investors Grievances Committee)	Nil
In case of Independent Directors, the skills and capabilities required for the role and the manner in which the proposed person meets such requirements.	N.A.

As the 21st AGM is being held through VC, Route Map is not annexed to the notice.

THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:

i. **The voting period begins on Saturday, 26th September, 2026 at 9:00 A.M. and ends on Monday, 28th September, 2026 at 5:00 P.M. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of <23rd September, 2026> may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by Bigshare for voting thereafter.**

ii. **Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.**

iii. **Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.**

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

iv. **In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.**

1. **Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode is given below:**

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi/Easiest is **https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasitoken/home/login or visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then use your existing my easi username & password.** **After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of BIGSHARE the e-Voting service provider and you will be re-directed to i-Vote website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. BIGSHARE, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.** **If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasitoken/Registration/EasiRegistration** **Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link https://evoting.cdslindia.com/Evoting/EvotingLogin The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress, and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers. Click on BIGSHARE and you will be re-directed to i-Vote website for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period.**

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: **https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name BIGSHARE and you will be re-directed to i-Vote website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.** **If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp** **Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name BIGSHARE and you will be redirected to i-Vote website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting** **For OTP based login you can** click on **https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/evoting/evotinglogin.jsp. You will have to enter your 8-digit DP ID,8-digit Client Id, PAN No., Verification code and generate OTP. Enter the OTP received on registered email id/mobile number and click on login. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page with all e-Voting Service Providers. Click on BIGSHARE and you will be re-directed to i-vote (E-voting website) for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.**
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants	**You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.**

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at **helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free No. 1800 22 55 33.**
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at **evoting@nsdl.com or call at 022- 48867000.**

2. **Login method for e-Voting for shareholder other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat mode & physical mode is given below:**

   You are requested to launch the URL on internet browser: **https://ivote.bigshareonline.com**

   - **Click on "LOGIN" button under the 'INVESTOR LOGIN' section to Login on E-Voting Platform.**
   - **Please enter you 'USER ID' (User id description is given below) and 'PASSWORD' which is shared separately on you register email id.**
     - o **Shareholders holding shares in CDSL demat account should enter 16 Digit Beneficiary ID as user id.**
     - o **Shareholders holding shares in NSDL demat account should enter 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID as user id.**
     - o **Shareholders holding shares in physical form should enter Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company as user id.**

     Note If you have not received any user id or password please email from your registered email id or contact i-vote helpdesk team. (Email id and contact number are mentioned in helpdesk section).
   - **Click on I AM NOT A ROBOT (CAPTCHA) option and login.**

     NOTE: If Shareholders are holding shares in demat form and have registered on to e-Voting system of https://ivote.bigshareonline.com and/or voted on an earlier event of any company then they can use their existing user id and password to login.
   - **If you have forgotten the password: Click on 'LOGIN' under 'INVESTOR LOGIN' tab and then Click on 'Forgot your password?**
   - **Enter "User ID" and "Registered email ID" Click on I AM NOT A ROBOT (CAPTCHA) option and click on 'Reset'.**

     (In case a shareholder is having valid email address, Password will be sent to his / her registered e-mail address).
     Voting method for shareholders on i-Vote E-voting portal:
   - **After successful login, Bigshare E-voting system page will appear.**
   - **Click on "VIEW EVENT DETAILS (CURRENT)" under 'EVENTS' option on investor portal.**
   - **Select event for which you are desire to vote under the dropdown option.**
   - **Click on "VOTE NOW" option which is appearing on the right hand side top corner of the page.**
   - **Cast your vote by selecting an appropriate option "IN FAVOUR", "NOT IN FAVOUR" or "ABSTAIN" and click on "SUBMIT VOTE". A confirmation box will be displayed. Click "OK" to confirm, else "CANCEL" to modify. Once you confirm, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.**
   - **Once you confirm the vote you will receive confirmation message on display screen and also you will receive an email on your registered email id. During the voting period, members can login any number of times till they have voted on the resolution(s). Once vote on a resolution is casted, it cannot be changed subsequently.**
   - **Shareholder can "CHANGE PASSWORD" or "VIEW/UPDATE PROFILE" under "PROFILE" option on investor portal.**

3. **Custodian registration process for i-Vote E-Voting Website:**

- You are requested to launch the URL on internet browser: **https://ivote.bigshareonline.com**
- **Click on "REGISTER" under "CUSTODIAN LOGIN", to register yourself on Bigshare i-Vote e-Voting Platform.**

  Enter all required details and submit.

  After Successful registration, message will be displayed with "User id and password will be sent via email on your registered email id".

  NOTE: If Custodian have registered on to e-Voting system of https://ivote.bigshareonline.com and/or voted on an earlier event of any company then they can use their existing user id and password to login.
- **If you have forgotten the password: Click on 'LOGIN' under 'CUSTODIAN LOGIN' tab and further Click on 'Forgot your password?**
- **Enter "User ID" and "Registered email ID" Click on I AM NOT A ROBOT (CAPTCHA) option and click on 'RESET.**

  (In case a custodian is having valid email address, Password will be sent to his / her registered e-mail address).

  Voting method for Custodian on i-Vote E-voting portal:
- **After successful login, Bigshare E-voting system page will appear.**

  Investor Mapping:
- **First you need to map the investor with your user ID under "DOCUMENTS" option on custodian portal.**
  - **Click on "DOCUMENT TYPE" dropdown option and select document type power of attorney (POA).**
  - **Click on upload document "CHOOSE FILE" and upload power of attorney (POA) or board resolution for respective investor and click on "UPLOAD".**

  Note: The power of attorney (POA) or board resolution has to be named as the "InvestorID.pdf" (Mention Demat account number as Investor ID.)
  - **Your investor is now mapped and you can check the file status on display.**

    Investor vote File Upload:
- **To cast your vote select "VOTE FILE UPLOAD" option from left hand side menu on custodian portal.**
- **Select the Event under dropdown option.**
- **Download sample voting file and enter relevant details as required and upload the same file under upload document option by clicking on "UPLOAD". Confirmation message will be displayed on the screen and also you can check the file status on display (Once vote on a resolution is casted, it cannot be changed subsequently).**
- **Custodian can "CHANGE PASSWORD" or "VIEW/UPDATE PROFILE" under "PROFILE" option on custodian portal.**

  Helpdesk for queries regarding e-voting:

Login type	Helpdesk details
Shareholder's other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat mode & Physical mode.	In case shareholders/ investor have any queries regarding E-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ('FAQs') and i-Vote e-Voting module available at **https://ivote.bigshareonline.com, under download section or you can email us to ivote@bigshareonline.com or call us at: 022-62638338**

4. **Procedure for joining the AGM/EGM through VC/ OAVM:**

For shareholder other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat mode & physical mode is given below:

The Members may attend the AGM through VC/ OAVM at **https://ivote.bigshareonline.com** **under Investor login by using the e-voting credentials (i.e., User ID and Password).**

- **After successful login, Bigshare E-voting system page will appear.**
- **Click on "VIEW EVENT DETAILS (CURRENT)" under 'EVENTS' option on investor portal.**
- **Select event for which you are desire to attend the AGM/EGM under the dropdown option.**
- **For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VOTE NOW" "VC/OAVM" link placed beside of "VIDEO CONFERENCE LINK" option.**
- **Members attending the AGM/EGM through VC/ OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.**

The instructions for Members for e-voting on the day of the AGM/EGM are as under:-

- **The Members can join the AGM/EGM in the VC/ OAVM mode 15 minutes before the scheduled time of the commencement of the meeting. The procedure for e-voting on the day of the AGM/EGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.**
- **Only those members/shareholders, who will be present in the AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM/EGM.**
- **Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the EGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM/EGM.**

Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may register themselves as a speaker by sending a request from their registered email address mentioning their name, DPID and CLID / Folio number, mobile number at **companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker latest by 11.00 a.m., Sunday, 20th September, 2026 will only be allowed to express their views or ask questions during the AGM.**

Helpdesk for queries regarding virtual meeting:

In case shareholders/ investor have any queries regarding virtual meeting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ('FAQs') available at https://ivote.bigshareonline.com, under download section or you can email us to ivote@bigshareonline.com or call us at: 1800 22 54 22, 022-62638338

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e-mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com.

In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at **step 1 (A**) i.e. Login method for e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.

1. In terms of SEBI circular dated 9th December, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

Other Notes:

1. A person, whose name appears in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date, Wednesday, 23rd September, 2026 shall only be entitled to remote e-voting and attend the AGM. The voting rights shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date. A Member joining the AGM, who have not already cast their vote by means of remote e-voting, shall be able to exercise their right to vote through e-voting at the AGM. A Member who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM, may also join the AGM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
2. Any person, who acquires share(s) of the Company and becomes member of the Company after dispatch of the notice of AGM and holding share(s) as on the cut-off date, Wednesday, 23rd September, 2026, may obtain the User ID and Password by sending a request at ivote@bigshareonline.com and copy at companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com. However, if you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-Voting then you can use your existing User ID and Password to cast your vote.
3. The Board of Directors has appointed Mr. Rajeev Bhambri, Proprietor of M/s. Rajeev Bhambri & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries as Scrutinizers to scrutinize the voting process (including the Ballot Form received from the Members who do not have access to the e-voting process) in a fair and transparent manner.
4. The Scrutinizer shall, after the conclusion of e-Voting at the AGM, first download the votes cast at the AGM and then unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting and shall make, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report. The results of the e-Voting will be declared by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing within 2 working days from the conclusion of the AGM.
5. The results shall be declared not later than 2 working days from conclusion of the AGM and the resolutions will be deemed to be passed on the AGM date subject to receipt of the requisite number of votes in favor of the Resolutions. The results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report will be placed on the website of the Company at www.sakumaexportsltd.com and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and BSE Limited (BSE) and will be available on their respective websites at www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com, where the Equity Shares of the Company are listed and shall be displayed at the Registered Office of the Company.

By order of the Board
For Sakuma Export Limited

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29th August, 2026

Pooja Malhotra
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

BOARD'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED

The Directors take pleasure in presenting the Twenty-First Annual Report together with the Audited Annual Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026. The Management Discussion and Analysis has also been incorporated into this report.

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS:

Key highlights of standalone and consolidated financial results for Sakuma Exports Limited for the financial year 2025 – 26 are tabulated below:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	2025 – 26	**2024 – 25**	**2025 – 26**	**2024 – 25**
Sales & Other Income	1,46,528.85	1,93,121.75	1,71,745.27	2,30,201.94
Profit Before Depreciation & Tax	1356.03	1,984.26	1,509.30	2,289.76
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)	29.60	6.18	29.60	6.18
Depreciation	270.17	218.45	270.17	218.45
Profit Before Tax	1,085.86	1,765.81	1,238.86	2,071.31
Provision for Tax:				
- Current Tax	309.58	513.18	30.6.89	538.23
- Deferred Tax	-	24.25	-	24.25
- Income Tax of Earlier Years	58.92	21.13	58.92	21.13
Minority Interest and share of loss of associate				
Net Profit After Tax	825.24	1,205.17	980.93	1,485.62
Add: Surplus from Previous Period	18,245.03	17,196.63	35,355.51	34,026.67
Profit Available for Appropriation	19,070.27	18,401.80	36,336.44	35,512.28
Appropriation				
Dividend on Equity Shares	-	(156.77)	-	(156.77)
Dividend Tax	-	-	-	-
Adjustment relating to Minority Interest	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Statutory Reserve	-	-	-	-
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	19,070.27	18,245.03	36,336.44	35,355.51

There was no revision in the Financial Statements.

2. HIGHLIGHTS OF PERFORMANCE: Standalone Financials:

- Total Standalone Turnover for the year decreased by 24.13% to Rs. 1,46,528.85 lakhs as compared to Rs. 1,93,121.75 lakhs in previous year.
- Total Standalone Profit before Tax for the year was Rs. 1,085.86 lakhs as compared to Rs. 1,765.81 1 lakhs in previous year, Consolidated Financials:
- Total Consolidated Turnover for the year decreased by 25.40% to Rs. 1,71,745.27 lakhs as compared to Rs. 2,30,201.94 lakhs in previous year.
- Total Consolidated Profit before Tax for the year was Rs. 1,509.30 lakhs as compared to Rs 2,289.76 lakhs in previous year.
- Working of Subsidiaries:

The overall performance of 2 major subsidiary Companies in general were satisfactory considering the current weak economic environment prevailing in the global markets particularly in West Asia. Sakuma Exports Pte. Ltd., Singapore posted a turnover of USD 40,40,000 during the year as against USD 5,94,000 recorded in the previous year. A decrease in top line on y-o-y basis. Net Profit after tax of this subsidiary for the year stands at USD (25667) (Previous Year USD 99,878). The performance of another subsidiary in Dubai namely, Sakuma Exim DMCC subsidiary clocked a turnover of AED 2,67,85,062 during the year (Previous Year AED 5,12,08,205). A rise in Net Profit to AED 1,87,078 (Previous year AED 5,47,335).The performance of another subsidiary in London namely Sakuma Impex Limited achieved turnover of Sterling Pound 1,27,28,932.84 as against the previous year turnover of Sterling Pound 2,33,66,070.62.

3. **TRANSFER TO RESERVES:**

Your Company does not propose to transfer any amount to the General Reserves.

4. **DIVIDEND:**

Directors have not declared any dividend for the financial year 2025 – 26.

5. **BUSINESS OPERATIONS REVIEW AND FUTURE PROSPECTS:**

Global markets remained in a cautious but gradually stabilizing, with the IMF projecting growth at approximately 3.1% in FY 2025-26. The operating environment was shaped by a complex mix of cyclical headwinds and powerful structural tailwinds, testing enterprise resilience across economies. Against this backdrop, we continued to navigate trade. These developments, however, accelerated a structural realignment in global sourcing. As buyers actively diversify procurement to build more resilient, multi-geography supply chains, Indian exporters with scale, compliance mechanisms and consistent quality are gaining greater relevance.

While India is navigating near-term headwinds, the core drivers of its long term growth—strong domestic demand, structural reforms and a resilient economic foundation—remain intact. A Nation on the Rise India's economic progress in recent years has been encouraging. Our GDP continues to grow among the fastest globally, supported by structural reforms and a policy environment that fosters investment and enterprise.

The Indian economy demonstrated resilience amid trade tensions with the US and registered a growth of 7.6% in FY 2026, as per the Second Advanced Estimates. The manufacturing sector remained a major driver of growth in the last two years. Private final consumption expenditure – the mainstay of aggregate demand – revived and recorded a growth of 7.7% in FY 2026 while gross fixed capital formation expanded by 7.1% in FY 2026, higher than 6.4% growth seen in FY 2025. The inflationary conditions during FY 2026 also remained benign with CPI Inflation registering an average growth of 2.1% during the year. Additionally, progress in summer crop area coverage remained satisfactory till the end of April despite concerns over the potential impact of El-Nino on water availability which will help maintain agriculture production.

The near-term environment will continue to present challenges. However, India has consistently demonstrated resilience, emerging stronger through periods of uncertainty.

The overall government policies continued to remain committed towards containing food inflation and balance domestic demand and supply of essential commodities, which impacted Company's performance during the year to some extent.

Sugar export business remained un-remunerative & un-competitive since setting of new season owing to subdued global prices/demand followed by the conflict in the Middle East which completely halted shipping services to West Asia & Africa impacting export business very badly.

The Company was timely able to develop & expand domestic trade of Sugar and other Agri Commodities having pan-India spread and maintained growth trajectory by established supply chain of Maize to multigrain refineries for production of Ethanol. Your company also developed robust supply chain business of bulk Sugar to Industrial & Institutional consumers which has been growing at a fast pace. These diversifications will help sustain the growth in the businesses of the Company.

Our people are our biggest asset, and we believe that investing in our people is an investment for the future. We continue to foster a culture that empowers our people to grow – both professionally and personally, alongside the business towards building a future-ready workforce. Year in retrospect – Operational Performance: In the year under review, the Company achieved on consolidated basis operational revenue of Rs 1,70,828.24 Lakhs and Rs. 2,28,955.46 Lakhs. Overall turnover on consolidated basis was at Rs. 1,708.28 Crore (Previous year Rs2,289.55 Crore) with EBITDA at Rs. 16.38 Crore (Previous year Rs. 26.38 Crore). PAT at Rs.9.51 Crore (Previous year Rs. 14.79 Crore). On Standalone basis turnover was at Rs. 1450.86 Crore (previous year Rs1,922.41Crore) with EBITDA at Rs 14.85 Crore (Previous year Rs. 23.33 Crore) with PAT at Rs.7.96 Crore (previous year Rs. 11.99 Crore). Your Company's performance for the year 2025-26 has to be viewed in the context of the aforesaid challenging economic and market environment. Going forward, on the positive side India remains the fastest growing major economy in the World. The pace of GDP growth is together momentum in the medium term on the back of favorable global economies tailwinds, pickup in private investment and implementation of key policy reforms. Working of Subsidiaries: The overall performance of 3 major subsidiary Companies in general were not satisfactory considering the current weak economic environment prevailing in the global markets particularly in West Asia. Sakuma Exports Pte. Ltd., Singapore posted a turnover of USD 40,40,000 during the year as against USD 5,94,000 recorded in the previous year. An increase in top line on y-o-y basis. Net Profit after tax of this subsidiary for the year stands at USD (25667) (Previous Year USD 99,878). The performance of another subsidiary in Dubai namely, Sakuma Exim DMCC subsidiary clocked a turnover of AED 2,67,85,062 during the year (Previous Year AED 5,12,08,205). A decline in Net Profit to AED 1,87,078 (Previous year AED 5,47,335). The performance of another subsidiary in London namely Sakuma Impex Limited at its initial year of business posted a top line of Sterling Pound 12728933 as compared to previous year Sterling Pound (2,33,66,070.62.). Net Profit after tax of this subsidiary for the year stands at Sterling ound 48588 as compared to (Previous Year Sterling Pound 59,533)

6. **DISCLOSURES UNDER SECTION 134 (3) (l) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:**

No material changes and commitments which could affect your Company's financial position have occurred between the end of the financial year of your Company i.e. 31st March, 2026 and date of this report i.e. 29th August, 2026.

7. **SHARE CAPITAL:**

The paid-up equity share capital as on 31st March, 2026 was Rs. 156.77 Crore. There is no change in the Paid-up Capital of the Company during the year.

Your Company has not issued shares with differential voting rights nor granted stock options nor sweat equity. The Promoter and Promoter Group are holding 72,56,81,185 shares equivalent to 46.29% of the total issued and paid-up share capital.

8. **TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCATION & PROTECTION FUND:**

During the year 2025 – 26, unclaimed Dividend of Rs.1,04,162.06/-was required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund established by the Central Government, in compliance with Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016. The Company has transferred the said amount to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. The said amount represents Final Dividend for the financial year 2017 – 18 which remain unclaimed for a period of 7 years from its due date of payment.

9. **TRANSFER OF EQUITY SHARES ON UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO THE INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND:**

In line with the statutory requirements, your Company is in the process of transferring to the credit of the Investor Education and Protection Fund set up by the Government of India, equity shares in respect of which dividend had remained unpaid / unclaimed for a period of seven (7) consecutive years within the time lines laid down by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

The Company has not transferred any shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more to Investor Education and Protection Fund on account of reconciliation of list of shareholders between the Company and Big share Services Private Limited, Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent and bank.

10. **DIRECTORS:**

1.1 **Retirement by Rotation:**

Pursuant to Section 152 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and in terms of the Articles of Association of your Company, Mr. Vivek Grover (DIN: 03594740), Director, retires by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.

1.2 **Changes in the Board of Directors of the Company:**

During the financial year 2025 – 26, there was no change in the Board of the Company.

1.3 **Declaration by Independent Directors:**

Your Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of your Company confirming that they meet with the criteria of independence as prescribed both, under Sub-Section 6 of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and under Regulation 16 (1) (b) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and pursuant to Regulation 25 of the said Regulations that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgment and without any external influence.

The Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors of the Company possess requisite qualifications, experience and expertise in the fields of finance, people management, strategy, auditing, tax advisory services and they hold highest standards of integrity.

Regarding proficiency, the Company has adopted requisite steps towards the inclusion of the names of all Independent Directors in the databank maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs, Manesar ('IICA'). Accordingly, the Independent Directors of the Company have registered themselves with the IICA.

1.4 **Familiarization Program for Independent Directors:**

The Program intends to provide insights into your Company so that the Independent Directors can understand your Company's business in depth and the roles, rights, responsibility that they are expected to perform / enjoy in your Company to keep them updated on the operations and business of your Company thereby facilitating their active participation in managing the affairs of your Company. In addition to the above, Directors are periodically advised about the changes effected in the Corporate Law, SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 with regards to their roles, rights and responsibilities as Directors of your Company.

1.5 **Annual Performance Evaluation:**

The annual performance evaluation of the Independent Directors and Board Committees i.e. Audit, Stakeholders Relationship and Nomination & Remuneration Committees was carried by the entire Board and the annual performance evaluation of the Chairman, Board as a whole, Non – Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors.

The annual performance evaluation was carried out in accordance with the criteria laid down by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of your Company and as mandated under the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time.

1.6 **Key Managerial Personnel:**

The following persons have been designated as Key Managerial Personnel of your Company pursuant to Section 2(51) and Section 203 of the Act, read with Rule 8 (5) (iii) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 framed thereunder:

1. Mr. Saurabh Malhotra – Chairman & Managing Director
2. Mr. Devesh Mishra – Chief Financial Officer
3. Ms. Pooja Malhotra - Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer (Appointed w.e.f. 22.07.2025 in place of Ms. Surbhi Nahata)

During the financial year, there was no other change amongst key managerial personnel. None of the Directors have attained the age of 75 years.

1.7 **Remuneration Policy:**

The Board has in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, formulated the policy setting out the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director and policy relating to remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Employees. The detail of the same has been disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report.

1.8 **Board Meetings:**

During the financial year your Company has held 7 (Seven) Board Meetings which were held on 10.04.2025; 30.05.2025, 22.07.2025; 13.08.2025; 26.08.2025; 14.11.2025 and 14.02.2026. The maximum interval between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days. As per Section 167 (1) (b), all the directors have attended at least one Board Meeting held during the financial year.

11. **PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:**

During the year, there was no employee in receipt of remuneration in excess of limit as prescribed in Rule 5 (2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. The prescribed particulars of Employees as required under Section 197 (12) of the Act read with Rule 5 (1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is attached as "Annexure A" and form part of this Report.

12. **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:**

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134 (3) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

a) that in the preparation of the Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2026, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;

b) that such accounting policies as mentioned in Note 2 of the Notes to the Financial Statements have been selected and applied consistently and judgement and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of your Company as at 31st March, 2026 and of the profit of your Company for the year ended on that date;

c) that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of your Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

d) that the Annual Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis;

e) that proper internal financial controls were in place and that the financial controls were adequate and were operating effectively;

f) that systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and were adequate and operating effectively.

13. **INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM:**

Your Company maintains an adequate and effective Internal Control System commensurate with its size and complexity. We believe that these internal control systems provide, among other things, a reasonable assurance that transactions are executed with Management authorization and that they are recorded in all material respects to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with established accounting principles and that the assets of your Company are adequately safeguarded against significant misuse or loss.

14. **SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES:**

As on 31st March, 2026, your Company has following six subsidiaries:

1. Sakuma Exim DMCC
2. Sakuma Exports PTE Limited
3. Sakuma Impex Ltd
4. Sakuma Exports (Ghana) Ltd – Step Down Subsidiary
5. Sakuma Exports Tanzania Pvt. Ltd – Step Down Subsidiary
6. GK Exim FZE W.L.L. – Step Down Subsidiary

Salient features of financial statements of your Company's Subsidiaries:

The Statement containing the salient features of financial statement of Subsidiaries in **Form AOC-1** pursuant to Section 129(3) read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are given below:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Sakuma Exim DMCC	Sakuma Exports PTE Limited	Sakuma Exports (Ghana) Ltd	Sakuma Exports Tanzania Pvt. Ltd	GK Exim W.L.L.	Sakuma Impex Ltd#
1	**Reporting Period**	Apr - Mar	Apr - Mar	Apr – Mar	Apr - Mar	Apr – Mar	Apr – Mar
2	**Reporting Currency**	AED	USD	GHC	TZS	BHD	UK
3	**Country**	U.A.E	Singapore	Ghana	Tanzania	Bahrain	USD
4	**Exchange Rate**	25.8225	94.6543	0	0	251.185	125.6347
5	**Share Capital**	12.91	2995.81	0	0	50.24	12538.20
6	**Reserves and Surplus**	19,522.32	2733.79	0	0	26.56	135.84
17	**Total Assets**	19,910.47	5751.71	0	0	53.41	22893.18
8	**Total Liabilities**	19,910.47	5751.71	0	0	53.41	22893.18
9	**Investment other than Investment in subsidiary**	50.54	1,780.42	0	0	0	0
10	**Turnover**	6916.57	3,824.03	0	0	0	15991.96
11	**Profit Before Taxation**	48.31	(47.94)	0	0	(1.38)	76.64
12	**Provision for Taxation**	0	23.65	0	0	0	15.60
13	**Profit After Taxation**	48.31	(24.29)	0	0	(1.38)	61.04
14	**Dividend Paid**	0	0	0	0	0	0

#The company has recently formed subsidiary in United Kingdom

15. **COMPANIES WHICH HAVE BECOME OR CEASED TO BE ITS SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:**

There are no companies which have ceased to be its Subsidiaries, Joint Venture or Associate Companies during the financial year 2025 – 26. During the year company has formed one wholly owned subsidiary named Sakuma Impex Ltd

16. **DEPOSITS:**

Your Company has not accepted deposit from the public and members falling within the ambit of Section 73 and Section 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014. Hence, the requirement for furnishing details of deposits which are not in compliance with the Chapter V of the Act is not applicable.

17. **PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES, INVESTMENTS OR SECURITY:**

The details of Loans and Investments made as covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 are given in the Notes to the Standalone Audited Annual Financial Statements. The Company has not made any guarantees or provided any security in connection with loan made under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

18. **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:**

A Related Party Policy has been adopted by the Board of Directors for determining the materiality of transactions with related parties and dealings with them. The said policy may be referred to, at your Company's website at the web link,https://sakumaexportsltd.com/investors/corporate-policy/Policy-on-Determining-Criteria-for-Related-Party-Transactions-14-11-2025.pdf All transactions with related parties are placed before the Audit Committee for approval. Prior omnibus approval of the Audit Committee is obtained for the RPTs, which are foreseeable and repetitive, if applicable. A statement giving details of all RPTs are placed before the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis.

Further the members may note that your Company has not entered into the following kinds of related party transactions:

– Contracts/arrangement/transactions which are not at arm's length basis or in the ordinary course of business.

– Any Material contracts/arrangement/transactions [as per Regulation 23 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015]

19. **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES:**

A Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee has been constituted in accordance with Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The details required under the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 are given in CSR Report appended as "Annexure B" to this Report.

20. **ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:**

The information on conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo stipulated under Section 134 (3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is given below:

A. Conservation of Energy:

The operations of your Company are not energy intensive. However, wherever possible your Company strives to curtail the consumption of energy on continued basis.

B. Technology absorption, adaptation and innovation:

No expenditure has been incurred by your Company on technology absorption activities during the year under review.

C. Foreign Exchange Earning & Outgo:

Amount in Lakhs Amount in Lakhs

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
(a) Expenditure in Foreign Currency		
Travelling Expenses	NIL	Nil
Ocean Freight		Nil
Import Payment	15,063.75	13869.44
Store Warehousing Charges	7.58	188.25
Professional Fees	NIL	23.47
(b) Earnings in Foreign Currency		
Export of Goods on FOB basis	26,561.48	30530.75

DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:

The nature of business is export and trading in commodities. The inherent risks to the business of your company are as follows:

a. Foreign Exchange risk

b. Commodity Price risk

c. Risk elements in business transactions

d. Physical risk to cargo

All the above risks have been discussed in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report. The Executive Chairman & Managing Director mitigate the risk with the help of their depth of knowledge of market, assistance of senior management and forecast based on various data available with your Company. Your Company has developed the analysis of market data which helps in decision making and to ensure the mitigation of the risk. There are no risks which threaten the existence of the Company.

Your Company has not formed Risk Management Committee as it is not applicable under Regulation 21 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

22. **VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:**

Over the years, your Company has established a reputation for doing business with integrity and displays zero tolerance for any form of unethical behavior. Whistle Blower Policy is the vigil mechanism instituted by your Company to report concerns about unethical behavior in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. The Board's Audit Committee oversees the functioning of this policy. Protected disclosures can be made by a whistle blower through several channels to report actual or suspected frauds and violation of your Company's Code of Conduct and / or Whistle Blower Policy. Details of the Whistle Blower Policy have been disclosed on your Company's website at https://sakumaexportsltd.com/investors/corporate-policy/WhistleBlowerPolicy.pdf

23. **SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS:**

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of your Company and its future operations.

24. **AUDITORS:**

1.1 **Statutory Auditors:**

Company's Auditors, M/s. Ramesh M Sheth & Associates, Chartered Accountants were appointed for the period of five years for the financial years from 2025-26 to Financial Year 2029-30 and they have confirmed that they hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

1.2 **Statutory Auditors' Observations:**

The Report given by the Auditors on the Financial Statements of your Company is part of the Annual Report. There are no qualification, observation or adverse remark made by the statutory auditors in their Audit Report.

1.3 **Secretarial Auditor:**

In terms of the provisions of Section 204 of the Act read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed M/s. Rajeev Bhambri & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, as Secretarial Auditors for conducting Secretarial Audit of the Company for a term of five consecutive years from Financial Year 2025-26 to Financial Year 2029-30 and they have confirmed that they hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India..

1.4 **Secretarial Audit Report:**

The report of the Secretarial Auditor is attached as "Annexure C".

1.5 Internal Auditor

M/s Mehta Singhvi & Associates, Chartered Accountants (FRN:122217W) were appointed as Internal Auditor of the Company for the year 2025-26

A. Non-Transfer of shares on which un-paid dividend is not claimed to IEPF:

As per Section 124 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013, 'all shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more shall be transferred by the Company in the name of Investor Education and Protection Fund along with a statement containing such details as may be prescribed.'

The Company has not transferred any shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

Management Response:

The Company has not transferred any shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more to Investor Education and Protection Fund on account of reconciliation of list of shareholders between the Company and Big share Services Private Limited, Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent and bank.

25. **REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS:**

During the year under review, auditors have not reported to the Audit Committee of the Board, under Section 143 (12) of the Act, any instances of fraud committed against your Company by its officers or employees, the details of which would need to be mentioned in this Report.

26. **COST RECORDS:**

The provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 (hereinafter referred to as 'Rules') in respect of maintenance an audit of cost records are not applicable to Company.

27. **COMPLIANCE OF SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:**

The Board of Directors affirms that your Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards (SS) issued by the Institute of Companies Secretaries of India (SS1 and SS2), respectively relating to Meetings of the Board, its Committees and General Meeting, which have mandatory application during the year under review.

28. **ANNUAL RETURN:**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Annual Return in Form MGT - 7 of your Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026 is available at https://www.sakumaexportsltd.com/annual-return.html.

29. **CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:**

The Audited Consolidated Annual Financial Statements of your Company for the financial year 2025 – 26 are prepared in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, including Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Audited Consolidated Annual Financial Statements together with the Auditors' Report thereon forms part of the Annual Report.

Pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, a statement containing salient features of the Financial Statements of each of the subsidiaries in the prescribed Form AOC – 1 are provided at Point 14 of the Boards Report which forms part of the Annual Report.

The Audited Annual Financial Statements of the subsidiaries are available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of your Company pursuant to the provisions of Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013. Your Company shall provide free of cost, a copy of the Financial Statements of its subsidiary companies to the Members upon their request. The financial statements are also available on the website of your Company at https://www.sakumaexportsltd.com/overseas-financial-results.html.

30. **GREEN INITIATIVES:**

In view of Covid 19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its circular no. 17 / 2020 dated 13th April, 2020, circular no. 20 / 2020 dated 5th May, 2020 and circular No. 10/2022 dated 28th December, 2022 and SEBI vide its circular bearing reference no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated 12th May, 2020 and no. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated 05th January, 2023 has dispensed with the requirement of sending hard copy of full annual report to the shareholders.

Electronic copies of the annual report for the financial year 2025 – 26 and notice of the 21st Annual General Meeting (AGM) are sent to all members whose email addresses are registered with your Company / Depository Participant(s). Members who have not registered their email address can do so by following the steps as mentioned in the notes of notice of 21st AGM.

Alternatively, if they need the soft copy of the annual report, they are requested to download the same from the website of the Company i.e. www.sakumaexportsltd.com or from the website of National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) i.e. www.nseindia.com and BSE Limited (BSE) i.e. www.bseindia.com or write to the Company at companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com.

Your Company provides e-voting facility to all its members to enable them to cast their votes electronically on all resolutions set forth in the Notice. This is pursuant to the Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015.

31. **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS:**

As required under the Schedule V (B) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, report on “Management Discussion and Analysis” is attached and form part of this Annual Report.

32. **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:**

The Board of Directors affirm their continued commitment to good corporate governance practices. During the year under review, the Company has complied with the provisions relating to corporate governance as provided under the Listing Regulations. The compliance report together with a certificate from the Secretarial Auditors, M/s. Rajeev Bhambri & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries confirming the compliance is provided in the Report on Corporate Governance, which forms part of the Annual Report.

33. **DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:**

Your Company firmly believes in providing a safe, supportive and friendly workplace environment – a workplace where our values come to life through the supporting behavior. Positive workplace environment and a great employee experience are integral part of our culture. Your Company believes in providing and ensuring a workplace free from discrimination and harassment based on gender.

Your Company educates its employees as to what may constitute sexual harassment and in the event of any occurrence of an incident constituting sexual harassment, your Company provides the mechanism to seek recourse and redressal to the concerned individual subjected to sexual harassment.

Your Company has a Sexual Harassment Prevention and Grievance Handling Policy in place to provide clarity around the process to raise such a grievance and how the grievance will be investigated and resolved. An Internal Complaints Committee has been constituted in line with the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

No complaint was raised and pending as on 01st April, 2025 and no complaint has been raised during the financial year ended 31st March, 2026. Further, the company has also complied with all the applicable provisions relating to the Maternity Benefits Act,1961.

Further, the Company has also complied with all the applicable provisions relating to the Maternity Benefits Acts, 1961.

34. **MANAGING DIRECTOR & CFO CERTIFICATION:**

The Certificate from Mr. Saurabh Malhotra, Chairman and Managing Director and Mr. Devesh Mishra, CFO pursuant to provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, for the year under review was placed before the Board of Directors of your Company at its meeting held on 30th May, 2026. The certificate is attached and form part of this Report.

35. **CERTIFICATION FROM COMPANY SECRETARY IN PRACTICE:**

Mr. Rajeev Bhambri of M/s. Rajeev Bhambri & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, has issued a certificate as required under the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, confirming that none of the Directors on the Board of your Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Director of companies by the SEBI / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory Authority. The certificate is attached and form part of this Report.

36. **ANNUAL SECRETARIAL COMPLIANCE REPORT:**

M/s. Rajeev Bhambri & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, has issued Annual Secretarial Compliance Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026 pursuant to Regulation 24A of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 which covers a broad check on compliance with the applicable SEBI Regulations and circulars / guidelines issued thereunder on an annual basis. The said Report has been filed with National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited on 27.05.2026.

37. **INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE:**

No application has ever been filed against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

38. **ONE TIME SETTLEMENT WITH BANKS:**

The Company has not made any settlement with the banks or financial institutions.

39. **LISTING WITH STOCK EXCHANGES:**

Your Company is listed with National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited. Your Company has paid the listing fees to each of the Exchanges.

40. **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:**

Your Directors thank the various Central and State Government Departments, Organizations and Agencies for the continued help and co-operation extended by them. The Directors also gratefully acknowledge all stakeholders of your Company viz. customers, members, dealers, vendors, banks and other business partners for the excellent support received from them during the year. The Directors place on record their sincere appreciation to all employees of your Company for their unstinted commitment and continued contribution to your Company.

41. **CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:**

Statements in the Board's Report and the Management Discussion & Analysis describing your Company's objectives, expectations or forecasts may be forward-looking within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in the statement.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
of Sakuma Exports Limited

Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00214500

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29.08.2026

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT

Global economic overview:

The global economic growth remained stagnant at 3.5% in 2024 and 2025, as the effects of the war in the Middle East were largely offset by accelerated demand-driven momentum in the global technology cycle, powered by advances in artificial intelligence (AI) and its adoption. The impact has varied widely across countries — energy exporters outside the conflict zone benefited from favorable terms of trade, while economies integrated into the technology value chain saw stronger activity even where they were energy importers, whereas energy importers with limited participation in the technology upturn, a group that includes many low-income countries, experienced weaker activity. Advanced economies witnessed a marginal increase in growth, remaining broadly stable at 1.9% in both 2024 and 2025, while emerging market and developing economies also held steady at 4.5% in 2025 compared to 4.5% in 2024. Global inflation moderated sharply in 2025, declining to an estimated 4.1% from 5.8% in 2024, continuing the multi-year disinflation trend that had been in place since the beginning of 2024.

Regional growth (%)	2025	2024
World output	3.5	3.5
Advanced economies	1.9	1.9
Emerging and developing economies	4.5	4.5

(Source: IMF, un.org)

Outlook:

Given the challenge of forming stable, real-time assumptions for projections, the IMF World Economic Outlook Update assumes that the reopening of the Strait of Hormuz begins in mid-July 2026, with conditions broadly returning to the prewar state of affairs by March 2027, consistent with commodity price assumptions based on market pricing as of June 10, 2026. Under this outlook, global growth is projected at 3.0 percent in 2026, before recovering to 3.4 percent in 2027. Global inflation is expected to rise to 4.7 percent in 2026, as the disinflation trend since 2024 stalls, before easing to 3.9 percent in 2027. (Source: IMF World Economic Outlook Update — July 2026, World Economic Forum, Federal Reserve, Bank of England, European Central Bank, Bank of Japan)

Indian economic overview

The global sugar industry is a large agro-based sector led by major producers such as Brazil, India, and Thailand, and is influenced by weather patterns, policy frameworks, and global trade dynamics. Its scope remains strong, driven by steady demand, growth in emerging markets, and increasing integration with ethanol production, alongside a rising focus on sustainability and efficiency. In 2024, global sugar production stood at 194.9 Million Tonnes, with forecasts projecting an increase to 223.1 Million Tonnes by 2033.

Rising urbanization, evolving consumer preferences for convenient foods, and the rapid expansion of the food service sector are collectively driving increased sugar consumption, particularly through the growing demand for indulgent and packaged products. At the same time, the chemical segment of the sugar industry is gaining momentum, supported by the rising demand for bio-based products, diversion of surplus sugar towards ethanol, favorable government policies, and the emergence of sustainable alternatives such as bioplastics and specialty chemicals. Additionally, the use of sugar in cosmetics for its natural exfoliating and moisturizing properties is contributing to incremental demand.

Indian Sugar Sector Overview: FY 2025-26

India continued to be the world's largest consumer of sugar, making the sugar industry one of the country's most significant agro-based sectors during FY 2025-26. Beyond its contribution to GDP, the industry played a critical role in supporting millions of farmers and sustaining rural livelihoods. Key byproducts such as molasses, bagasse, and ethanol further strengthened the sector's integrated value chain. During the 2025-26 season, total sugar availability was estimated at 34.3 Million Tonnes, significantly exceeding domestic consumption of approximately 28.3 Million Tonnes. Exports were estimated at around 0.7 Million Tonnes, while closing stocks remained stable at nearly 5.3 Million Tonnes, ensuring adequate domestic buffer levels. Export activity continued to remain regulated through government quotas, with total permitted exports for the 2026 marketing year standing at 2 Million Tonnes, including incremental approvals during the year. Regionally, production trends reflected both climatic and structural shifts. In Uttar

Pradesh, yield pressures arising from varietal replacement were partly offset by improved recovery rates. Maharashtra and Karnataka witnessed lower output due to excessive rainfall, early flowering of sugarcane, and compressed crushing cycles. However, improved planting trends in these States toward the end of the year indicated the possibility of recovery in the upcoming season, supporting healthy opening stock levels. A defining structural shift during the year was the accelerated pivot toward ethanol production. Supported by strong policy measures from the Government of India, ethanol blending with petrol continued to gain momentum, positioning the sugar industry at the centre of the country's renewable energy transition. Ethanol production was expected to increase to nearly 4 Million Tonnes in the 2026 season, compared with 3.5 Million Tonnes in 2025, supported by the government's target of achieving 20% ethanol blending. during the year. Operating margins of sugar mills improved to an estimated 9-9.5% in FY 2025-26, supported by better realizations, diversified revenue streams, and improved balance sheet resilience following earlier cyclical pressures. Overall, the Indian sugar industry continued evolving from a traditional agro-based sector into a more diversified and resilient ecosystem balancing food, fuel, and sustainability objectives. (Source: Economic Times, IREF, IBEF)

From a financial perspective, the sector witnessed gradual recovery

Sugar Balance Sheet 2025-26	In Lakh Tonnes
Opening stock (as of October 1, 2025)	50
Estimated production during Sugar Season FY 2025-26 (after ethanol diversion)	293
Sugar availability	343
Estimated domestic consumption	283
Targeted exports during Sugar Season FY 2025-26	7
Closing stock	53

Indian ethanol sector overview

India continued to make steady progress in the ethanol sector during FY 2025-26, supported by rising production, higher blending levels, and expanding manufacturing capacity. The accelerated rollout of the Ethanol Blending Programme (EBP), diversification of feedstock sources, and continued distillery expansion by integrated sugar companies strengthened the sector's role in India's energy transition and rural economic development. The Indian ethanol market was valued at approximately US$ 3.58 Billion in 2025 and is projected to grow at a CAGR of around14.6% during 2026-2035, reaching an estimated US$ 13.99 Billion by 2035.A key driver of this growth is the government's focus on diverting surplus sugar toward ethanol production. This approach not only reduces excess sugar inventories but also lowers dependence on fossil fuel imports and supports India's climate commitments under global frameworks such as CoP26. Ethanol procurement by Oil Marketing Companies (OMCs) has scaled significantly, with a balanced mix procurement volumes have remained robust, with grain-based ethanol slightly exceeding sugar-based ethanol, reflecting a gradual diversification of feedstock sources. This shift is being driven by better economics and supply stability in grain-based production. India's Ethanol Blended Petrol (EBP) programme continued its rapid expansion, with blending levels rising from 1.5% in 2013 to nearly 20% in ESY 2025, positioning the country among the global leaders in biofuel adoption. The programme strengthened energy security, supported rural incomes reduced crude oil imports, and lowered emissions, while also highlighting challenges related to feedstock availability, water use, logistics, and long-term sustainability. Policy support remained strong through administered ethanol pricing, 5% GST on ethanol for blending, interest subvention schemes, long-term offtake agreements, and investments in storage and transportation infrastructure. Looking ahead, ethanol production is expected to rise further in FY 2025-26, supported by expanding distillation capacities, favorable policy support and sustained demand from OMCs.The ethanol ecosystem increasingly strengthened the financial resilience of sugar companies by improving cash flows, reducing cyclicality, and providing an additional revenue stream.

Overall, the ethanol sector is playing a transformative role in repositioning India's sugar industry, from a cyclical agro-based sector to a more stable, diversified, and energy-integrated value chain.

Company Business Structure & Analysis:

Our company operates across three primary verticals—Sugar, Soft Oil, Grains, Paddy & Pulses—each responding uniquely to the evolving global trade landscape. The domestic sugar sector has experienced a significant uptick, fuelled by India's restrictive export policies aimed at stabilizing local prices and managing food inflation. Despite global market volatility, the company has maintained its market share domestically, leveraging its robust supply chain and strategic positioning. Other verticals, like grains- Maize & Soybean seed have also seen profitable contributions, although they face challenges like price mismatches, sluggish demand, tight liquidity, and geopolitical uncertainties, including trade tensions and tariff barriers.

In the current climate marked by heightened protectionism, trade restrictions, and tariffs in major economies, Indian agricultural exports often encounter hurdles such as quota limitations, export bans, and non-tariff barriers. Consequently, our focus has shifted towards expanding domestic markets and diversifying into new commodities to sustain growth momentum. These efforts are complemented by exploring opportunities in new product development, capacity expansion, and strengthening geographical reach, thereby reducing dependency on volatile global markets.

Opportunities and Threats:

Opportunities:

- Favourable government policies on Sugar and Ethanol, bolstered by demand, create a conducive environment for higher prices and margins.
- Rising demand for Edible Oils and Grains offers prospects for increased trade opportunities and diversified revenue streams.
- Capacity enhancement and technological upgrades can improve production efficiency amidst rising input costs.
- Strategic investments in new product development can fill market gaps and cater to evolving consumer preferences.
- Expanding geographical footprint reduces dependence on specific regions, enhancing resilience against regional trade disruptions.
- Developing direct trade channels and strengthening relationships with international suppliers and buyers to mitigate tariff-related barriers.

Threats:

- Escalating tariffs, trade wars, and sanctions globally threaten the free flow of commodities, leading to increased costs and market uncertainties.
- Rising logistics and supply chain costs, driven by geopolitical tensions and pandemic-induced disruptions, diminish margins.
- Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and inflationary pressures further complicate pricing and profitability.
- Unpredictable monsoon patterns and climate change threaten crop yields, impacting domestic supply and exports.
- Labour shortages, especially in agricultural sectors, are exacerbated by migration, border restrictions, and labor laws.
- Global trade restrictions and protective tariffs can limit market access, requiring proactive risk management strategies.

The company remains committed to navigating these risks through diligent risk assessment, strategic hedging, diversified sourcing, and operational flexibility, aiming for sustainable growth in a volatile environment.

Segment –wise and Product – wise Performance with a Global Trade Perspective:

Our core trading activities—importing and exporting Sugar, Edible Oil, Pulses, and Lentils—are influenced heavily by global trade policies. Recent restrictions on sugar exports aimed at controlling domestic inflation have shifted our focus toward building domestic markets, establishing strategic depots, and creating a resilient supply chain. While these measures protect local farmers and stabilize prices, they restrict export volumes, compelling us to diversify into related sectors such as maize for ethanol, pulses, and other agri commodities.

Our global trade strategies include acting as reliable re-export partners, leveraging relationships with international suppliers from Australia, Canada, and other markets where trade barriers may affect market access. Additionally, to offset the impacts of trade restrictions, we've invested in expanding our international footprint through subsidiaries (in the UK), aiming to capitalize on global demand and maintain supply chain agility amidst geopolitical uncertainties.

Outlook and Strategic Response:

In response to the current global trade tensions, the company has recalibrated its strategy to strengthen domestic trading networks—establishing depots in strategic regions and boosting sales of sugar, pulses, and maize for ethanol. Simultaneously, the company is investing in international trading capabilities to diversify supply sources and markets, thus mitigating tariff and quota risks.

Our proactive risk management includes currency hedging to combat foreign exchange volatility, securin flexible contractual arrangements with suppliers and buyers, and ensuring cargo insurance coverage. These measures safeguard our operations against physical, financial, and geopolitical risks associated with global trade.

Risks and Concerns in a Global Trade and Tariff Environment:

- **Foreign Exchange Risk:** Currency fluctuations are accentuated by global trade disputes and sanctions, which can impact profitability.
- **Commodity Price Volatility:** Trade barriers and tariffs influence the international pricing landscape, requiring dynamic sourcing and pricing strategies.
- **Trade Transaction Risks:** Due diligence and financial instruments such as letters of credit are crucial to navigate global trade complexities.
- **Physical Cargo Risks:** Insured storage and transportation mitigate losses due to geopolitical conflicts, tariffs, and supply chain disruptions.

Internal Controls and Human Resources:

The company's internal controls are designed to swiftly adapt to fluctuating trade policies and tariffs, ensuring operational integrity and open and professional satisfying work environment to its employees. The company also encourages its employees to continuously upgrade ad improves skills and competencies.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Of Sakuma Exports Limited

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29.08.2026

Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN:00214500

ANNEXURE 'A' TO BOARD'S REPORT

DISCLOSURES PERTAINING TO REMUNERATION AND OTHER DETAILS AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 197 (12) READ WITH RULE 5(1) OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT & REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year and the percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year;

PARTICULAR OF EMPLOYEES

The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median employee's remuneration and other details in terms of Section 197 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule (5) (1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014:

Sr. No.	Requirements	Details
1.	The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year	NIL
2.	The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year	Key Managerial Personnel Mr. Saurabh Malhotra – Chairman & MD – NIL Ms. Pooja Malhotra – CS – NIL% Mr. Devesh Mishra – CFO – NIL%
3.	The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year	NIL
4.	The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company as on 31st March, 2024	42 Employees
5.	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration	Nil
6.	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company	Remuneration paid during the year ended 31st March, 2026 is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company

ANNEXURE 'B' TO BOARD'S REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTIVITIES

1. **A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy:**

   The Company has adopted CSR policy on 13th February, 2016. The said policy has been formulated as per Section 135 read with Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.The said policy may be referred to, at your Company's website at the web link, http://sakumaexportsltd.com/investors/corporate-policy/CSR-Policy.pdf

2. **Composition of the CSR Committee:**

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	No. of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	No. of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Mr. Saurabh Malhotra – Chairman	Chairman and Managing Director	1	1
2.	Ms. Shipra Malhotra – Member	Non-Executive Director	1	1
3.	Mr. Amit Amist Shanker – Member	Independent Director	1	1

3. **Provide the weblink where composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the Board are disclosed on website: Weblink:** https://www.sakumaexportsltd.com/csr.html, https://www.sakumaexportsltd.com/investors/corporate-policy/CSR-Policy.pdf

4. **Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable:**

   Not Applicable

5.

	Particulars	**Amount**
a.	Average net profit of the Company as per Sub-Section (5) of Section 135	24,65,00,899
b.	2% of average net profit of the Company as per Sub-Section (5) of Section 135	49,30,017.97
c.	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years	0.00
d.	Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any	0.00
e.	**Total CSR obligation for the financial year (b+c-d)**	49,30,018

6.

(a)	Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project).	49,30,500
(b)	Amount spent in administrative overheads	0
(c)	Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable.	0
(d)	**Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]**	49,30,500

(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount Spent for the financial year	Amount Un-Spent				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per Section 135 (6)		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to Section 135 (5)		
	Amount	Date of Transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of Transfer
49,30,500	0	N.A.	N.A.	0	N.A.

(f) Excess Amount for set off, if any		Amount
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per Section 135 (5)	49,30,018
(ii)	Total amount spent for the financial year	49,30,500
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii) – (i)]	0
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any.	0
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii) – (iv)]	0

7. (a) **Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:**

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		(7)	(8)
S. No.	Preceding FY	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under Section 135 (6)	Balance Amount in Unspent CSR Account under subsection (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the Financial Year	Amount transferred to a Fund as specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to subsection (5) of section 135, if any		Amount remaining to be spent to succeeding financial years	Deficiency, if any
					Amount	Date of Transfer		
NIL								

Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:

Yes **No** ✓

If Yes, enter the number of Capital assets created/ acquired: NA

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:

S. No.	Short particulars of the property or asset(s) [including complete address and location of the property]	Pincode of the property or asset(s)	Date of creation	Amount of CSR Amount spent	Details of entity / Authority / beneficiary of the registered owner		
					CSR Registration Number, if applicable	Name	Registered address
	Nil	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

(All the fields should be captured as appearing in the revenue record, flat no, house no, Municipal Office/Municipal Corporation/ Gram panchayat are to be specified and also the area of the immovable property as well as boundaries)

9. **Specify the reason(s), if the Company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per Section 135 (5):**

Not Applicable

Saurabh Malhotra
Place: Mumbai **Chairman of the Committee and Managing Director**
Date: 29.08.2026 **DIN: 00214500**

ANNEXURE 'C' TO BOARD'S REPORT

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

The Members,
Sakuma Exports Limited,
Aurus Chamber, A 301, Near Mahindra Tower,
S S Amrutwar Lane, Worli, Mumbai – 400 013
CIN: L51909MH2005PLC155765

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Sakuma Exports Limited** (hereinafter called the **Company**). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2026 ('Audit Period') complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2026, to the extent applicable and according to the provisions of:

(i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;

(ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;

(iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;

(iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

(v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):

(a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;

(b) SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992 and SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

(c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 and amendments from time to time

(d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;

(e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;

(f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;

(g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009**;** and

(h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;

(vi) We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with laws specifically applicable to the industry to which the company belongs, as identified by the management, that is to say:

- Foreign Trade Policy 2021 – 2026 issued by the Directorate General of Foreign Trade in respect of import and export.
- Foreign Exchange Management (Export of Goods & Services) Regulations, 2015 and Master Direction on Import of Goods and Services.
- Foreign Exchange Management (Current Account Transaction) Rules, 2000 with respect to import of goods and Master Direction on Import of Goods and Services.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India to the extent of its applicability.

(ii) The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with the BSE Limited read with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations,2015.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. During the year under review there was no change in the directorship. Notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in compliance with the relevant provisions of the Act and Secretarial Standards, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously or by the majority as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case may be.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period the Company has no specific events/actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc. referred to above.

For Rajeev Bhambri & Associates
Company Secretary in Whole Time Practice

(Rajeev Bhambri)
Proprietor
FCS 4327 - C.P. No. 9491
Peer Review Cert No. 5824/2024 valid up to 30.06.2029

Dated: 28.07.2026
Place: Ludhiana
UDIN: F004327H000956652

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'ANNEXURE' and forms an integral part of this Report.

‘ANNEXURE’

The Members,
Sakuma Exports Limited,
Aurus Chamber, A 301, Near Mahindra Tower,
S S Amrutwar Lane, Worli, Mumbai – 400 013
CIN: L51909MH2005PLC155765

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
2. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company as we have relied upon the Audit done by Statutory Auditors as required under Companies Act, 2013.
3. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
4. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
5. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For Rajeev Bhambri & Associates
Company Secretary in Whole Time Practice

(Rajeev Bhambri)
Proprietor
FCS 4327 - C.P. No. 9491
Peer Review Cert No. 5824/2024 valid up to 30.06.2029

Dated: 28.07.2026
Place: Ludhiana
UDIN: F004327H000956652

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Pursuant to Part C of Schedule V to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

For The Financial Year 31st March, 2026

The Directors' Report on the compliance of the Corporate Governance Code is given below.

1. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

1.1 Company's Philosophy on Corporate Governance:

Corporate governance represents a fundamental commitment to ethical business conduct and core organizational values. The Company views robust governance practices as a vital catalyst for sustainable corporate growth and the long-term optimization of shareholder value. True governance extends beyond regulatory compliance; it aims to systematically enhance value for all stakeholders. To this end, the Company strictly adheres to leading global standards in governance and corporate disclosures. This operational philosophy is deeply embedded within our organizational framework, cultural paradigm, corporate policies, and stakeholder engagement strategies. Consequently, maintaining absolute transparency through the timely and precise disclosure of financial positions, operational performance, ownership structures, and governance metrics remains a cornerstone of our framework.

Core Values and Sustainability

Since inception, the Company has prioritized foundational values that drive resilient, long-term expansion. We emphasize employee empowerment, absolute professional integrity, and the rigorous safety of both our workforce and host communities. Our operations are governed by transparent decision-making models, equitable and ethical partnerships, and a steadfast commitment to environmental stewardship. Furthermore, the Company embraces a comprehensive accountability framework to protect stakeholder interests. Operating under a sustainable development mandate, we ensure natural resources are managed responsibly to actively advance "Triple Bottom Line" objectives—balancing economic prosperity, environmental quality, and social equity.

Governance Philosophy and Principles

A rigorous governance framework is indispensable for cultivating and retaining investor confidence. The Company's governance model is structurally anchored by the following core principles:

1. **Shareholder Value Optimization**: Prioritizing the lawful and sustainable maximization of long-term shareholder value.
2. **Exemplary Transparency**: Maintaining rigorous, comprehensive, and proactive corporate disclosure standards.
3. **Internal Controls**: Enforcing a sophisticated, institutionalized framework for risk management and internal oversight.
4. **Ethical Foundations**: Anchoring all operations on integrity, transparency, accountability, and systemic fairness.
5. **Professional Excellence**: Upholding the highest benchmarks of professionalism across all corporate echelons.
6. **Fiduciary Duty**: Operating under the explicit directive that management serves strictly as trustees not owners of shareholder capital.

A Report on compliance with the principles of Corporate Governance as prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) in Chapter IV (Obligations of Listed Entity which has listed its Specified Securities) read with Schedule V (Annual Report) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as "SEBI Regulations") is given below:

1.2 **The Governance Structure:**

Sakuma's Governance structure broadly comprises the Board of Directors and the Committees of the Board at the apex level and the Management structure at the operational level. This layered structure brings about a harmonious blend in governance as the Board sets the overall corporate objectives and gives direction and freedom to the management to achieve these corporate objectives within a given framework, thereby bringing about an enabling environment for value creation through sustainable profitable growth.

a. **Board of Directors –** The Sakuma Board plays a pivotal role in ensuring that the Company runs on sound and ethical business practices and that its resources are utilized for creating sustainable growth and societal wealth. The Board operates within the framework of a well-defined responsibility matrix which enables it to discharge its fiduciary duties of safeguarding the interest of the Company; ensuring fairness in the decision-making process, integrity and transparency in the Company's dealing with its members and other stakeholders.

b. **Committee of Directors –** With a view to have a more focused attention on various facets of business and for better accountability, the Board has constituted the following committees viz. Audit Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee. Each of these Committees has been mandated to operate within a given framework.

c. **Management Structure –**Management structure for running the business as a whole is in place with appropriate delegation of powers and responsibilities to the functional heads. The Managing Director is in overall control and responsible for day-to-day working of the Company. They give strategic directions, lays down policy guidelines and ensures implementation of decisions of the Board of Directors and its various committees.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

2.1 **Composition and Category of Directors:**

The Board consists of 6 Directors, out of which 3 are Independent Directors. The composition of the Board and category of Directors are as follows:

Name	Designation	Executive / Non-Executive	Promoter	Relationship with Directors
Mr. Saurabh Malhotra	Chairman and Managing Director	Executive	Promoter	Brother of Ms. Shipra Malhotra
Ms. Shipra Malhotra	Director	Non-Executive	Member of Promoter Group	Sister of Mr. Saurabh Malhotra
Mr. Vivek Grover	Director	Non-Executive	Non-Promoter	Brother in law of Mr. Saurabh Malhotra
Mr. Guniteshvir Singh Sohal	Independent Director	Non-Executive	Independent	Not Related to any Directors
Mr. Rahul Dixit	Independent Director	Non-Executive	Independent	Not Related to any Directors
Mr. Amit Amist	Independent Director	Non-Executive	Independent	Not Related to any Directors

The Company has received declaration from Independent Directors that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company is also compliant with composition of Board of Directors with minimum two Independent Directors as prescribed under Section 149 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 17 of SEBI Regulations.

2.2 **Directors' Profile:**

The Board of Directors comprises of professionals of eminence and stature drawn from diverse fields. They collectively bring to the fore a wide range of skills and experience to the Board, which elevates the quality of the Board's decision-making process.

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra (DIN: 00214500), Chairman and Managing Director:

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra holds a Post Graduate diploma in Business Administration (Specialized in Finance) from Prin. L N Welingkar Institute of Management and Research. He is a Chairman and Managing Director of the Company. He has displayed the capacity of identifying and converting potentials into reality. Responsible for developing exports and imports of number of commodities, keep himself updated by participating in business related summits, seminars, conventions, conference and extensive travelling. He keenly follows the global market conditions on day-to-day basis to identify, conceptualize and develop business strategies of the Company. He has an experience of 20 years of managing the business.

He is the Chairman of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee.

He is not on the Board of any other company whose equity shares are listed on a Stock Exchange.

Mr. Guniteshvir Singh Sohal (DIN: 07471515), Non-Executive Independent Director:

Guniteshvir Singh Sohal, an Independent Director brings a diverse skill set and substantial experience to the table. With over 5 years of experience in law, due diligence, mergers and acquisitions (M&A), and related fields, he is well-equipped to provide valuable insights and guidance to the company he serves. Having graduated from Symbiosis Law School, Pune, with a dual degree in Bachelor of Business Administration and Law, he possesses a strong educational background that complements his professional expertise.

He is a Chairman of Audit Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Member of Stakeholders

Relationship Committee.

He is not related to the Chairman or any other Member of the Board.

He is not on the Board of any other company whose equity shares are listed on a Stock Exchange.

Mr. Rahul Dixit (DIN: 03540131), Non-Executive Independent Director :

Rahul Dixit has over 17+ years of Real Estate experience in India and UK property market., With a wide functional operation and productive output, he has created a good ecosystem for himself and his associates in and around the Real Estate markets in the UK. This has helped him in sourcing fine Real Estate development deals and also arranging the implementation of the projects mainly in affordable Residential and Mixed Used development.

Rahul has received MBA from Oxford Brookes University, with a specialist in Real Estate, Rahul is also the founder and director of Asset India, one of the first and leading property advisory companies for Indians living in the UK.

He is a Member of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee He is not related to the Chairman or any other Member of the Board.

He is not on the Board of any other company whose equity shares are listed on a Stock Exchange.

Ms. Shipra Malhotra (DIN: 01236811), Non-Executive Non-Independent Director:

Mr. Shipra Malhotra is a Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director of our Company. She holds a master's degree in commerce from University of Bombay. She also holds an executive's master program in business administration from the Institute of Business Management Studies. She holds a diploma in the Montessori Teachers Training Course from Mumbai Montessori. She has been conducting seminars/workshops on soft skills in the corporate world.

She is a Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee.

She is not on the Board of any other company whose equity shares are listed on a Stock Exchange.

Mr. Vivek Madanlal Grover (DIN: 03594740), Non-Executive Non-Independent Director:

Mr. Vivek Grover is a Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in chemical engineering from the University of Pune. He has an experience of more than two decades in the different areas of production and marketing, business development of pharmaceutical raw materials and chemicals. He has been previously associated with United Phosphorus Limited, Ria International India Private Limited and Parekh Platinum Limited.

He is not on the Board of any other company whose equity shares are listed on a Stock Exchange.

Mr. Amit Amist Shanker (DIN: 05305256), Non-Executive Independent Director:

Mr. Amit Amist is a Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director of our Company. He is a Bachelor of Arts from University of Delhi with specialization in Political Science. He is also a Law Graduate from GLC / CCS, Delhi. He has also done MBA in Marketing from Welingkar Institute of Management in the field of Marketing. Currently he is practicing as an Advocate with ASA Legal. He was also associated with Canara Robeco Asset Management Co Ltd as Executive Vice President.

He is a Member of Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee He is not related to the Chairman or any other Member of the Board.

Confirmation as regards skills / competence / expertise of the Board of Directors:

The Board believes that the above-mentioned skills / competencies/expertise are required for the business of the Company and Directors of the Company possess these skills/competencies/expertise, which helps the company to function effectively.

Confirmation as regards independence of Independent Directors:

None of the Independent Directors serve as Independent Directors in more than seven (7) listed companies in line with the requirements of the SEBI Regulations. The said Independent Directors have also confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Regulations, as amended.

Confirmation as regards independence of Independent Directors have been duly obtained from them and taken on record.

In the opinion of the Board, all the Independent Directors fulfill the criteria relating to their independence as specified in the SEBI Regulations and the Act and are independent of the Management.

2.3 Board Training and Induction:

At the time of appointing a Director, a formal letter of appointment is given to him / her, which inter alia explains the role, function, duties and responsibilities expected of him / her as a Director of the Company. The Chairman & Managing Director also has a one-to-one discussion with the newly appointed Director. The above initiatives help the Director to understand the Company, its business and the regulatory framework in which the Company operates and equips him / her to effectively fulfill his / her role as a Director of the Company.

2.4 Board Meetings held during the financial year:

Dates on which the Board Meetings were held	Total Strength of the Board	No. of Directors Present
10-04-2025	6	3
30-05-2025	6	5
22-07-2025	6	3
13-08-2025	6	5
26-08-2025	6	3
14-11-2025	6	6
14-02-2026	6	5

Attendance of each Director at the Board Meeting and Last Annual General Meeting:

Dates of Board Meetings	Saurabh Malhotra	Shipra Malhotra	Vivek Grover	Guniteshvir Singh Sohal	Rahul Dixit	Amit Amist
10-04-2025	X	Present	Present	Present	Present	X
30-05-2025	X	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present
22-07-2025	Present	Present	X	Present	X	Present
13-08-2025	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present
26-08-2025	X	Present	X	Present	X	Present
14-11-2025	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present
14-02-2026	X	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present
Total Attendance (out of 7 Board Meetings)	**3**	**7**	**5**	**4**	**5**	**6**
Attendance at Last AGM	**Present**	**Present**	**Present**	**Present**	**Present**	**Present**

a. Number of other Companies where director (of SEL) hold memberships on the Board of Directors:

b. Number of Committees in which the Directors (of SEL) hold Memberships or Chairmanships as on 31st March, 2026:

Name of Directors	Date of Appointment	No. of Directorship held in Indian public limited Companies* (including SEL)	Number of Committee** Memberships/ Chairmanships$ (including SEL)	
			Chairman	Member
Mr. Saurabh Malhotra	31/08/2005	2	1	0
Ms. Shipra Malhotra	25/01/2007	1	0	3
Mr. Vivek Grover	29/05/2017	1	0	0
Mr. Amit Amist	13/02/2021	1	0	3
Mr. Rahul Dixit	29/03/2024	1	0	2
Mr. Guniteshvir Singh Sohal	29/03/2024	1	3	0

*For calculating no. of Directorships, only Public Limited Companies (Listed and Unlisted) have been considered.

**Further for calculating Committee Memberships and Committee Chairmanships, only Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee of Public Limited Companies (Listed and Unlisted) have been considered.

$ A director added under the head of Chairman, has not been considered as the member.

The Board periodically reviews the items required to be placed before it and in particular reviews and approves quarterly/half yearly unaudited financial statements and the audited annual financial statements, corporate strategies, business plans, annual budgets, projects and capital expenditure. It monitors overall operating performance, and reviews such other items which require Board's attention. It directs and guides the activities of the Management towards the set goals and seeks accountability. It also sets standards of corporate behavior, ensures transparency in corporate dealings and compliance with laws and regulations. The agenda for the Board Meeting covers items set out as guidelines in SEBI Regulations to the extent these are relevant and applicable. All agenda items are supported by relevant information, documents and presentations to enable the Board to take informed decisions.

D&O Insurance for Directors:

In line with the requirements of Regulation 24(10) of the SEBI Regulations, the Company is not required to take Directors and Officers Insurance (D&O) for all its Directors and Members of the Senior Management for such quantum and for such risks as determined by the Board, since it is not applicable to the Company.

2.6 **Resignation of Independent Director and reasons for the same:**

During the financial year, 2025 – 26, there has been no resignation of any Independent Director from the Board of the Company.

3. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

With a view to have a more focused attention on business and for better governance and accountability, the Board has constituted the following mandatory committees viz. Audit Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee. The terms of reference of these Committees are determined by the Board and their relevance reviewed from time to time. Meetings of each of these Committees are convened by the respective Chairman of the Committee, who also informs the Board about the summary of discussions held in the Committee Meetings. The Minutes of the Committee Meetings are sent to all Directors individually and tabled at the Board Meetings.

3.1 Audit Committee:

The Audit Committee acts as an interface between the Statutory and Internal Auditors, the Management and the Board of Directors. It assists the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities of monitoring financial reporting processes; reviewing the Company's established systems and processes for internal financial controls and governance; and reviews the Company's statutory and internal audit processes. More than two-thirds of the members of the committee, including the Chairman are Independent Directors. The committee is governed by a Charter, which is in line with the regulatory requirements mandated by the act and SEBI Regulations. All the members of the committee have the ability to read and understand the financial statements. The Chairman of the committee possesses professional qualifications in the field of Finance and Accounting.

Some of the important functions performed by the Committee are:

3.1.1 **Financial Reporting and Related Processes:**

- Effective oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
- Reviewing with the Management (i) the quarterly Un-Audited Financial Results and the Auditors' Limited Review Report thereon, (ii) Audited Annual Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon before submission to the Board for approval. This would, inter alia, include reviewing changes in the accounting policies and practices and reasons for such change, major accounting entries involving estimates based on exercise of judgment by the Management.
- Review the Management Discussion & Analysis of financial condition and results of the Company's operation.
- Review of Management internal control systems, improvements and weaknesses, if any, as observed by the Statutory Auditors.
- Review of the adequacy of the internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the person heading the Department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit.
- Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the Internal Auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.
- Review with the Management, performance of Statutory and Internal Auditors, adequacy of the internal control.
- Discuss with the Statutory Auditors, its judgment about the quality and appropriateness of the Company's accounting principles with reference to relevant Accounting Standards and the relevant Rules under the Act as amended from time to time.
- Scrutiny and review the investments and inter-corporate loans made by the Company.

3.1.2 Internal Controls and Governance Processes:

- Review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's Accounting system and internal financial controls.
- Review and discuss with the Management on the Company's major financial risk exposures and steps taken by the Management to monitor and mitigate such risks.
- To oversee and review the functioning of the vigil mechanism implemented in the Company as a Whistle Blower Policy and to review the findings of investigations into cases of material nature, if any, and the actions taken in respect thereof. The scope of the vigil mechanism enables employees, Directors and other stakeholders to report on any cases of leakage of unpublished price sensitive information and consequent non-compliance with SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading Regulations) Regulations, 2015.
- To make the employees aware of the vigil mechanism to enable employees to report instances of leak of unpublished price sensitive information.
- Management letters/letters of internal control weaknesses, if any, issued by the Statutory Auditors.

3.1.3 Audit:

- Review the scope of the Statutory Audit, the annual audit plan and the Internal Audit Plan with a view to ensure adequate coverage.
- Review and monitor the Auditors' independence and performance and effectiveness of the audit process.
- Discuss with Statutory Auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
- Review and discuss the significant audit findings from the statutory and internal audits carried out, the recommendations and Management's response thereto.
- Review and recommend to the Board the appointment/re-appointment of the Statutory Auditors and Cost Auditors considering their independence and effectiveness and their replacement and removal, if necessary.
- Approve such additional services which are to be rendered by the Statutory Auditors except those enumerated in Section 144 of the Actand payment for such services.
- Recommend to the Board the remuneration of the Statutory Auditors / Cost Auditors.
- Discussion with the Statutory Auditors / Internal Auditors on significant findings and follow-up thereon.
- Review the Annual Cost Audit Report submitted by the Cost Auditor.

3.1.4 Other Functions:

- To approve the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Internal Auditor and to approve the appointment of the Chief Financial Officer after assessing the qualifications and experience of the candidates.
- To grant omnibus approval to all related party transactions including any subsequent modifications thereto, grant of omnibus approvals for related party transactions which are repetitive in nature, are in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length pricing basis and to review and approve such transactions subject to the approval of the Board or shareholders, as the case may be.
- To review compliance with the provisions of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading Regulations) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time and to verify that the systems for internal control for prohibition of Insider Trading are adequate and are operating effectively.
- The scope and terms of reference of the Committee has been widened in line with the amendments made to the listing regulations which become applicable from the said date.

The composition of the Audit Committee as at 31st March, 2026 and details of the Members participation at the Meetings of the Committee are as under:

Dates of Meeting	**Amit Amist#**	**Rahul Dixit#**	**Guniteshvir Singh Sohal***
30-05-2025	Present	Present	Present
13-08-2025	Present	Present	Present
14-11-2025	Present	Present	Present
14-02-2026	Present	Present	Present
Total (out of 4 meetings)	**4**	**4**	**4**

*Chairman & Non – Executive Independent Director #Member & Non – Executive Independent Director

The Chairman of the Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting of the Company.

All the Members on the Audit Committee are financially literate and possess sound knowledge in finance, accounting practice. The representative of the Statutory Auditors is permanent invitees to the Audit Committee Meetings. He has attended all Audit Committee Meetings held during the year at which the financial results / financial statements have been placed for review. The representative of the Cost Auditor is also invited to attend the Meeting of the Audit Committee at which the Cost Audit Report is tabled for discussion.

Also the Internal Auditors are invited to attend the Audit Committee Meetings.

The Minutes of the meetings of the Audit Committee are circulated to all the members of the Board.

Performance Review of the Audit Committee:

The performance of the Audit Committee is assessed annually by the Board of Directors through a structured questionnaire which broadly covers Functions and Duties, Management Relations and Committee Meetings and Procedures. The performance of the Audit Committee were found satisfactory for the financial year 2025-2026 and the same has been forwarded to Mr. Saurabh Malhotra, Chairman & Managing Director of the Company for record.

3.2 Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC):

The Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director and half of the Members on the Committee are Independent Directors.

3.2.1 **Terms of Reference:**

- Succession planning of the Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel;
- Identifying and selecting candidates who are qualified for appointment as Directors / Independent Directors based on certain laid down criteria;
- Identifying potential candidates for appointment as Key Managerial Personnel and to recommend to the Board of Directors their appointment and removal;
- Review the performance of the Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel based on certain criteria as approved by the Board. In reviewing the overall remuneration of the Board of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Committee ensures that the remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate the best managerial talent, the relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks and that the remuneration involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short-term and long-term objectives of the Company. Accordingly, the Committee recommends to the Board, the remuneration in whatever form payable to the Senior Management including Key Managerial Personnel;
- To recommend to the Board of Directors the extension or continuance in office of the Independent Directors on the basis of the report of their performance evaluation;
- The functions of the Committee have been widened in line with the amendments made to SEBI Regulations.
- Specify the manner of carrying the performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors.

3.2.2 Remuneration Policy:

While formulating the policy the Committee has to ensure that:

- The level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the Company successfully.
- Relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks.
- Remuneration to directors, Key Managerial Personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee as at 31st March, 2026 and the details of Members participation at the Meetings of the Committee are as under:

Date of Meeting	Shipra Malhotra$	Rahul Dixit#	Guniteshvir Singh Sohal*
13-08-2025		Present	Present
26-08-2025	Present	Present	
Total	**1**	**2**	**1**

*Chairman & Non – Executive Independent Director # Member & Non – Executive Independent Director

$ Member & Non – Executive Promoter Director

3.3 Stakeholders' Relationship Committee:

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee comprises three Members out of which half of the Members are Independent Directors.

3.3.1 **Terms of Reference of the Committee:**

- to approve transfer / transmission of shares / debentures and such other securities, as may be issued by the Company from time to time;
- to issue of duplicate share certificates for shares / debentures and other securities reported lost, defaced or destroyed, as per the laid down procedure;
- to issue new certificates against subdivision of shares, renewal, split or consolidation of share certificates / certificates relating to other securities;
- to issue and allot right shares / bonus shares pursuant to a out rights issue / bonus issue, subject to such approvals as may be required;
- to issue and allot debentures, bonds and other securities as approved by the Board of Directors, subject to such other approvals of the Regulators as may be required;
- to approve and monitor requests relating to dematerialization of shares / debentures / other securities and all matters incidental or related thereto;
- to authorize the Company Secretary and Head Compliance / other Officers of the Share Department to attend to matters relating to
- transfer / transmission of shares, issue of duplicate share certificates for shares reported lost, defaced or destroyed, to issue new certificates against subdivision of shares, renewal, split or consolidation of share certificates;
- non receipt of annual reports, notices, non receipt of declared dividend, change of address for correspondence and other such issues and to monitor action taken thereon;
- to monitor Investor Relation activities of the Company and give guidance on the flow of information from the Company to the Investors;

- to monitor expeditious redressal of grievances of shareholders / security holder and all other matters incidental or related to issue of shares, debentures and other securities, if any of the Company.
- to review reports relating to grievances of investors, shareholding pattern and other reports, which are to be submitted to the Stock Exchanges periodically in line with the requirements of the SEBI Regulations;
- review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- reviewing the various measures and initiatives taken to reduce the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants /annual reports / statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company;
- review of adherence to the service standards adopted in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.
- review of transfer of unpaid / unclaimed dividend /shares to the Investor Protection Fund of the Government of India in line with the relevant Rules thereunder;
- any other matters as may be assigned to the Committee by the Board of Directors from time to time.

The composition of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee as at 31st March, 2026 and details of the Members participation at the Meetings of the Committee are as under:

Date of Meeting	Shipra Malhotra$	Rahul Dixit#	Guniteshvir Singh Sohal*
26-08-2025	Present	Present	Present
Total	**1**	**1**	**1**

*Chairman & Non – Executive Independent Director # Member & Non – Executive Independent Director

$ Member & Non – Executive Promoter Director

3.3.2 Compliance Officer:

As required by the SEBI Regulations, the Company has appointed Ms. Pooja Malhotra as Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer. Email address of Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer is companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com.

3.3.3 **Complaints:**

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2026, complaint(s) received from the shareholder(s), if any, were resolved during the year. No complaints were pending as on 31st March, 2026.

Opening as on 01st April, 2025	0
Received during the year	0
Disposed of during the year	0
Closing as on 31st March, 2026	0

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee:

Pursuant to the requirement of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy was adopted by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 13th February, 2016. The said policy may be referred to, at your Company's website at the web link http:// sakumaexportsltd.com/investors/corporate-policy/CSR-Policy.pdf

The composition of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee as at 31st March, 2026 and the details of Members' participation at the Meetings of the Committee are as under:

Date of Meeting	Saurabh Malhotra*	Shipra Malhotra#	Amit Amist$
26.08.2025	Absent	Present	Present
13.03.2026	Present	Present	Present
Total	**1**	**2**	**2**

* Chairman & Executive Director

Member & Non – Executive Promoter Director

$ Member & Non – Executive Independent Director

3.5 **Risk Management Committee (Non-Mandatory):**

The Company has not formed Risk Management Committee as it is not applicable under Regulation 21 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

The nature of business is export and trading in commodities. The inherent risk to the business of the company is as follows:

a. Foreign Exchange risk

b. Commodity Price risk

c. Risk elements in business transactions

d. Physical risk to cargo

All the above risk has been discussed in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report. The Executive Chairman & Managing Director mitigate the risk with the help of their depth of knowledge of market, assistance of senior management and forecast based on various data available with the Company. The Company has developed the analysis of market data which helps in decision making and to ensure the mitigation of the risk.

3.6 Policy for Selection and Appointment of Directors and their Remuneration:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) has adopted a Policy which, inter alia, deals with the manner of selection of Managing Director other Directors, members of Senior Management and their remuneration. The said Policy has been outlined below:

3.6.1 **Criteria of Selection of Non-Executive Directors:**

- The Non-Executive Directors shall be of high integrity with relevant expertise and experience so as to have a diverse Board with Directors having expertise in the fields of manufacturing, marketing, finance, taxation, law, governance and general management.
- In case of appointment of Independent Directors, the NRC shall satisfy itself with regard to the independent nature of the Directors vis-a-vis the Company so as to enable the Board to discharge its function and duties effectively.
- The NRC shall ensure that the candidate identified for appointment as a Director is not disqualified for appointment under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- The NRC shall consider the following attributes / criteria, whilst recommending to the Board the candidature for appointment as Director.
  - ➢ Qualification, expertise and experience of the Directors in their respective fields;
  - ➢ Personal, Professional or business standing;\
  - ➢ Diversity of the Board.
- In case of re-appointment of Non-Executive Directors, the Board shall take into consideration the performance evaluation of the Director and his engagement level.

3.6.2 Remuneration:

The Non-Executive Directors shall be entitled to receive remuneration by way of sitting fees, reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Board / Committee meetings and commission as detailed hereunder:

- A Non-Executive Director shall be entitled to receive sitting fees for each meeting of the Board or Committee of the Board attended by him, of such sum as may be approved by the Board of Directors within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014;
- The Independent Directors of the Company shall not be entitled to participate in the Stock Option Scheme of the Company, if any, introduced by the Company.

3.6.3 Chairman & Managing Director - Criteria for Selection / Appointment:

For the purpose of selection of the Chairman & Managing Director, the NRC recommends the Promoter Directors as Chairman & Managing Director who are persons of integrity who possess relevant expertise, experience and leadership qualities required for the position.

Remuneration for the Executive Chairman & Managing Director:

- At the time of appointment or re-appointment, the Chairman & Managing Director shall be paid such remuneration as may be mutually agreed between the Company (which includes the NRC and the Board of Directors) and the Executive Chairman & Managing Director within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Regulations.
- The remuneration shall be subject to the approval of the Members of the Company in General Meeting.
- The remuneration of the Chairman & Managing Director is broadly divided into fixed and variable components. The fixed component comprises salary, allowances, perquisites, amenities and retiral benefits. The variable component comprises performance bonus.

3.6.4 Remuneration Policy for the Senior Management Employees:

- In determining the remuneration of the Senior Management Employees including Key Managerial Personnel, the NRC shall ensure / consider the following:
  - ➢ the relationship of remuneration and performance benchmark is clear;
  - ➢ the balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short- and long-term performance objectives, appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals;
  - ➢ the remuneration is divided into two components viz. fixed component comprising salaries, perquisites and retirement benefits and a variable component comprising performance bonus;
  - ➢ the remuneration including annual increment and performance bonus is decided based on the criticality of the roles and responsibilities, the Company's performance vis-à-vis the annual budget achievement individual performance vis-a-vis industry benchmark and current compensation trends in the market.
- The Managing Director will carry out the individual performance review based on the standard appraisal matrix and shall take into account the appraisal score card and other factors mentioned herein-above, whilst recommending the annual increment and performance incentive to the NRC for its review and approval.

3.7 Independent Directors' Meeting:

During the year under review, the Independent Directors met on 30.05.2025 and 13.03.2026, inter alia to discuss:

- evaluation of the performance of Non Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a whole;
- evaluation of the performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of the Executive and Non-Executive Directors;

- evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties; and

A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board, who were evaluated on parameters such as Managing Relationships, Leadership, Strategy Formulation and execution, financial planning / performance, Relationships with the Board, External Relations, Human Resources Management / Relations, Succession, Product / Service Knowledge, and Personal Qualities, etc.

A structured questionnaire was prepared after taking into consideration inputs received from the Directors, covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance.

The Independent Directors have expressed satisfaction at the robustness of the evaluation process, the Board's freedom to express its views on matters transacted at the Meetings and the openness and transparency with which the Management discusses various subject matters specified on the agenda of Meetings. The consolidated evaluation report of the Board, based on inputs received from the Directors was discussed at the Meeting of the Board held on 13th March, 2026.

3.8 Performance Evaluation:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Regulations, the performance evaluation of the Independent Directors and Committees of the Board were carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Board as a Whole, Chairman and the Non Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors who also reviewed the performance of the Secretarial Department. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

3.9 **Details of Remuneration paid to all Directors:**

The aggregate remuneration paid to the Directors for the year ended 31st March, 2026 is as under:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Name of Directors	Designation	Salary & Perquisites	Commission	Sitting Fees	Total Amount
Saurabh Malhotra	Chairman and Managing Director	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shipra Malhotra	Non – Executive Director	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00
Vivek Grover	Non – Executive Director	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00
Guniteshvir Singh Sohal	Independent Director	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00
Rahul Dixit	Independent Director	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00
Amit Amist	Independent Director	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00

Notes:

- The Company does not pay any allowances, perquisites, performance bonus, sign-on amount to Executive and Non–Executive Directors.
- Apart from payment of sitting fees, the Company does not have any pecuniary relationship or transactions with non executive Directors.

Details of Service Contracts:

Name and Designation	Current Tenure	From	To
Mr. Saurabh Malhotra Chairman & Managing Director	3 years	1st September, 2024	31st August, 2027

Equity Shares of Sakuma Exports Limited held by the Non – Executive Directors are as follows:

Non – Executive Directors	No. of shares held as on 31st March, 2026	No. of shares held as on 31st March, 2025
Shipra Malhotra	5000	5000
Vivek Grover	0	0
Amit Amist	0	0
Guniteshvir Singh Sohal	0	0
Rahul Dixit	0	0

Details of Stock – Options:

The Company has not issued any stock options.

4. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

The Company has 5 subsidiaries i.e. Sakuma Exim DMCC, Sakuma Exports PTE Limited, Sakuma Impex Limited Sakuma Exports (Ghana) Ltd, Sakuma Exports Tanzania Pvt. Ltd. and one step down subsidiary GK Exim FZE W.L.L. None of them are its material subsidiaries.

The Company has formulated a policy on Material Subsidiary. The said policy may be referred to, at your Company's website at the web link, https://www.sakumaexportsltd.com/overseas-financial-results.html

5. DISCLOSURES

5.1 Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS):

The Company has followed the relevant Accounting Standards notified by the Companies (India Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 while preparing Financial Statements.

5.2 Regulations 17 to 27 & Regulation 46 of SEBI Regulations:

The Company has complied with and disclosed all the mandatory corporate governance requirements mentioned under Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the SEBI Regulations.

5.3 Related Party Transactions

All transactions entered into by the Company during the year with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length pricing basis. A Related Party Policy has been adopted by the Board of Directors for determining the materiality of transactions with related parties and dealings with them. The said policy may be referred to, at your Company's website at the web link, https://sakumaexportsltd.com/investors/corporate-policy/Policy-on-Determining- Criteria-for-Related-Party-Transactions.pdf. In line with the amended the SEBI Regulations, the policy has been amended suitably.

Where any materially significant related-party transaction is proposed, approval of the Members is obtained. During the financial year, The Company has not entered into any materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of listed entity at large.

5.4 Confirmation by the Board of Directors' acceptance of recommendation of mandatory committees:

The Board of Directors confirmed that during the financial year, it has accepted all recommendations received from its Committees. None of the recommendations made by any of the Committees has been rejected by the Board.

5.5 Fees paid to Statutory Auditors:

During the year ended 31st March, 2026, your Company and its subsidiaries have paid a consolidated sum of Rs. 8,00,000/- (Eight Lakhs Only) to the statutory auditor and all its entities.

5.6 Strictures and Penalties:

No strictures or penalties have been imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) or by any statutory authority on any matters related to capital markets during the last three years.

5.7 MD & CFO Certification:

The Chairman & Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer have issued certificate pursuant to the provisions of the SEBI Regulations certifying that the Financial Statements do not contain any untrue statement and these statements represent a true and fair view of the Company's affairs. The said certificate is annexed and forms part of the Annual Report.

5.8 Code of Conduct for the Board Members and Senior Management:

The Company had formulated a Code of Business Conduct for the employees, including the Directors, for dealing with all the stakeholders of the Company and the same was first adopted by the Board in its meeting held on 15th May, 2014. The Code inter alia covers conduct of employees, environment, health & safety, anti-trust / competition laws, anti-bribery & anti- corruption, proper accounting and internal controls. The updated Code is also available on the Company's official website at the web link https://www.sakumaexportsltd.com/investors/corporate-policy/CodeofConduct-ForSeniorManagement.pdf.

Accordingly, a declaration from the Chairman and Managing Director that all Board Members and Senior Management personnel have duly complied with the Code of Conduct for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024 forms part of the Annual report.

5.9 Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy:

During the financial year 2017 – 18, in accordance with the Regulation 22 of the SEBI Regulations and pursuant to Section 177 (9) read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, the Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy. The Company promotes ethical behavior in all its business activities and has put in place a mechanism of reporting illegal or unethical behavior. As per the Whistle Blower Policy, the employees are free to report violations of laws, rules, regulations or un-ethical conduct to their immediate superior. The confidentiality of those reporting / violations is maintained and they are not subjected to any discriminatory practice.

The Board hereby affirms that no person has been denied access to Audit Committee.

The Company's Whistle Blower Policy has also been amended to make employees aware of the existence of policies and procedures for inquiry in case of leakage of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information to enable them to report on leakages, if any, of such information.

5.10 Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions:

During the financial year, the Company has not raised any funds through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement.

5.11 Details of loans and advances in the nature of loans given to firms / companies in which Directors are interested:

During the financial year, neither the Company nor its subsidiaries have given any loans or advances in the nature of loans to firms or companies in which the Directors of the Company are interested.

5.12 Prevention of Insider Trading:

Pursuant to SEBI Regulations, the Company has formulated the 'Code of Internal Procedures and Conduct for Regulating, Monitoring and Reporting of Trading by Insiders' and the 'Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information' ('Code'), which allows the formulation of a trading plan subject to certain conditions and requires pre-clearance for dealing in the Company's shares. It also prohibits the purchase or sale of the Company's shares by the Directors, designated employees and connected persons, while in possession of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information in relation to the Company and during the period(s) when the Trading Window to deal in the Company's shares is closed. The codes have been revised in line with the amendments to the Prohibition of Insider Trading Regulations, as amended from time to time.

Pursuant to the above, the Company has put in place adequate and effective system of internal controls to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Prohibition of Insider Trading Regulations.

A structured digital database is being maintained by the Company's RTAs, which contains the names and other particulars as prescribed of the persons covered under the Codes drawn up pursuant to the Prohibition of Insider Trading Regulations.

The Board have also formulated a Policy for determination of 'legitimate purposes' as a part of the Code of Fair Disclosure and Conduct as per the requirements of the Prohibition of Insider Trading Regulations.

The Compliance Officer is appointed for ensuring implementation of the codes for fair disclosure and conduct. The Board, designated persons and other connected persons have affirmed compliance with the Code.

5.13 Communication with the Members/ Shareholders:

- The Company follows a robust process of communicating with its stakeholders and investors. For this purpose, it provides multiple channels of communications through dissemination of information on the on-line portal of the Stock Exchanges, Press Releases, the Annual Reports and by placing relevant information on its website.
- The un-audited quarterly, half yearly and annual results are announced within forty-five days of the close of the quarter. The audited annual results are announced within sixty days from the close of the financial year as per the requirements of the SEBI Regulations. The aforesaid financial results are disseminated to National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and BSE Limited (BSE) where the Company's securities are listed, within thirty minutes from close of the Board meetings at which these are approved by the Board. The results are published within forty-eight hours in leading English and Marathi daily newspapers Free Press Journal and Navshakti. The Audited Financial Statements form a part of the Annual Report which is sent to the Members well in advance of the Annual General Meeting.
- The Company also informs by way of intimation to NSE and BSE all price sensitive matters or such other matters, which in its opinion are material and of relevance to the members and subsequently issues a Press Release in regard to the same.

  The Annual Report of the Company, the quarterly, half yearly and the annual financial results are also placed on the Company's website www.sakumaexportsltd.com from where they can be downloaded.

  In compliance with SEBI Regulations, on a quarterly basis, the Company files its quarterly results, shareholding pattern, quarterly compliances like investor complaints, share capital audit report, share transfer certificate, statement of related party transactions, scrutinizers report on voting of general meetings, outcome of board meetings and general meetings, etc. and all other corporate communication is filed electronically on BSE's Online Portal – BSE Listing Centre and on NSE Electronic Application Processing System (NEAPS), the on-line portal of National Stock Exchange of India Limited. The Company has complied with filing submissions through BSE's Online Portal and NSE's Online Portal. The same can be downloaded from the website of NSE i.e. www.nseindia.com and BSE i.e. at www.bseindia.com.
- The Board of Directors has approved a policy for determining materiality of events for the purpose of making disclosure to the stock exchanges. The Chairman and Managing Director has been empowered to decide on the materiality of information for the purpose of making disclosures to the stock exchanges.
- Facility has been provided by SEBI for investors to place their complaints / grievances on a centralized web-based complaint redress system viz. SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES). The salient features of this system are centralized database of all complaints, on-line upload of Action Taken Reports (ATRs) by the concerned companies and on-line viewing by investors of actions taken on the complaints and their current status.

6. GENERAL INFORMATION TO SHAREHOLDERS

Financial Year Ended: 31st March, 2026

6.1 Investor Services

Pursuant to the directive of SEBI, whereby all work related to share register in terms of both physical and electronic mode for maintenance had to be carried out at a single point, the Company has appointed M/s. Big share Services Private Limited as its Registrar & Share Transfer Agent, to handle its entire share related activities, both for physical shares and shares in demat form.

Bigshare Services Private Limited

Office No. S6-2, 6th Floor, Pinnacle Business Park, Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai: 400 093.

Tel: 022 62638200;

Email: investor@bigshareonline.com

Website: www.bigshareonline.com

6.2 Address for correspondence with Depositories

National Securities Depository Limited Trade World, A wing, 4th Floor, Kamala Mills Compound,

Lower Parel, Mumbai – 400 013

Tel. No.: 022 2499 7000

E-mail : helpdesk@nsdl.co.in Website : www.nsdl.co.in

Central Depository Services (India) Limited Marathon Futurex, A-Wing, 25th Floor,

N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai – 400 013 Tel. No.: 1800 22 5533

E-mail : helpdesk@cdslindia.com Website : www.cdslindia.com

6.3 Registered Office & Correspondence Address

Sakuma Exports Limited

Aurus Chamber, A 301, Near Mahindra Tower, S S Amrutwar Lane, Worli, Mumbai – 400 013 Tel. No.: 022 2499 9021/ 2499 9022

Fax No.: 022 2499 9024 / 2499 9027

Website: www.sakumaexportsltd.com

Contact Person: Ms. Pooja Malhotra, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Email Address: companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com

Members are requested to state their DP ID & Client ID / Ledger Folio number in their correspondence with the Company and also to provide their Email addresses and telephone numbers to facilitate prompt response from the Company.

6.4 Plant Location:

The Company does not have its own manufacturing or processing unit.

6.5 Market Information:

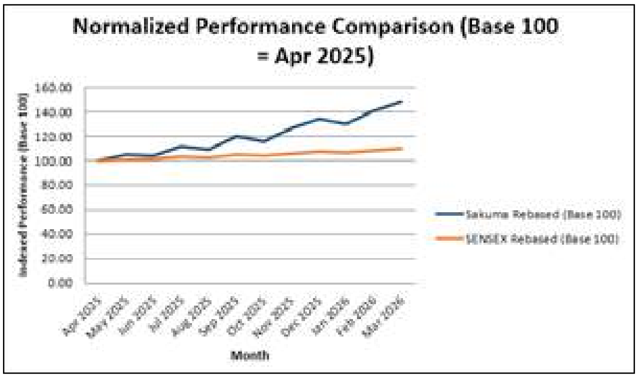
Listing on Stock Exchanges:

The Company's shares are listed on the following Stock Exchanges:

Name & Address of the Stock Exchanges	Scrip Code / Symbol	ISIN Number for CDSL (Dematerialised shares)
The National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051	SAKUMA	INE 190H01016
BSE Limited PhirozeJeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001	532714	

The equity shares of the Company are not suspended from trading on National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited.

Performance of Equity Shares of the company in comparison to BSE Sensex: (Source: Chart as per the website of BSE Limited i.e. (www.bseindia.com))



Monthly High and Low Prices of the Equity Shares of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2024: (Source: www.bseindia.com)

Month	Open Price	High Price	Low Price	Close Price	No. of Shares	No. of Trades	Total Turnover (Rs.)	* Spread (Rs.)	
								H-L	C-O
Apr-25	2.38	3.82	2.37	3.75	9839950	7663	30792778	1.45	1.37
May-25	3.68	3.68	2.9	3.1	5736173	3914	17704955	0.78	-0.58
Jun-25	3.1	3.65	2.91	3.04	11272045	11005	36161284	0.74	-0.06
Jul-25	3.02	3.06	2.67	2.71	7340688	9709	21294819	0.39	-0.31
Aug-25	2.75	2.83	2.46	2.54	9262352	11593	24546098	0.37	-0.21
Sep-25	2.54	2.84	2.46	2.48	7876071	9645	20454742	0.38	-0.06
Oct-25	2.49	3.09	2.34	2.89	7331610	6293	19634076	0.75	0.4
Nov-25	2.95	2.95	2.34	2.39	4304013	4510	10799283	0.61	-0.56
Dec-25	2.35	2.42	2.07	2.14	3365418	4480	7439942	0.35	-0.21
Jan-26	2.17	2.24	1.6	1.88	3798960	4370	7592242	0.64	-0.29
Feb-26	2.02	2.17	1.72	1.83	4166733	5291	8171844	0.45	-0.19
Mar-26	1.8	1.8	1.11	1.12	8756335	6196	12736996	0.69	-0.68

*Spread H-L: High-Low C-O: Close-Open

Annual Fees:

The Company has paid Annual Custody Fees for the financial year 2025 – 26 to both the depositories namely National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) within the stipulated time.

The Company has paid Annual Listing Fees for the year 2025 – 26 to the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited within the stipulated time.

6.6 Shareholders' rights:

A shareholder in a Company enjoys certain rights, which are as follows:

- To receive share certificates, on allotment or transfer as the case may be, in due time.
- To receive copies of the Annual Report, Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account and the Auditor's Report.
- To participate and vote in General Meetings either personally or through proxies.
- To receive dividends in due time, once approved in General Meetings or Board Meetings.
- To receive corporate benefits like rights and bonus etc. once approved.
- To apply to the National Company Law Tribunal to call or direct the Annual General Meeting.
- To inspect the minute books of the General Meetings and to receive copies thereof.
- To proceed against the Company by way of civil or criminal proceedings.
- To apply for the winding-up of the Company.
- To receive the residual proceeds.

The above-mentioned rights may not necessarily be absolute.

7. SHARE TRANSFER SYSTEM / DIVIDEND AND OTHER RELATED MATTERS

7.1 **Share transfers:**

SEBI, effective April 01, 2019, barred physical transfer of shares of listed companies and mandated transfers only through demat. However, investors are not barred from holding shares in physical form. We request shareholders whose shares are in physical mode to dematerialize their shares. Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized mode have been requested to register their email address, bank account details and mobile number with their depository participants.

Those holding shares in physical mode have been requested to furnish their email address, bank account details and mobile number with the Company's RTA, at investor@bigshareonline.com. Updating all the relevant information will enable shareholders to receive dividends and communications on time. Kindly refer the relevant notes in the notice of annual general meeting.

7.2 Nomination facility for shareholding:

In terms of the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, facility for making nomination is available for Members in respect of shares held by them. Members holding shares in physical form may obtain a nomination form (Form SH-13), from the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent. Members holding shares in dematerialized form should contact their Depository Participants (DP) in this regard.

7.3 Dividend:

- **The Company has not paid any dividend in this financial year.**
- **Unclaimed Dividends:**

The Company is required to transfer dividends which have remained unpaid / unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date, the dividend has become due for payment to the Investor Education & Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Government. Accordingly, during the financial year 2025-26, an amount of Rs. 1,04,162.06/- being unclaimed / unpaid final dividend of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2016 was transferred to IEPF. The last date for claiming unclaimed and unpaid dividends declared by the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2018 and thereafter is as under:

For Equity Shareholders:

Financial Year	Date of Declaration of Divided	Last Date of claiming Unpaid Dividend
Final Dividend 2018 – 2019	24.09.2019	29.10.2026
Final Dividend 2019 – 2020	10.12.2020	14.01.2028
Final Dividend 2020 – 2021	29.09.2021	03.11.2028
Final Dividend 2021 – 2022	29.09.2022	03.11.2029
Final Dividend 2022 – 2023	29.09.2023	03.11.2030

Dividend History (last 5 Years)

Sr. No.	Financial Year	Final / Interim	Dividend %	Total Dividend(In Rs.)
1.	2024-25	Final	NIL	NIL
2.	2023-24	Final	5%	1,56,77,239
3.	2022 – 23	Final	5%	1,17,27,972
4.	2021 – 22	Final	5%	1,17,27,972
5.	2020 – 21	Final	5%	1,17,27,972

Transfer of the 'Shares' into Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) (in cases where dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more)

In terms of Section 124 (6) of the Act read with Investor Education & Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 as amended, and Notifications issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs from time to time, the Company is required to transfer the shares in respect of which dividends have remained unpaid / unclaimed for a period of seven consecutive years or more to the IEPF Account established by the Central Government. As required under the said Rules, the Company is in the process of transferring the required number of shares to the IEPF.

7.5 Guidelines for Investors to file claim in respect of the Unclaimed Dividend or Shares transferred to the IEPF

Investors/Depositors whose unpaid dividends, matured deposits or debentures etc. have been transferred to IEPF under the erstwhile Companies Act, 1956 and/or the Act, can claim the amounts. In addition, claims can also be made in respect of shares which have been transferred into the IEPF, as per the procedures/ guidelines stated below:

(a) Download the Form IEPF-5 from the website of IEPF (http://www.iepf.gov.in) for filing the claim for the refund of dividend / shares. Read the instructions provided on the website / instruction kit along with the e-form carefully before filling the form.

(b) After filling the form, save it on your computer and submit the duly filled form by following the instructions given in the upload link on the website. On successful uploading, an acknowledgement will be generated indicating the SRN. Please note down the SRN details for future tracking of the form.

(c) Take a print out of the duly filled Form IEPF-5 and the acknowledgement issued after uploading the form.

(d) Submit an indemnity bond in original, copy of the acknowledgement and self-attested copy of e-form along with other documents as mentioned in the Form IEPF-5 to the Nodal Officer (IEPF) of the Company at its Registered Office in an envelope marked "Claim for refund from IEPF Authority" / "Claim for shares from IEPF" as the case may be. Kindly note that submission of documents to the Company is necessary to initiate the refund process.

(e) Claim forms completed in all respects will be verified by the concerned Company and on the basis of Company's Verification Report, refund will be released by the IEPF Authority in favour of claimants' Aadhar linked bank account through electronic transfer and / or the shares shall be credited to the demat account of the claimant, as the case may be.

The Nodal Officer of the Company for IEPF Refunds Process is Ms. Pooja Malhotra whose e-mail id is companysecretary@sakumaexportsltd.com.

7.6 Pending Investors' Grievances:

Any Member / Investor whose grievance has not been resolved satisfactorily may kindly write to the Company Secretary & Compliance Officer at the Registered Office with a copy of the earlier correspondence.

7.7 Dematerialization of Shares and Liquidity:

As per notification issued by SEBI, with effect from 26th June, 2000, it has become mandatory to trade in the Company's shares in the electronic form. The Company's shares are available for trading in the depository systems of both NSDL and CDSL.

As on 31st March, 2026, 99.9997% of the Company's total paid up capital representing 1,56,77,18,640 equity shares were held in dematerialized form and the balance 0.0003% representing 5,370 equity shares were held in physical form.

RECONLIATION OF SHARE CAPITAL AUDIT

As required by SEBI quarterly audit of the Company's share capital is being carried out by an independent external auditor with a view to reconcile the total share capital admitted with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and held in physical form, with the issued and listed capital. The Auditors' Certificate in regard to the same is submitted to BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and is also placed before Stakeholders' Relationship Committee and the Board of Directors.

7.8 Disclosure with respect to demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account:

As on 31st March, 2026, there are no outstanding shares lying in the demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account.

7.9 Distribution of Shareholding as on 31st March, 2026:

Range (In Rupees)	No. of Shareholders	% to capital	Total Shareholding (In Rupees)	% to capital
1 – 5000	199646	89.1404	168179593	10.7277
5001 – 10000	11931	5.3271	90436602	5.7687
10001 – 20000	6454	2.8817	93486622	5.9632
20001 – 30000	2338	1.0439	58456857	3.7288
30001 – 40000	1019	0.4550	35951686	2.2932
40001 – 50000	782	0.3492	36697903	2.3408
50001 – 100000	1090	0.4867	77147040	4.9210
100001 & Above	708	0.3161	1007362337	64.2566
Total	**223968**	**100**	**1567718640**	**100**

The Company has entered into agreements with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) whereby Members have an option to dematerialize their shares with either of the depositories.

7.10 Outstanding GDRs / ADRs / Warrants or any Convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity:

There are no outstanding GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants or any Convertible instruments. Hence there will not be any impact on the equity of the company.

7.11 Commodity Price Risk or Foreign Exchange Risk and Hedging Activities:

The Company does not have any exposure to commodity price risk. However, foreign exchange exposure risks have not been hedged by any derivative instrument or otherwise.

7.12 Particulars of Past Three Annual General Meetings:

- Date, time and venue for the Annual General Meetings and Extra Ordinary General Meeting held during the last 3 financial years and nature of special resolutions passed thereat are given below:

Financial Year	Nature of Meeting	Special Resolution Passed, if any	Date & Time	Location
31.03.2023	18th AGM	Nil	29.09.2023 11.00 a.m.	Aurus Chamber, A 301, Near Mahindra Tower,S S Amrutwar Lane, Worli, Mumbai – 400 013 (By Video Conference)
31.03.2024	19th AGM	Nil	25.07.2024 11.00 a.m.	Aurus Chamber, A 301, Near Mahindra Tower,S S Amrutwar Lane, Worli, Mumbai – 400 013 (By Video Conference)
31.03.2025	20th AGM	Two*	29.09.2025 11.00 a.m.	Aurus Chamber, A 301, Near Mahindra Tower,S S Amrutwar Lane, Worli, Mumbai – 400 013 (By Video Conference)

*** 1.** Special Resolution for appointment of Mr. Amit Shanker Amist as an Independent Director for second term.

2. Special Resolution for Implementation of 'Sakuma Exports Limited Performance Share Plan Scheme, 2025.

Other Disclosures:

1. There was no resolution passed through postal ballot last year.
2. At resent no resolution is proposed to be passed through postal ballot.
3. Details of resolution passed through postal ballot, the persons who conducted the postal ballot exercise and details of the voting pattern: **NIL**

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

Sakuma Exports Limited,
Aurus Chamber, A 301, Near Mahindra Tower,
S S Amrutwar Lane, Worli, Mumbai – 400 013

I/We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Sakuma Exports Limited having CIN: L51909MH2005PLC155765 and having registered office at Aurus Chamber, A 301, Near Mahindra Tower, S S Amrutwar Lane, Worli, Mumbai – 400 013 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me/us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my/our opinion and to the best of my/our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me / us by the Company & its officers, I/We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2026 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment / Cessation in Company
1	Mr. Saurabh Malhotra	00214500	01.09.2010
2	Ms. Shipra Malhotra	01236811	25.01.2007
3	Mr. Vivek Grover	03594740	29.05.2017
4	Mr. Guniteshvir Singh Sohal	07471515	29.03.2024
5	Mr. Rahul Dixit	03540131	29.03.2024
6	Mr. Amit Amist	05305256	13.02.2021

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Rajeev Bhambri & Associates
Company Secretary in Whole Time Practice

(Rajeev Bhambri)
Proprietor
FCS 4327 - C.P. No. 9491
Peer Review Cert No. 5824/2024 valid up to 30.06.2029

Dated: 28.07.2026
Place: Ludhiana
UDIN: F004327H000959171

DECLARATIONS FINANCIAL CALENDAR 2025 – 26

Board Meeting for consideration of audited annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026	30th May, 2026
Posting of Annual Reports	On or before 05th September, 2026
Book Closure Dates	24th September, 2026 to 29th September, 2026 (both days inclusive)
Last date for receipt of Proxy Forms	Not Applicable since the Company is convening AGM thro' VC
Date, Time & Venue of the 21st Annual General Meeting	29th September, 2026 at 11.00 A.M. via Video Conference
Dividend Payment Date	Not Applicable
Probable date of dispatch of warrants	Not Applicable
Board Meeting for consideration of unaudited quarterly results.	Within Forty-five days from the end of the quarter, as stipulated under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 with the Stock Exchanges
Audited results for the current financial year ending 31st March, 2026	Within Sixty days from the end of the last quarter, as stipulated under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 with the Stock Exchanges

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
of Sakuma Exports Limited

Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00214500

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29th August, 2026

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CONDUCT OF THE COMPANY

As provided under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the Board Members and the Senior Management Personnel have confirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026.

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29.08.2026

Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director

MANAGING DIRECTOR AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION

Certificate under Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

We the undersigned, in our capacity as Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer of Sakuma Exports Limited ("the Company") to the best of our knowledge and belief certify that:

A. We have reviewed Financial Statements and the Cash Flow Statement for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:

   1. these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain any statements that might be misleading;

   2. these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.

B. We further state that to the best of our knowledge and belief, there are no transactions entered into by the Company during the year, which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.

C. We hereby declare that all the members of the Board of Directors and Executive Committee have confirmed compliance with the Code of Business Conduct as adopted by the Company.

D. We are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting of the Company and have disclosed to the Auditors and Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or proposed to take to rectify these deficiencies.

E. We have indicated, based in our most recent evaluation, wherever applicable, to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:

   1. significant changes, if any, in internal control over financial reporting during the year;

   2. significant changes, if any, in the accounting policies during the year and that the same has been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and

   3. instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having significant role in the Company's internal control system over the financial reporting.

Yours Sincerely

Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00214500

Devesh Mishra
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: 30th May, 2026

PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To
Sakuma Exports Limited,
Aurus Chamber, A 301, Near Mahindra Tower,
S S Amrutwar Lane, Worli, Mumbai – 400 013
CIN: L51909MH2005PLC155765

I have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Sakuma Exports Limited ('the Company'), for the year ended on 31st March, 2026, as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub regulation (2) of regulation 46 and Para C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (collectively referred to as “SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015”).

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was limited to a review of procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and the representations made by the Directors and the management, I certify that the Company has compiled with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the SEBI (LODR) regulations, 2015 for the year ended on March 31, 2026.

I further state that this certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Rajeev Bhambri & Associates
Company Secretary in Whole Time Practice

(Rajeev Bhambri)
Proprietor
FCS 4327 - C.P. No. 9491
Peer Review Cert No. 5824/2024 valid up to 30.06.2029

Dated: 28.07.2026
Place: Ludhiana
UDIN: F004327H000959193

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF

SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS financial statements of **SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED**, ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2026, the Statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of changes in Equity for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2026, its **Profit** including other comprehensive income its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Key Audit Matters	**How our audit addressed the key audit matter**
1. Assessment of impairment of investment in subsidiaries, (Refer Note 4 of the Standalone Ind AS Balance Sheet)	
As at 31st March, 2026 the Company balance sheet includes investment in subsidiaries & associates of Rs. 11,116.71 lakhs, In accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS), the management has allocated these balances to their respective cash generating units (CGU) and tested these for impairment using a discounted cash flow model. The management compares the carrying value of these assets with their respective recoverable amount. A deficit between the recoverable amount and CGU's net assets would result in impairment. The inputs to the impairment testing model which have most significant impact on the model includes: a) Sales growth rate; b) Operating margin; c) Working capital requirements; d) Capital expenditure; and e) Discount rate applied to the projected cash flows. The impairment test model includes sensitivity testing of key assumptions. The annual impairment testing is considered a significant accounting judgment and estimate and a key audit matter because the assumptions on which the tests are based are highly judgmental and are affected by future market and economic conditions which are inherently uncertain, and because of the materiality of the balances to the financial statements as a whole.	As a part of our audit we have, carried out the following procedures: a) We assessed the Company's methodology applied in determining the CGUs to which these assets are allocated. b) We assessed the assumptions around the key drivers of the cash flow forecasts including discount rates, expected growth rates and terminal growth rates used. c) We also assessed the recoverable value by performing sensitivity testing of key assumptions used. d) We tested the arithmetical accuracy of the models e) Performed analysis of the disclosures related to the impairment tests and their compliance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS).
2. Revenue Recognition (Refer to the accounting policies in Note 2 to the financial statements)	
Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised upon the transfer of control of the goods to the customer. The Company uses a variety of shipment terms across its operating markets, and this has an impact on the timing of revenue recognition. There is a risk that revenue could be recognised in the incorrect period for sales transactions occurring on and around the year-end, therefore revenue recognition has been identified as a key audit matter.	a) Our audit procedures included reading the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies to assess compliance with Ind AS 115 "Revenue from contracts with customers". b) We performed test of controls of management's process of recognizing the revenue from sales of goods with regard to the timing of the revenue recognition as per the sales terms with the customers. c) We performed test of details of the sales transactions testing based on a representative sampling of the sales orders to test that the related revenues and trade receivables are recorded taking into consideration the terms and conditions of the sale orders, including the shipping terms. d) We also performed audit procedures relating to revenue recognition by agreeing deliveries occurring around the year end to supporting documentation to establish that sales and corresponding trade receivables are properly recorded in the correct period. e) Assessing and testing the adequacy of presentation and disclosures.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors report but does not include the Standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We will report material misstatement, if any, on receiving the Other Information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March 2026 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"); issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the **Annexure - A,** a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order to the extent applicable.

As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

(a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;

(b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;

(c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

(d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with relevant Rules issued thereunder.

(e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act.

(f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in **Annexure - B.**

(g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no remuneration has been paid by the Company to its directors during the current year. Hence, we have nothing to report in this regard.

(h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

a. The company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statement – Refer Note No. 37.

b. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or Ind AS, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.

c. There is no amount to be transferred to the Investor Education Undertaking Protection Fund by the Company.

d. (i) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(ii) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(iii) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

e. The Company has not declared and paid any dividend during the year ended on 31st March 2026 as per section 123 of the Company's Act, 2013. Hence, we have nothing to report in this regard.

f. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Firm Reg. No: 111883W
Chartered Accountants

Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 30th May 2026
UDIN – 26101598DXAPFN3116

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
Membership No. 101598

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

The Annexure referred to in our Report of even date to the members of SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2026, We report that:

1a (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details of Right-of-Use assets.

(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.

1b As explained to us, the Property, Plant and Equipment of the company have been physically verified by the Management in a phased manner as per regular program of verification, which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. Pursuant to this program, some of the Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year, and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.

1c The Company does not own any immovable property (Except leasehold properties) accordingly provision of clause i(c) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

1d The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant, and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets during the year.

1e There are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.

2 a. The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year except for inventories lying with third parties. In our opinion, the frequency of verification by the management is reasonable and the coverage and procedure for such verification is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed. Inventories lying with third parties have been confirmed by them as at 31st March, 2026 and discrepancies of 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory were not noticed in respect of such confirmations.

b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion, the quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Company.

3 According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other parties during the year. The Company has made investments only in its wholly owned subsidiary company which prima facie is not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not granted any loans or provided any guarantees or security in respect of any loans to any party covered under section 185 of the Act. In respect of Investments made in body corporate by the Company, the provisions of Section 186 of the Act have been complied with.

5. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public to which the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of section 73 to 76 and any other relevant provision of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under apply.

6. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is not required to maintain cost records specified by the central government under section 148 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

7 a According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund dues, employees state insurance, income tax, service tax, sales tax, service tax, custom duty, excise duty, cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities and there are no undisputed amounts payable for the same were outstanding as at 31st March, 2026 for a period exceeding six months from the date they became payable;

7 b According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Particulars of disputed statutory dues under various act as at 31st March, 2026 which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities are as under:

Name of the Statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	For A. Y. 2009-10	2.13	Jurisdictional AO
Income Tax Act, 1961	For A. Y. 2012-13 #	173.80	CIT (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	For A. Y. 2014-15 #	119.18	ITAT, Pune
Income Tax Act, 1961	For A. Y. 2015-16 #	25.51	CIT (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	For A.Y. 2016-17 #	384.43	CIT (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	For A.Y. 2017-18 #	298.01	CIT (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	For A.Y. 2018-19 #	125.98	CIT (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	For A.Y. 2019-20 #	12.38	CIT (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	For A.Y. 2023-24 #	4.29	CIT (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	TDS Defaults for various years	0.35	TDS Officer, Mumbai
The Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	For F.Y. 2014-15 #	356.42	Sales Tax Tribunal
The Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	For F.Y. 2015-16 #	222.90	Sales Tax Tribunal
The Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	For F.Y. 2016-17 #	191.01	Sales Tax Tribunal

net of payments made

8. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

9. a. According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender during the year.

   b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.

   c. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, no term loans were taken during the year. In respect of the term loans which were taken in the previous years, those were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.

   d. According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.

   e. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.

   f. According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.

10. a. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has raised money by way Rights issue and the money raised by the issue has been utilised for the purposes for which they were raised.

   b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

11. a. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.

    b. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

    c. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not received any whistle- blower complaints during the year.

12. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the order are not applicable to the Company.

13. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable. The details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Ind AS "24", Related Party Disclosures specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015.

14. a. Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.

    b. We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.

15. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any Non-Cash transaction with directors or persons connected with the directors. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

16. a. The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

    b. The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtained a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

    c. The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

    d. Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the Group does not have any CICs, which are part of the Group. We have not, however, separately evaluated whether the information provided by the management is accurate and complete. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

17. The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.

18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.

19. On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in Note 34 to the standalone Ind AS financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

20. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Firm Reg. No: 111883W
Chartered Accountants

Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 30th May 2026
UDIN – 26101598DXAPFN3116

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
Membership No. 101598

ANNEXURE – "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

The Annexure referred to in our Report of even date to the Members of SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED for the year ended 31st March, 2026. We report that:

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED**, ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Firm Reg. No: 111883W
Chartered Accountants

Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 30th May 2026
UDIN – 26101598DXAPFN3116

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
Membership No. 101598

Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026

₹ in Lakhs

	Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
A	**ASSETS**			
1	**Non-current assets**			
	(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	**529.41**	745.67
	(b) Right-of-use Asset		**190.16**	238.84
	(c) Financial Assets			
	(i) Investment in Subsidiaries	4	**11,166.71**	11,166.71
	(ii) Loans, Advances and Deposits	5	**66.14**	60.37
	(d) Other Non - Current Assets	6	**63.22**	28.44
	(e) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	31d	**147.70**	101.24
			12,163.34	12,341.27
2	**Current assets**			
	(a) Inventories	7	**6,794.00**	14,497.11
	(b) Financial Assets			
	(i) Trade receivables	8	**19,379.36**	24,477.77
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	**3,735.72**	2,336.85
	(iii) Balances with Banks other than (ii) above	10	**12.17**	30.86
	(iv) Investment - Others	11	**10,839.30**	-
	(v) Loans, Advances and Deposits	5	**178.58**	357.21
	(vi) Other financial assets	12	**-**	-
	(c) Other current assets	13	**5,552.39**	14,342.77
	(d) Income Tax (Net of Provisions)	14	**256.30**	230.84
			46,747.82	56,273.41
	TOTAL - ASSETS (A)		**58,911.16**	68,614.68
B	**EQUITY AND LIABILITIES**			
1	**Shareholder's funds**			
	(a) Equity Share Capital	15	**15,677.19**	15,677.19
	(b) Other Equity	16	**35,267.22**	34,434.55
			50,944.41	50,111.74
2	**Non-current liabilities**			
	(a) Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Lease Liabilities	17	**108.44**	153.49
	(b) Long term Provisions	18	**106.92**	107.95
			215.36	261.44
3	**Current liabilities**			
	(a) Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	19	**726.56**	10,346.88
	(ia) Lease Liabilities	20	**45.05**	49.76
	(ii) Trade payables	21		
	(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		**-**	28.24
	(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		**2,331.72**	4,321.82
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	22	**36.07**	22.32
	(b) Other current liabilities	23	**4,599.45**	3,445.05
	(c) Current Provisions	18	**12.54**	27.43
			7,751.39	18,241.50
	TOTAL - EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (B)		**58,911.16**	68,614.68
	Corporate Information & Significant Accounting Policies	1 &2		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 111883W

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
M. No. 101598

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN - 00214500

Pooja Malhotra
Company Secretary

Devesh Mishra
Chief Financial Officer

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2026

₹ in Lakhs

	Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
1	Revenue from operations	24	**145,086.41**	192,240.71
2	Other income	25	**1,442.44**	881.04
3	**Total revenue (1+2)**		**146,528.85**	193,121.75
4	**Expenses**			
	(a) Purchases of Stock-in-trade		**129,876.56**	183,453.72
	(b) Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade	26	**7,703.11**	(2,560.65)
	(c) Employee benefits expense	27	**562.41**	674.69
	(d) Finance costs	28	**168.66**	356.82
	(e) Depreciation and amortisation expenses	29	**270.17**	218.45
	(f) Other expenses	30	**6,901.64**	9,221.17
	Total expenses		**145,482.55**	191,364.20
5	**Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax (3 - 4)**		**1,046.30**	1,757.55
6	Exceptional items		**-**	-
7	**Profit / (Loss) before tax (5 +/- 6)**		**1,046.30**	1,757.55
8	**Tax expense:**	31		
	(a) Current tax		**309.58**	513.18
	(b) Prior period tax		**-**	21.13
	(c) Deferred tax		**(58.92)**	24.25
	Total Tax Expenses		250.66	558.56
9	**Profit / (Loss) for the Year (7 - 8)**		**795.64**	1,198.99
10	**Other Comprehensive Income**			
	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss			
	Remeasurements gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		**39.56**	8.26
	Income tax relating to above		**9.96**	2.08
	Total Other Comprehensive Income transferred to P&L		**29.60**	6.18
	Items that will be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss			
	Remeasurements gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge		**-**	9.93
	Income tax relating to above		**-**	(2.50)
			-	7.43
	Total Other Comprehensive transferred to reserve		**-**	(7.43)
			-	-
11	**Total Comprehensive Income for the year(9+10)**		**825.24**	1,205.17
12	**Earnings per share (Face Value of ` 1/- each):**	32		
	(a) Basic		**0.05**	0.08
	(b) Diluted		**0.05**	0.08
	Corporate Information & Significant Accounting Policies	1 &2		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates **Chartered Accountants** **FRN: 111883W**	**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**	
Mehul R. Sheth **Partner** **M. No. 101598**	**Mr. Saurabh Malhotra** **Chairman & Managing Director** **DIN - 00214500**	
Place : Mumbai **Date : May 30, 2026**	**Pooja Malhotra** **Company Secretary**	**Devesh Mishra** **Chief Financial Officer**

Standalone Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2026

₹ in Lakhs

	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
A.	**Cash flow from operating activities**		
	Profit Before Tax	1,046.30	1,757.55
	Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:		
	Depreciation and amortisation	270.17	218.45
	Finance costs	168.66	356.82
	Interest income	(184.46)	(157.27)
	Provision for Doubtful Debts	(3.24)	0.41
	Profit from Sales of Property, Plant & Equipment	(0.03)	(0.10)
	Net (gain) / loss on sale / fair valuation of investments	(396.56)	(473.83)
	Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes	900.84	1,702.03
	Changes in working capital:		
	Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		
	Inventories	7,703.11	(2,560.65)
	Trade receivables	5,101.65	(3,645.37)
	Loans, Advances and Deposits - Current	178.63	1,370.84
	Loans, Advances and Deposits - Non Current	(5.77)	(8.31)
	Other financial assets	-	67.78
	Other current assets	8,790.38	(5,474.85)
	Balances with Banks other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	18.69	(2.28)
	Other non-current assets	(34.78)	458.49
	Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
	Trade payables	(2,018.34)	2,713.98
	Other Financial liabilities	(35.05)	(1.57)
	Other current liabilities	1,164.32	(4,043.35)
	Current Provision	(14.89)	(0.61)
	Other Provision	-	(41.30)
	Provision	38.53	21.17
	Total	21,787.32	(9,444.00)
	Net income tax (paid) / refunds	(335.05)	(524.18)
	Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A)	21,452.27	(9,968.18)
B.	**Cash flow from investing activities**		
	Capital expenditure on fixed assets, including capital advances	(5.21)	(824.50)
	Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	0.03	0.10
	Current investments not considered as Cash and cash equivalents		
	- Purchased	(77,185.00)	(57,375.00)
	- Proceeds from sale	66,742.26	57,848.82
	Proceeds from Sale of Subsidiary	-	
	Subscription to equity shares in Subsidiary		(8,942.07)
	Interest received	184.46	133.09
	Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)	(10,263.46)	(9,159.56)
C.	**Cash flow from financing activities**		
	Net increase / (decrease) in working capital borrowings	(9,620.32)	478.35
	Finance cost	(168.66)	(356.82)
	Proceeds from Issue of Shares	-	19,983.03
	Dividends paid	(0.96)	(155.72)
	Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)	(9,789.94)	19,948.84
	Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents **(A+B+C)**	1,398.87	821.10
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,336.85	1,515.75
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3,735.72	2,336.85

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet (Refer Note 9)		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year *	**3,735.72**	2,336.85
* Comprises:		
(a) Cash on hand	**0.51**	0.56
(b) Balances with banks		
(i) In current accounts	**578.17**	133.76
(ii) In Deposit Accounts	**3,157.04**	2,202.53
	3,735.72	2,336.85

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

Notes:

(i) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method "as set out in the Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 "Cash Flow Statement".

As per our report of even date

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 111883W

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
M. No. 101598

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN - 00214500

Pooja Malhotra
Company Secretary

Devesh Mishra
Chief Financial Officer

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2026

Equity Share Capital

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2026
As at April 01, 2024	**15**	2,345.59
Changes during the year		13,331.59
As at March 31, 2025		**15,677.19**
Changes during the year		**-**
As at March 31, 2026		**15,677.19**

OTHER EQUITY -

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars		Other equity				Total other equity
	Capital redemption reserve [refer note 16(a)]	Securities premium [refer note 16(b)]	Cash Flow Hedging Reserve [refer note 16(c)]	Retained earnings [refer note 16(e)]	Items of Other Comprehensive Income [refer note 31(e)]	
As at April 1, 2024	1,000.09	8,545.43	16.68	17,175.87	20.76	26,758.83
Add: Received on issue of shares	-	19,193.18	-	-	-	19,193.18
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,198.99	-	1,198.99
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(24.11)	-	6.18	(17.93)
Total comprehensive income	-	19,193.18	(24.11)	1,198.99	6.18	20,374.24
Less: Utilised for Issue of Bonus Shares	(1,000.09)	(11,541.66)	-	-	-	(12,541.75)
Payment of dividend	-	-	-	(156.77)	-	(156.77)
As at March 31, 2025	-	16,196.95	(7.43)	18,218.09	26.94	34,434.55
Profit for the year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**795.64**	**-**	**795.64**
Addition; During the year		**-**		**-**		
Other comprehensive income	**-**	**-**	**7.43**	**-**	**29.60**	**37.03**
Total comprehensive income	**-**	**-**	**7.43**	**795.64**	**29.60**	**832.67**
Payment of dividend	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
As at March 31, 2026	**-**	**16,196.95**	**-**	**19,013.73**	**56.54**	**35,267.22**

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 111883W

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
M. No. 101598

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN - 00214500

Pooja Malhotra
Company Secretary

Devesh Mishra
Chief Financial Officer

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

1 Corporate information

Sakuma Exports Limited ("The Company"), a Government of India recognised Star Trading House, is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated on August 31, 2005, CIN - L51909MH2005PLC155765. The registered office of the company is located at 301-A, Aurus Chambers, SS Amrutwar Lane, Near Mahindra Tower, Worli, Mumbai - 400013. The shares of the company are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange(BSE) and National Stock Exchange (NSE). The company is engaged in trading of Agro Commodities and caters to both domestic as well as international markets.

Authorisation of Financial Statements: The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on **30th May 2026.**

2.1 Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the other relevant provisions of the Act and rules thereunder.

The Financial Statements have been prepared under historical cost convention basis except

a. Certain financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policies for financial instruments).

b. Defined Benefits plans –Plan assets measured at Fair Value

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements except where a newly issued Accounting Standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

Material Accounting Policies

2.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS, requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

2.3 Fair Value Remeasurements:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or settle a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumption that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability acting in their best economic interest. The Company used valuation techniques, which were appropriate in circumstances and for which sufficient data were available considering the expected loss/ profit in case of financial assets or liabilities.

2.4 Cash Flow Statements:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2.5 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

The cost comprises of purchase price, taxes, duties, freight and other incidental expenses directly attributable and related to acquisition of the concerned assets and are further adjusted by the amount of Input Credit of taxes availed wherever applicable.

Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet date are disclosed as “Capital work-in-progress”.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of asset.

The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the Asset. The Property, plant and equipment’s residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and changes, if any, are treated as changes in accounting estimate.

The Company has applied principles of Ind AS 16 retrospectively from date of acquisition and considered the same as deemed cost in accordance with Ind AS 101 First Time adoption. On transition to Ind-AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of intangible assets recognised as at April 01, 2016 measured as per IGAAP as the deemed cost of assets.

The estimated useful lives considered of Property, Plant and Equipment of the Company are as follows:

Wind Turbine Generators	22 Years
Leasehold Land	Shorter of lease period or estimated useful lives
Plant and Equipment	25 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years
Computer software	3 Years
Vehicles	8 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years

2.6 <u>Intangible Assets</u>

Intangible assets acquired are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

2.7 Depreciation and Amortisation

Depreciation of these assets commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated in a manner that amortizes the cost (or other amount substituted for cost) of the assets, less its residual value, over their useful lives as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 on a written down value basis except Lease Hold Land on which straight line basis depreciation is charged.

2.8 <u>Investments</u>

Investments, which are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made ,are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as non current investments.

Long-term investments (excluding investment properties), are carried individually at cost less provision for diminution, other than temporary, in the value of such investments. Current investments are carried individually, at the lower of cost and fair value. Cost of investments includes acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

Investments in Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Upon first-time adoption of Ind AS, the Company has elected to measure its investments in subsidiaries at the Previous GAAP carrying amount as its deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS i.e., April 01, 2016.

2.9 Leases

Operating Lease:

Company as Lessee - Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories have been computed to include all cost of purchase, and other cost incurred in bringing the goods to the present location and condition.

The cost is determined using the First in First Out Basis (FIFO) .

Cash & Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents.

Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred tax are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current Tax

Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for that period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and
- Intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized for the future tax consequences of deductible temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases at the reporting date, using the tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted as on reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- Entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- Deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to the income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

2.13 Financial Assets

(a) Initial recognition and measurement

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value. In case of Financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset. However, Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

(b) Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial assets. The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

(i) Debt Instruments

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit & Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

(ia) Debt instruments at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the fair value through other comprehensive income if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, these assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive Income.

(ib) Debt instruments at Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Fair value through profit or loss is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorisation as at amortised cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

(ii) Equity Instruments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

For equity instruments classified as FVOCI, all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI).

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

(c) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's Balance Sheet) when:

(i) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

(ii) The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:

- The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company measures the expected credit loss associated with its assets based on historical trend, industry practices and the Business environment in which the entity operates or any other appropriate basis. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Income Recognition

Interest Income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

2.14 Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value net of transaction costs that are attributable to the respective liabilities.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial liabilities.

The measurement of Financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

(i) Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial liability is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held-for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and changes therein, including any interest expense, are recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss.

(ii) Financial Liabilities measured at amortised cost

After initial recognition, financial liabilities other than those which are classified as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method ("EIR").

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

2.15 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.16 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses following hierarchy and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date.

Fair Value Hierarchy

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 : Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 : Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 : Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2.17 Classification of Assets and Liabilities as Current and Non-Current:

All assets and liabilities are classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle (determined at 12 months) and other criteria set out in Schedule III of the Act.

2.18.1 A. Revenue from contract with customer

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, because it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price (which is the consideration, adjusted to discounts, incentives and returns, etc., if any) that is allocated to that performance obligation. These are generally accounted for as variable consideration estimated in the same period the related sales occur. The methodology and assumptions used to estimate rebates and returns are monitored and adjusted regularly in the light of contractual and legal obligations, historical trends, past experience and projected market conditions.

Revenue from sale of products and services are recognised at the time of satisfaction of performance obligation. The period over which revenue is recognised is based on entity's right to payment for performance completed. In determining whether an entity has right to payment, the entity shall consider whether it would have an enforceable right to demand or retain payment for performance completed to date if the contract were to be terminated before completion for reasons other than entity's failure to perform as per the terms of the contract.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business and reflects company's unconditional right to consideration (that is, payment is due only on the passage of time). Trade receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price as they do not contain significant financing components.

The company holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance.

2.18.2 (b) Other income

Export Incentives under various schemes are accounted in the year of export.

Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Dividends are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

2.19 Foreign currency Translations

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs, unless otherwise indicated.

Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Monetary Items

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent of exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets, are capitalized as cost of assets.

Non - Monetary Items

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction.

2.20 Employee benefits

Employee benefits include provident fund, gratuity fund and compensated absences.

(a) Defined contribution plans

The Company's contribution to provident fund are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense as they fall due based on the amount of contribution required to be made.

(b) Defined benefit plans

Defined Benefit Plan i.e. gratuity is recognised on accrual basis based on the actuarial valuation in accordance with the requirement of Ind AS 19.

Payment for present liability of future payment of gratuity is being made to approve gratuity fund, which fully covers the same under Cash Accumulation Policy and Debt fund of the PNB Met Life Insurance Company Ltd. However, any deficit in plan assets managed by PNB Met Life Insurance as compared to the liability on the basis of an independent actuarial valuation is recognized as a liability. The liability or asset recognized in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method in conformity with the principles and manner of computation specified in Ind AS 19. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c) Privilege leave entitlements

Privilege leave entitlements are recognized as a liability, in the calendar year of rendering of service, as per the rules of the Company. As accumulated leave can be availed and/or encashed at any time during the tenure of employment, subject to terms and conditions of the scheme, the liability is recognized on the basis of an actual working based on balance days of accumulated leave.

2.21 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost directly attributable to development of qualifying assets are capitalized till the date qualifying assets is ready for put to use for its intended purpose as part of cost of that assets .Other borrowing cost are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

2.22 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

2.23 Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to equity shareholders for the period by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The number of shares used in computing diluted earnings per share comprises the weighted average shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share, and also the weighted average number of equity shares which could be issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.24 Impairment of Non-financial assets

The carrying values of assets/cash generating unit at each Balance Sheet date are reviewed for impairment. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated and impairment is recognized, if the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and therein value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor. When there is indication than an impairment loss recognized for an asset in earlier accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except in case of revalued assets.

2.25 Provisions

The Company recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated.

If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

2.26 Contingent Liabilities

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of such obligation cannot be measured reliably. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

2.27 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions:

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise Judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The estimates and judgements involves a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed .Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes.

Critical estimates and judgements

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

a. Estimation of current tax expenses and payable
b. Estimated useful life of Intangible assets
c. Estimation of defined benefit obligation
d. Estimation of Provisions and Contingencies
e. Estimation of Incremental Borrowing rate –Leases

Note 3: Property, Plant and Equipment

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Leasehold Land	Windmill	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and Fixtures	Motor Vehicle	Office Equipment		Right to Use of Assets Leasehold Building	Total
						Computer & Computer Equipment's	Others		
Gross Carrying Amount									
As at March 31, 2025	6.08	198.53	18.41	13.77	910.21	22.92	36.24	410.45	1,616.61
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	**2.00**	**3.23**	-	**5.23**
Deduction / Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	**(0.01)**	-	**(0.01)**
As at March 31, 2026	**6.08**	**198.53**	**18.41**	**13.77**	**910.21**	**24.92**	**39.46**	**410.45**	**1,621.83**
Accumulated Depreciation									
As at March 31, 2025	5.71	145.50	12.72	12.43	233.87	20.06	30.20	171.61	632.10
Depreciation for the year	-	**6.75**	**0.64**	**0.35**	**209.44**	**1.65**	**2.66**	**48.68**	**270.17**
Deduction / Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	**(0.01)**	-	**(0.01)**
As at March 31, 2026	**5.71**	**152.25**	**13.36**	**12.78**	**443.31**	**21.71**	**32.85**	**220.29**	**902.26**
Net Book Value:									
As at March 31, 2026	**0.37**	**46.28**	**5.05**	**0.99**	**466.90**	**3.21**	**6.61**	**190.16**	**719.57**
As at March 31, 2025	0.37	53.03	5.69	1.34	676.34	2.86	6.04	238.84	984.51

Note:

(i) For information of pledges and securities to lenders on Property, Plant and Equipment Refer Note 19.

(ii) For Property, Plant and Equipment existing as on the date of transition to the Ind AS, the company has used Indian GAAP carrying value as the deemed cost.

(iii) All Property ,Plant and equipment are held in the name of the Company.

Note - 4 : Investment in Subsidiaries

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Investments in Equity Instrument of Subsidiaries (At cost):		
Unquoted equity Shares Non-Trade		
(a) Shares of Sakuma Exim DMCC, UAE (50 (March 31, 2025 : 50) equity shares OF AED 1,000 each)	**7.01**	7.01
(b) Shares of Sakuma Exports Pte Limited, Singapore (402,530 (March 31, 2025 : 402,530) equity shares of USD 1 each)	**2,217.52**	2,217.52
(c) Shares of Sakuma Impex Limited, UK (1,07,20,000 (March 31, 2025 : 1,07,20,000) equity shares of GBP 10 each)	**8,942.18**	8,942.18
Total	**11,166.71**	11,166.71

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 5 : Loans Advances & Deposits

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	
	Current	Non - Current
Unsecured, considered Good		
Security deposits - to related parties [Refer Note (i)]	**-**	**60.93**
Security deposits - to others [Refer Note (i)]	**23.84**	**5.21**
Loans and Advances to Employees	**154.74**	**13.38**
Less: Provision for doubtful Loans	**-**	**(13.38)**
	178.58	**66.14**
Unsecured, considered Doubtful		
Deposits with Others	**-**	**13.94**
Loans and Advances to Others	**-**	**-**
Less: Provision for doubtful deposits	**-**	**(13.94)**
	-	**-**
Total Loans Advances & Deposits	**178.58**	**66.14**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	
	Current	Non - Current
Unsecured, considered Good		
Security deposits - to related parties [Refer Note (i)]	-	55.16
Security deposits - to others [Refer Note (i)]	207.22	5.21
Loans and Advances to Employees	149.99	40.85
Less: Provision for doubtful Loans	-	(40.85)
	357.21	60.37
Unsecured, considered Doubtful		
Deposits with Others	-	13.94
Loans and Advances to Others	-	-
Less: Provision for doubtful deposits	-	(13.94)
	-	-
Total Loans Advances & Deposits	357.21	60.37

(i) Sub Classification of Loans & Advances

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	
	Current	Non - Current
Loans Receivables considered good - Secured	**-**	**-**
Loans Receivables considered good - Unsecured	**178.58**	**66.14**
Loans Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk; and	**-**	**-**
Loans Receivables - credit impaired	**-**	**13.94**
Total	**178.58**	**80.08**
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Loans	**-**	**(13.94)**
Total Loans & Advances	**178.58**	**66.14**

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	
	Current	Non - Current
Loans Receivables considered good - Secured	-	-
Loans Receivables considered good - Unsecured	357.21	60.37
Loans Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk; and	-	-
Loans Receivables - credit impaired	-	13.94
Total	357.21	74.31
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Loans	-	(13.94)
Total Loans & Advances	357.21	60.37

Refer Note no:-44 for information about credit risk and market risk factors

Note 6 : Other Non Current Assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	**As at March 31, 2026**	As at March 31, 2025
Fair Value of Plan Assets - Gratuity	**3.96**	4.25
Income accrued But not Due	**59.26**	24.19
Unsecured considered doubtful		
Advance receivable in kind or for value to be received	**98.19**	98.19
Less: Provision for doubtful balances	**(98.19)**	(98.19)
Total Other Non Current Assets	**63.22**	28.44

Note 7 : Inventories

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	**As at March 31, 2026**	As at March 31, 2025
Stock in Trade	**6,794.00**	14,497.11
Total Inventories	**6,794.00**	14,497.11

- For details of inventories given as security to lenders refer Note 19

Note 8 : Trade receivables

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	**As at March 31, 2026**	As at March 31, 2025
Trade Receivables considered good – Unsecured	**19,379.36**	24,477.77
Trade Receivables having significant increase in Credit Risk; and	**31.76**	14.32
Trade Receivables - credit impaired	**-**	-
Total	**19,411.12**	24,492.09
Less : Allowance for expected credit loss	**(31.76)**	(14.32)
Total Trade Receivables	**19,379.36**	24,477.77
Current Portion	**19,379.36**	24,477.77
Non - Current Portion	**-**	-

(i) Trade receivables are non interest bearing in nature. The company maintains the policy of dispatches against payments except in case of merchant trade transactions, wherein the terms of payment is six months.

(ii) The above Trade Receivables are hypothecated to banks against Cash Credit and Packing Credit facilities.(Refer note no. 19)

(iii) Refer Note no 32 for ageing & 44 for information about credit risk and market risk factors.

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 9 : Cash and cash equivalents

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balances with Banks - In current accounts	**578.17**	133.76
Balance with banks held as margin money deposits against OD facility	**3,157.04**	2,202.53
Cash on Hand	**0.51**	0.56
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	**3,735.72**	2,336.85

Note 10 : Other Bank Balances

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
In Unclaimed Dividend Accounts	**5.46**	6.40
Balance with banks held as margin money deposits against guarantee	**6.71**	24.46
Total Other Bank Balances	**12.17**	30.86

Note 11 : Investment Others

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Investment (At Fair value through profit and loss)		
Unquoted		
- Investment in Mutual Funds	**10,839.30**	-
Unquoted Investment	**10,839.30**	-
Total Investments - Others		
Aggregate amount of quoted investment at market value	**-**	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	**10,839.30**	-
Aggregate amount of Impairment in value of Investments	**-**	-

Note 12 : Other Financial Assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Claims Receivable	**188.27**	188.27
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Receivables	**(188.27)**	(188.27)
Total Other Financial Assets	**-**	-

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 13 : Other Current Assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unsecured, considered good		
(a) Advance recoverable in cash or kind	**4,053.77**	12,336.01
(b) Prepaid expenses	**51.92**	51.23
(c) Advance to Employees	**1.90**	0.47
(d) Security Deposit to Others	**9.90**	8.40
(e) Balances with government authorities -		
- Export Incentives Receivable	**31.25**	38.63
- Sales tax Deposit	**70.73**	37.22
- GST Authorities	**1,332.92**	1,870.81
Total Other Current Assets	**5,552.39**	14,342.77

Note 14 : Current Tax Asset (Net)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provision For Taxation (Net of Advances)	**256.30**	230.84
Total Current Tax Assets	**256.30**	230.84

Note 15 : Equity Share Capital & Other Equity

a) Equity Share Capital

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Authorised		
2,75,00,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 1 each (2,75,00,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 1 each)	**27,500.00**	27,500.00
	27,500.00	27,500.00

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid Up		
1,56,77,18,640 equity shares of ₹ 1 each (1,56,77,18,640 equity shares of ₹ 1 each)	**15,677.19**	15,677.19
	15,677.19	15,677.19

b) Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period :

Particulars	Equity Shares	
	As at March 31, 2026	
	Number	₹ in Lakhs
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	**1,567,718,640**	**15,677.19**
Shares Issued during the year	**-**	**-**
Shares bought back during the year	**-**	**-**
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	**1,567,718,640**	**15,677.19**

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Particulars	Equity Shares	
	As at 31st March 2025	
	Number	₹ in Lakhs
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	234,559,430	2,345.59
Shares Issued during the year	1,333,159,210	13,331.59
Shares bought back during the year	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	1,567,718,640	15,677.19

c) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

(i) The Company has one class of equity shares having par value of `1 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting except in case of Interim Dividend.

(ii) In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

d) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:

Name of the Shareholder	**Equity Shares**	
	As at March 31, 2026	
	No. of Shares held	% Holding
Mrs. Kusum Chander Mohan Malhotra	**232,155,950**	**14.81%**
Mr. Saurabh Malhotra	**162,425,385**	**10.36%**
M/s Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Pvt Ltd	**244,362,250**	**15.59%**

Name of the Shareholder	Equity Shares	
	As at 31st March 2025	
	No. of Shares held	% Holding
Mrs. Kusum Chander Mohan Malhotra	232,155,950	14.81%
Mr. Saurabh Malhotra	162,425,385	10.36%
M/s Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Pvt Ltd	244,362,250	15.59%

(e) As per records of the company, including register of shareholders and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

f) Shareholding of Promoters :

Name of the Promoter	No. of Shares held at the Beginning	% of shares held at the Beginning
Kusum Chandermohan Malhotra	232,155,950	14.81%
Saurabh Malhotra	162,425,385	10.36%
Shipra Malhotra	25,000	0.00%
Vanitha Malhotra	51,750,000	3.30%
Tanya Mediratta	26,600	0.00%
Sakuma Finvest Pvt Ltd	34,936,000	2.23%
Sakuma Infrastructure And Realty Private Limited	244,362,250	15.59%
Total Shareholding	725,681,185	46.29%

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Name of the Promoter	No. of Shares held at the End	% of shares held at the End
Saurabh Malhotra	**162,425,385**	**10.36%**
Kusum Chandermohan Malhotra	**232,155,950**	**14.81%**
Shipra Malhotra	**25,000**	**0.00%**
Vanitha Malhotra	**51,750,000**	**3.30%**
Tanya Mediratta	**26,600**	**0.00%**
Sakuma Finvest Pvt Ltd	**34,936,000**	**2.23%**
Sakuma Infrastructure And Realty Private Limited	**244,362,250**	**15.59%**
Total Shareholding	**725,681,185**	**46.29%**

Name of the Promoter	No. of Shares transferred/ gifted/ Issued, if any	% of change in the shareholding, if any
Equity :	-	-
Saurabh Malhotra	-	-
Kusum Chandermohan Malhotra	-	-
Shipra Malhotra	-	-
Vanitha Malhotra	-	-
Tanya Mediratta	-	-
Sakuma Finvest Pvt Ltd	-	-
Sakuma Infrastructure And Realty Private Limited	-	-
Total	-	-

Note 16 : Other Equity

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(a) Capital Redemption Reserve [Refer note (i)]	**-**	-
(b) Securities Premium [Refer note (ii)]	**16,196.95**	16,196.95
(c) Cash Flow Hedging Reserve [Refer note (iii)]	**-**	(7.43)
(d) Retained Earnings [Refer note (iv)]	**19,070.27**	18,245.03
Total Other Equity	**35,267.22**	34,434.55

(i) Capital Redemption Reserve

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**-**	1,000.09
Add: Transfer From General Reserve	**-**	-
Less: Utilised for Issue of Bonus Issue	**-**	(1,000.09)
Closing Balance	**-**	**-**

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

(ii) Securities Premium

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**16,196.95**	8545.43
Add: Received on issue of shares	**-**	19,193.18
Less: Utilised for Issue of Bonus Issue		(11,541.66)
Closing Balance	**16,196.95**	16,196.95

(iii) Cash Flow Hedging Reserve

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**(7.43)**	16.68
Add / (Less): Net Effect of foreign exchange rate variations on hedging instruments outstanding at the end of the year	**7.43**	(24.11)
Closing Balance	-	(7.43)

(iv) Retained Earnings

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**18,245.03**	17,196.63
Add : Total Comprehensive Income for the year after tax	**825.24**	1,205.17
Less : Dividend distributed to equity shareholders (` 0.05 per share)	**-**	(156.77)
Closing Balance	**19,070.27**	18,245.03

Notes:

(i) The Company has transferred amount from Statement of profit or loss to capital redemption reserve on redemption of preference shares issued by the company.

(ii) Securities premium is created on the premium on issue of shares. This same will be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013.

(iii) Retained earnings represents profits that the Company has earned till March 31, 2026, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

(iv) Cash Dividends paid on equity shares declared and paid

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Final dividend for the year ended March 31, 2025 of ` NIL per share (March 31, 2024 of ` 0.05 per share)	**-**	(156.77)
Closing Balance	**-**	(156.77)

(v) Proposed dividend on Equity Shares

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Final Cash dividend for the year ended on March 31, 2026: ` NIL per share (March 31, 2025: ` NIL per share)	-	-
Closing Balance	-	-

(vi) The Board of the Directors has not proposed any dividend for the year ended 31st March 2026 and 31st March 2025.

Note 17 : Lease Liabilities

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
	Non - Current	Non - Current
Lease Liabilities	108.44	153.49
Total Lease Liabilities	108.44	153.49

Note 18 : Long term Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	
	Current	Non - Current
Provision for Bonus	8.66	-
Provision for Gratuity	3.88	106.92
Total Long term Provisions	12.54	106.92

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	
	Current	Non - Current
Provision For Bonus	7.64	-
Provision For Gratuity	19.79	107.95
Total Long term Provisions	27.43	107.95
* Also refer Note No 39 of Employee Benefits		

Note 19 : Current Borrowings

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Secured		
From banks		
Cash Credit : BOM	-	639.36
Cash Credit : IndusInd Bank	-	1,328.26
Cash Credit -Deutsche Bank		1,009.33
Cash Credit -SVC Bank	490.04	2,456.66
- PCFC -INDUSIND BANK	-	2,146.69
- PCFC -Deutsche Bank	-	984.19
- OD from ICICI Bank	236.52	1,473.40
- OD from SBI	-	308.99
Total Current Borrowings	726.56	10,346.88

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Nature of Security

i) The Company has entered into the banking arrangement for credit facilities with multiple banks, i.e. Bank of Maharashtra, IndusInd Bank, SVC Co-operative Bank Limited, Deustsche Bank and ICICI Bank.

a) **Bank of Maharashtra:** The credit facilities comprises of Cash Credit and Packing credit which is secured against Hypothecation of Inventory, Book debts and Current Assets of the company along with the collateral security against Fixed Assets (other than vehicles and Leasehold Land).

Credit Facilities for Bank of Maharashtra is repayable on demand and carries interest of 13.05% p.a. i.e. one year (RLLR) of the bank + 3.25% + BSS 0.5%.

b) **IndusInd Bank:** The credit facilities comprises of Cash Credit and Packing credit which is secured against Hypothecation of Inventory, Books debts and Current Assets of the company in paripassu with other banks along with the collateral security against .Credit Facilities from IndusInd Bank is repayable on demand and carries interest of 10.95 p.a. i.e. one year Maximum Cost of Lending Rate (MCLR) of the bank i.e. 10.15%+ 0.80% .PCFC

c) **SVC Cooperative Bank Ltd:** The credit facilities comprises of Cash Credit and Packing credit which is secured against Hypothecation of Inventory, Books debts and Current Assets of the company in paripassu with other banks along with the collateral security against Fixed Assets (other than vehicles and Leasehold Land) .Credit Facilities from SVC Cooperative Bank Ltd is repayable on demand and carries interest of 12.15 p.a. i.e. (PLR-8.55%) of the bank i.e. PLR 10.50(PLR-10.20%)

d) **Deutsche Bank**:- The credit facilities comprises of Cash Credit and Packing credit which is secured against Hypothecation of Inventory, Books debts and Current Assets of the company in paripassu with other banks along with the collateral security against Fixed Assets (other than vehicles and Leasehold Land) .Credit Facilities from Deutsche Bank is repayable on demand and carries interest of MBOR +3.50% per annum.PCFC Credit facility is repay on demand and carries interest rate of RFR plus 2% on Foreign currency loans

e) **ICICI Bank Ltd:** The credit facilities comprises of Overdraft facility against Fixed Deposit. Credit Facilities from ICICI Bank Ltd is repayable on demand and carries interest of 9.25% p.a..

f) **State Bank of India:** The credit facilities comprises of Overdraft facility against Fixed Deposit. Credit Facilities from State Bank of India is repayable on demand and carries interest of 7.8% p.a..

Note 20 : Lease Liabilities

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
	Current	Current
Lease Liabilities	**45.05**	49.76
Total Lease Liabilities	**45.05**	49.76

Note 21 : Trade payables

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Current		
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	**-**	28.24
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
- From Others	**2,331.72**	4,321.82
Total Trade Payables	**2,331.72**	4,350.06

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

(i) The above information has been provided as available with the company to the extent such parties could be identified on the basis of the information available with the Company regarding the status of the suppliers under the MSMED Act.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	-	28.24
Interest due on the above amount	-	-
Amount of interest paid in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006	-	-
Amounts of payment made to the suppliers beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment but without adding the interest specified under this Act	-	-
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	-
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise	-	-

* Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company. There are no overdue principal amounts / interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the year or for any earlier years and accordingly there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payment made during the year or on balance brought forward from previous year.

(ii) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and normally settled within 120 days.

(iii) Refer Note 33 for ageing analysis of creditors.

Note 22 : Other Financial liabilities

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026 Current	As at March 31, 2026 Non - Current
Unclaimed dividends	6.27	-
Other Provisions	29.80	-
Total Other Financial Liabilities	**36.07**	-

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025 Current	As at March 31, 2025 Non - Current
Unclaimed dividends	7.23	-
Other Provisions	15.09	-
Total Other Financial Liabilities	**22.32**	-

Note 23 : Other Current Liabilities

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Advance From Customers - From Others	4,561.53	3,379.54
Statutory Dues to Government	37.92	55.59
Fair Value of Forward Contract	-	9.92
Total Other Current Liabilities	**4,599.45**	3,445.05

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 24 : Revenue From Operations

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Sale of Traded Goods	**145,058.41**	192,181.93
Other Operating Revenue	**28.00**	58.78
Total Revenue from Continuing Operations	**145,086.41**	192,240.71

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Sugar	**122,477.40**	173,818.97
Other commodities	**22,609.01**	18,421.75
Total Revenue from Continuing Operations	**145,086.41**	192,240.72

A. Disaggregation Revenue Information

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
i. Revenue based on Geography		
Revenue from Operations within the Country	**117,296.99**	161,103.32
Revenue from Operations outside the Country	**27,789.42**	31,137.40
Total	**145,086.41**	192,240.72

ii. Timing of Revenue Recognition

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Goods Transferred at a point in time	**145,086.41**	192,240.72
Services transferred over time	**-**	-
Total	**145,086.41**	192,240.72

B. Segment Reconciliation

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Sale of Agro Products	**1,44,830.81**	190,133.62
Sale Others	**255.60**	2,107.10
Total	**145,086.41**	192,240.72

C. Contract Balances

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Trade Receivables	**19,379.36**	24,477.77
Advance From Customers	**4,561.53**	3,379.54

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

D. Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted prices

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Revenue as per Contracted Prices	**190,051.04**	196,460.62
Less : Sales Returns, Discounts, Rebate etc.	**(2,621.00)**	(4,219.91)
Total Revenue from Continuing Operations	**187,430.04**	192,240.71

Note 25 : Other Income and Other Gains

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Interest Income	**184.46**	157.27
Net gain on sale of Investments:	**396.56**	473.83
Profit on sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	**0.03**	0.10
Mark to Market gain on forward gain	**817.39**	199.57
Other non-operating income (net of expenses directly attributable to such income)	**44.00**	50.27
Total Other Income	**1,442.44**	881.04

Note 26 : Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock - in -Trade

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Opening Balances		
Finished Goods	**14,497.11**	11,936.46
Total Opening Balances	**14,497.11**	11,936.46
Closing Balances		
Finished Goods	**6,794.00**	14,497.11
Total Closing Balances	**6,794.00**	14,497.11
Total Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock-in -Trade and work-in-progress	**7,703.11**	(2,560.65)

Note 27 : Employee benefits expenses

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Salaries, Wages, Bonus Etc.	**507.40**	544.24
Contribution To Provident Fund & Other Funds	**15.50**	16.85
Gratuity Expenses (Also Refer Note No 39 of Employee Benefits)	**23.62**	22.66
Staff Welfare Expenses	**15.89**	15.94
Directors Remuneration	**0.00**	75.00
Total Employee Benefits Expenses	**562.41**	674.69

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 28 : Finance costs

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Interest		
Interest Expenses on Borrowings	**117.34**	227.20
Guarantee Fees	**0.00**	58.47
Other Finance Cost	**51.32**	71.15
Finance Cost expensed in Profit or Loss	**168.66**	356.82

Note 29 : Depreciation and amortisation expenses

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment	**221.49**	165.87
Amortization of Intangible Assets	**48.68**	52.58
Total Depreciation and amortisation expenses	**270.17**	218.45

Note 30 : Other expenses

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Power and fuel	**3.67**	4.82
Rent including lease rentals	**2.50**	142.89
Repairs and maintenance - Buildings	**1.23**	0.66
Repairs and maintenance - Machinery	**-**	0.96
Repairs and maintenance - Others	**0.03**	0.17
Insurance	**45.44**	44.44
Communication	**7.09**	10.43
Travelling and conveyance	**38.24**	62.42
Freight and forwarding	**997.06**	1388.12
Business promotion	**1.27**	3.92
Legal and professional	**86.61**	224.63
Payments to auditors [Refer Note 30a below]	**7.00**	14.83
Terminal and Handling Charges	**113.77**	113.31
Other Clearing Charges	**62.58**	34.55
Transport Charges	**4,651.70**	6643.69
Warehouse Charges	**402.67**	84.95
Demurrage & Detention Charges	**163.53**	0.00
Brokerage on trading in Commodities & Securities Exchange	**44.01**	41.03
Lodging & Boarding	**29.56**	23.38
Corporate Social Responsibilities Expenses [Refer Note 30b below]	**49.31**	61.05
Directors Sitting Fees	**8.74**	14.20
Miscellaneous Expenses	**185.63**	306.73
Total Other expenses	**6,901.64**	9,221.17

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

(a) Details of Payment to Auditors

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Payment to Auditors		
As Auditor :		
Audit Fees	**7.20**	7.00
Tax Audit Fees	**-**	2.00
In other capacities :		
Other Matters	**-**	5.83
Total Payment to Auditors	**7.20**	14.83

(b) Details of Corporate Social Responsibility(CSR) Expenditure:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Act	**49.30**	57.05
Amount Spent during the year on		
(i) Construction / acquisition of an asset	**-**	-
(ii) On Purpose other than (i) above	**49.31**	61.05
Excess Amount Spent during the Year	**(0.01)**	(4.00)
Excess Amount Carried Forward to next year to adjust the same against Future Obligations	**-**	-
Amount debited in the statement of Profit & Loss Account	**49.31**	61.05

Note 31 : Tax Expenses

(a) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Current tax expense (A)		
Current year	**309.58**	513.18
Short / (Excess) Provision of Taxation of Earlier Years	**-**	21.13
Deferred tax expense (B)		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	**(58.92)**	24.25
Tax expense recognised in the income statement (A+B)	**250.66**	558.56

(b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Items that will not be reclassified to profit & loss		
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	**39.56**	8.26
Less: Income Tax on Above	**9.96**	2.08
	29.60	6.18

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

(c) Reconciliation of effective tax balances

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Profit before tax	**1,046.30**	1,757.55
Tax using the domestic tax rate (Current year 25.168% and Previous Year 25.168%)	**263.33**	442.34
Tax effect of :		
Tax effect of non deductible expenses / allowable on payment basis	**17.31**	106.14
Income Tax Incentives	**-**	(11.05)
Deductions under various sections of Income Tax Act	**(29.98)**	-
Effect of Taxation of Capital Gains	**-**	-
Others	**-**	21.13
Tax expenses as per Statement of Profit & Loss	**250.66**	558.56
Effective tax rate	**23.96%**	31.78%

(d) Movement in deferred tax balances

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at April 1, 2025 Deferred Tax Asset / (Liabilities)	Credit / (Charge) in Statement of profit or loss	Credit / (Charge) in OCI	As at March 31, 2026 Deferred Tax Asset / (Liabilities)
Deferred tax Asset/(Liabilities)				
Property, Plant & Equipment	**(21.49)**	**56.73**	**-**	**35.24**
Amortisation of leased asset	**(2.62)**	**(0.98)**	**-**	**(3.60)**
Restatement of Hedge Items	**2.50**	**-**	**(2.50)**	**(0.00)**
Premeasurements of defined benefit plans	**32.15**	**(4.26)**	**-**	**27.89**
Provision for Doubtful Debts and Advances	**90.71**	**(2.53)**	**-**	**88.18**
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) - Net	**101.24**	**48.96**	**(2.50)**	**147.70**

(d) Movement in deferred tax balances

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at April 1, 2024 Deferred Tax Asset / (Liabilities)	Credit / (Charge) in Statement of profit or loss	Credit / (Charge) in OCI	As at March 31, 2025 Deferred Tax Asset / (Liabilities)
Deferred tax Asset/(Liabilities)				
Property, Plant & Equipment	2.94	(24.43)	-	(21.49)
Amortisation of leased asset	(2.53)	(0.09)	-	(2.62)
Restatement of Hedge Items	-	-	2.50	2.50
Premeasurements of defined benefit plans	28.46	3.69	-	32.15
Provision for Doubtful Debts and Advances	90.61	0.10	-	90.71
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) - Net	119.48	(20.73)	2.50	101.24

i) The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

ii) The Company has opted for reduced tax rate as per Section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 (introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amended) Ordinance, 2019) for the current financial year. Accordingly the Group has recognised Provision for Income Tax for the year and re-measured its Deferred tax Liability basis at the rate prescribed in the said section.

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 32 Ageing for Trade Receivables

a Trade Receivable ageing schedule as at March 31, 2026

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	**Unbilled receivables**	**Not Due**	**Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment**					**Total**
			Less than 6 Months	**6 Months - 1 Year**	**1 - 2 Years**	**2 - 3 Years**	**More than 3 Years**	
Undisputed Trade Receivables								
(i) Considered good	**-**	**-**	**18,473.43**	**915.03**	**22.67**	**-**	**-**	**19,411.12**
(ii) which have significant increase in Credit Risk	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	-
(iii) Credit Impaired	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Disputed Trade Receivables								
(i) Considered good	**-**	**-**		**-**	**-**		**-**	**-**
(ii) which have significant increase in Credit Risk	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
(iii) Credit Impaired	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Total	**-**	**-**	**18,473.43**	**915.03**	**22.67**	**-**	**-**	**19,411.12**

b. Trade Receivable ageing schedule as at March 31, 2025

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Unbilled receivables	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables								
(i) Considered good	-	-	23,930.73	435.64	125.72	-	-	24,492.09
(ii) which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables								
(i) Considered good	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
(ii) which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**-**	**-**	23,930.73	435.64	125.72	-	-	24,492.09

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 33 Ageing for Trade Payables

a Trade Payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2026

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Unbilled payables	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
a) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Others	-	-	2,275.62	0.91	-	55.19	-	2,331.72
c) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	2,275.62	0.91	-	55.19	-	2,331.72

b Trade Payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2025

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Unbilled payables	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
a) MSME	-	-	28.24	-	-	-	-	**28.24**
b) Others	12.60	-	4,254.03	-	-	55.19	-	**4,321.82**
c) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-		-	-	**-**
d) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
Total	**12.60**	**-**	**4,282.27**	**-**	**-**	**55.19**	**-**	**4,350.06**

Note 34 Ratio Analysis

Sr. No.	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25	% Variance	Reason for Variance
1	Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	**6.03**	3.08	95.50	Increase due to Increase in Current assets as compared to last year.
2	Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Fund	**0.01**	0.21	(93.09)	Decrease due to decrease in Borrowings as compared to last year.
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earning Available for Debt Service	Debt Service	**8.81**	6.54	34.69	Decrease due to higher decrease in Borrowings as compared to earnings in the current year.
4	Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profits after taxes	Average Shareholder's Equity	**1.62**	2.40	(32.64)	Decrease due to Decrease in Earnings as compared to last year.
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Sales	Average Inventory	**13.63**	14.54	(6.28)	
6	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Sales	Average Accounts Receivable	**6.62**	8.49	(22.07)	

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Sr. No.	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25	% Variance	Reason for Variance
7	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Purchases	Average Trade Payables	**38.87**	61.29	(36.57)	Decrease due to higher average payables as compared to last year.
8	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net Sales	Average Working Capital	**2.85**	3.84	(25.76)	Decrease due to Decrease in Turnover as compared to last year.
9	Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit after Tax	Net Sales = Total Sales - Sales Return	**0.55**	0.62	(12.07)	
10	Return of Capital Employed	EBIT	Capital Employed	**0.02**	0.04	(41.05)	Decrease due to Decrease in Earnings as compared to last year.
11	" Return on Investment (Unquoted) "	Net Gain / (Loss)	Fair Value Change / Average Current Investments	**0.52**	0.83	(37.24)	On account of change in Market dynamics

Note No. 35 : Operating Leases

i) The Company's lease asset primarily consist of leases for land and buildings for offices. Effective April 1, 2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" and applied the standard to all lease contracts existing on April 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective method. Consequently, the Company recorded the lease liability at the present value of the remaining lease payments discounted at the incremental borrowing rate as on the date of transition and has measured right of use asset at an amount equal to lease liability adjusted for any related prepaid and accrued lease payments previously recognised.

(ii) The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application:

(a) Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date

(b) Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application.

(c) Excluded the initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application.

(d) Applied the practical expedient by not reassessing whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at the date of initial application. Instead applied the standards only to contracts that were previously identified as leases under Ind AS 17.

(e) Used hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contained options to extend or terminate the lease

(iii) Following is carrying value of right of use assets recognised and the movements thereof during the year ended March 31, 2026

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**238.83**	48.48
Total Right of Use on the date of transition	**238.83**	48.48
Additions during the year	**-**	242.93
Deletion during the year	**-**	-
Depreciation of Right of use assets (refer note 31)	**(48.68)**	(52.58)
Closing Balance	**190.15**	238.83

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

(iv) The following is the carrying value of lease liability on the date of transition and movement thereof during the year ended March 31, 2026:

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**203.25**	36.91
Additions during the year	**-**	207.63
Finance cost accrued during the year	**13.24**	21.71
Deletions	**-**	-
Payment of Lease Liabilities	**(63.00)**	(63.00)
Closing Balance	**153.49**	203.25

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
With respect to non - cancellable operating lease, the future minimum lease payment as at Balance Sheet date is as under:		
For a period not later than one year	**63.00**	63.00
For a period later than one year and not later than five years	**189.00**	252.00
For a period later than five years	**-**	-
Total	**252.00**	315.00

(v) The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed in Note 44

(vi) Rental expense recorded for short-term leases was ₹ 2.50 lakhs for the year ended March 31,2026

(vii) The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

Note 36 : Earnings per equity share: (in ₹)

Particular	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Earnings Per share has been computed as under :		
Net Profit after tax attributable to the Equity Shareholders (₹ in Lakhs)	**825.24**	1,205.17
Total Average No of shares Outstanding during the year	**15,677.19**	15,677.19
Weighted Average No of shares Outstanding during the year	**15,677.19**	15,682.45
Earnings per Share -Basic & Diluted (Face Value of ₹ 1/- per Share)	**0.05**	0.08

Note 37 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(i) Contingent liabilities		
Direct and indirect taxation matters #		
TDS Default	**0.35**	0.50
Income tax	**1,140.27**	1,140.27
Sales tax	**859.52**	859.52
Others	**89.19**	-
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts	**2,623.68**	2,314.55

Net of Payments made

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 38 Segment Reporting

The company and its Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) reviews agro business as the only segment and takes decision based on the demand and supply in agro business. Thus, as per Ind AS 108, the business activities falls within a single primary segment i.e. trading in Agri Products and accordingly segment reporting is not applicable.

Note 39 Post-retirements benefit plan

(i) **Defined contribution plans**

The group has recognised and included in Note 29 "Contribution to Provident and other funds" expenses towards the defined contribution plan as under:

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2026	Year Ended March 31, 2025
Contribution to Provident fund (Government)	**15.50**	16.85

(ii) **Defined benefit plans**

The group offers the following employee benefit schemes to its employees:

Gratuity

The group has a defined benefit gratuity plan which is funded with an Insurance group in the form of qualifying Insurance policy. The group's defined benefit gratuity plan is a salary plan for employees which requires contributions to be made to a separate administrative fund.

The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the act, every employee who has completed five years of service gets a gratuity on separation @ 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service rounded to nearest integer. The scheme is funded with an insurance group in the form of qualifying insurance policy.

The Management have appointed PNB MetLife to manage its funds. The management aim to keep annual contributions relatively stable at a level such that no plan deficits (based on valuation performed) will arise.

In case of death, while in service, the gratuity is payable irrespective of vesting. The group makes annual contribution to the group gratuity scheme administered by PNB MetLife through its gratuity funds.

The disclosure in respect of the defined Gratuity plan are given below:

₹ in lakhs

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(a)	**Net Assets / (Liability) of Defined Benefit Plans -**		
	Present Value of Funded obligation	**110.80**	127.73
	Fair value of plan assets	**3.96**	4.25
	Net Asset / (Liability) recognised	**(106.84)**	(123.48)
(b)	Change in present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows -		
	Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	**127.73**	113.06
	Service cost for the year	**14.26**	14.81
	Past service cost		
	Interest cost for the year	**8.93**	8.13
	Benefits paid	**(0.31)**	(0.57)
	Actuarial losses (gains)	**(39.81)**	(7.70)
	Closing defined benefit obligation	**110.80**	127.73

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

₹ in lakhs

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(c)	Changes in Fair value of Plan Assets during the year -		
	Opening fair value of plan assets	**4.25**	3.97
	Expected return	**0.28**	0.28
	Benefits paid	**(0.31)**	(0.57)
	Actuarial gains and (losses)	**(0.26)**	0.57
	Closing balance of fund	**3.96**	4.25
(d)	Expenses recognised during the period -		
	In Income Statement	**22.91**	22.66
	In Other Comprehensive Income	**(39.56)**	(8.26)
	Total Expenses recognised during the period	**(16.64)**	14.40
(e)	Amount recognised as expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
	Current Service Cost	**14.26**	14.81
	Net Interest on net Defined Liability/(Asset)	**8.65**	7.85
	Total	**22.91**	22.66
(f)	Amount recognised as other comprehensive income the Statement of Profit and Loss		
	Actuarial gains and (losses)	**39.56**	8.26
	Return on plan assets, excluding amount included in 'Net Interest on net Deferred Liability/(Asset)' above	**9.96**	2.08
	Total	**49.52**	10.34
(g)	Actual return on plan assets -		
	Expected return on plan assets	**0.28**	0.28
	Actuarial gain / (loss) on plan assets	**(0.26)**	0.57
	Actual return on plan assets	**0.02**	0.85

(h) The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity and leave encashment for the group's plan are shown below:

Description of Risk Exposures -

Valuations are performed on certain basic set of predetermined assumptions and other regulatory frame work which may vary overtime. Thus, the group is exposed to various risks in providing the above gratuity benefit which are as follows:

Interest Rate risk

The plan exposes the group to the risk of all in interest rates. A fall in interest rates will result in an increase in the ultimate cost of providing the above benefit and will thus result in an increase in the value of the liability (as shown in financial statements).

Salary Escalation Risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.

Regulatory Risk

Gratuity benefit is paid in accordance with the requirements of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 (as amended from time to time). There is a risk of change in regulations requiring higher gratuity payouts (e.g. Increase in the maximum limit on gratuity of ₹ 20 lakhs).

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Investment Risk

The probability or likelihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Discount Rates (per annum)	**0.07**	0.07
Expected return on plan assets	**0.07**	0.07
Salary growth rate (per annum)	**0.07**	0.07
Attrition Rate	**5% to 1%**	5% to 1%
Mortality	**Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-2014) Ult.**	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-2014) Ult.

The estimates of future salary increase, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

(i) Sensitivity Analysis of Defined Benefit Obligation with reference to Key Assumptions

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Discount Rate		
One percent increase	**99.41**	115.64
One percent decrease	**121.08**	141.87
Salary Escalation Rate		
One percent increase	**121.01**	141.70
One percent decrease	**99.28**	115.56
Withdrawal Rate		
One percent increase	**111.02**	127.51
One percent decrease	**110.57**	127.99

The group has purchased an insurance policy to provide for payment of gratuity to the employees. Every year, the insurance group carries out a fund valuation based on the latest employee data provided by the group. Any deficit in the assets arising as a result of such valuation is funded by the group.

The following payments are expected contributions to the defined benefit plan in future years:

Expected (Undiscounted) Benefit Payments in Future Years

(Projections are for current members and their currently accumulated benefits)

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Year 1	**3.88**	19.79
Year 2	**3.80**	3.61
Year 3	**3.67**	3.49
Year 4	**3.54**	3.37
Year 5	**3.59**	3.25
Year 6 to 10	**74.46**	27.92
Total	**92.93**	61.43

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 40 Related party Disclosures

The related parties as per the terms of Ind AS - 24, "Related Party Disclosures". Specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015) are disclosed below -

Note	Particulars	
	Names of Related parties and description of the relationship	
	Description of relationship	**Names of related parties**
(i)	Related Parties where Control exists	
	Subsidiaries	Sakuma Exim DMCC (UAE) (Wholly Owned Subsidiary)
		Sakuma Exports Pte Ltd (Singapore) (Wholly Owned Subsidiary)
		Sakuma Impex Ltd (London) (Wholly Owned Subsidiary)
	Step-Down Subsidiaries	Sakuma Exports (Ghana) Limited(Subsidiary of Sakuma Exports Pte Ltd)
		Sakuma Exports (Tanzania) Private Limited (Subsidiary of Sakuma Exports Pte Ltd)
		G.K Exim FZE (Subsidiary of Sakuma Exim DMCC)
	Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Mr. Saurabh Malhotra (Chairman & Managing Director)
		Ms. Shipra Malhotra (Non-Executive Director)
		Mr. Vivek Grover (Non-Executive Director)
		Mr. Amit Amist Shanker (Non-Executive Director)
		Mr. Rahul Dixit (Non-Executive Director)
		Mr. Guniteshvir Simgh Sohal (Non-Executive Director)
		Mr. Devesh Mishra (CFO)
		Ms. Khyati Jobanputra (Company Secretary) (upto 14.11.2024)
		Ms. Surbhi Nahta (Company Secretary) (w.ef 29.03.2024 upto 22.07.2025)
		Ms. Pooja Malhotra (Company Secretary) (w.ef 22.07.2025)
	Relatives of KMP	Mrs. Kusum Malhotra
		Mrs. Vanita Malhotra
	Companies in which Directors, KMP or their relatives are interested	Sakuma Finvest Private Limited
		GMK System and Logistics Private Limited
		Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited
		C K K Retail Mart Limited (Formerly Known As C K K Exports Private Limited)
		Marwar Consultancy Private Limited
		Sukriti Trading Limited(Erstwhile Sukriti Trading LLP)
		LT Sagar Coastal Transport Private Limited
		MS Port Terminal Private Limited
		Kuma Infra and Realty Private Limited
		Samavama Infra and Realty Private Limited
		Mkg Infra And Realty Private Limited
		Sakuma Warehousing And Packaging Private Limited
		Prosperty Infra And Realty Private Limited
		GKSM Infra And Realty Private Limited
		KMSM Infra And Realty Private Limited
		Prosperty Real Estate Solutions Private Limited
		Youthsy Foundation
		RPSU Infra & Realty Pvt Ltd (upto 01.07.2024)
		KKSM Infra and Realty Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Note	Particulars	
	Names of Related parties and description of the relationship	
	Description of relationship	**Names of related parties**
		SMVM Infra and Realty Private Limited
		Propkee Private Limited (erstwhile Kukk Infra And Realty Private Limited)
		Fourleaf Agro Private Limited
		KK and VM Infra and Realty LLP
		SMKK Infra and Realty LLP
		KU and SM Infra and Realty LLP
(ii)	Related Parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year	
	Subsidiaries	Sakuma Exim DMCC (UAE)
		Sakuma Exports Pte Ltd (Singapore)
		Sakuma Impex Ltd (London)
	Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Mr. Saurabh Malhotra (Chairman & Managing Director)
		Mr. Radhe Shyam (Non-Executive Director) (Upto 31.03.2024)
		Mr. O P Singal (Non-Executive Director) (Upto 31.03.2024)
		Ms. Shipra Malhotra (Non-Executive Director)
		Mr. Vivek Grover (Non-Executive Director)
		Mr. Amit Amist Shanker (Non-Executive Director)
		Mr. Devesh Mishra (CFO)
		Ms. Khyati Jobanputra (Company Secretary)
	Relatives of KMP	Mrs. Kusum Malhotra
	Companies in which Directors, KMP or their relatives are interested	Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited
		C K K Retail Mart Limited (Formerly Known As C K K Exports Private Limited)
		MS Port Terminal Private Limited

(iii) Details ofrelated party transactions during the year ended March 31, 2026

₹ in lakhs

Relationship	Transactions	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Sakuma Exim DMCC	Advance received	**-**	-
Sakuma Impex Ltd	Advance received	**-**	441.85
Sakuma Exports Pte Ltd	Advance received	**-**	-
Sakuma Impex Ltd	Investment in Subsidiary	**-**	8,942.07
CKK Retail Mart Limited	Reimbursement of Expenses	**-**	16.17
Key Management Personnel (Independent Director's)	Director's Sitting Fees	**10.00**	14.20
Key Management Personnel	Director's Remuneration	**-**	75.00
Key Management Personnel	Salaries, Bonus, Other Benefits including Contn P.F, Family Pension etc	**30.89**	36.93
Mrs. Kusum Malhotra	Rent paid	**10.71**	10.71
Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited		**52.29**	52.29
Mrs. Kusum Malhotra	Other Finance charges	**-**	15.15
Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited	Other Finance charges	**-**	19.68
MS Port Terminal Private Limited	Other Finance charges	**-**	23.64

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Details of balances outstanding of the Related Parties

Relationship	Outstanding Balance	As at March 31,2026	As at March 31,2025
Mrs. Kusum Malhotra	Security Deposit	**15.30**	15.30
Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited	Security Deposit	**74.70**	74.70
Sakuma Exim DMCC	Trade Receivable	**-**	40.49
Sakuma Impex Ltd	Trade Receivable	**-**	21.05
Mrs. Kusum Malhotra	Guarantee Fees Payable	**-**	17.57
Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited	Guarantee Fees Payable	**-**	22.83
MS Port Terminal Private Limited	Guarantee Fees Payable	**-**	27.42

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free. The company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to the amounts owned by the related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which related party exists.

The remuneration to the key managerial personnel does not include the provisions made for gratuity as they are determined on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole.

Managerial remuneration is computed as per the provisions of section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Note 41 Hedging Activities and Derivatives

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as foreign currency forward contracts to hedge foreign currency risk arising from future transactions in respect of which firm commitments are made or which are highly probable forecast transactions. All these instruments are designated as hedging instruments and the necessary documentation for the same is made as per Ind AS 109.

Cash flow hedges - Foreign currency Risk

Foreign exchange forward contracts measured at fair value through OCI are designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges of recognized purchase payables, committed future purchases, recognized sales receivables, forecast sales in US dollar. The forecast sales transactions are highly probable.

The foreign exchange forward contract balances vary with the level of expected foreign currency sales and purchases and changes in foreign exchange forward rates.

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 42 Fair Value Measurements

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not valued at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of the fair value.

₹ in lakhs

As at March 31, 2026	Carrying Value				Fair Value			
	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	At amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Non Current Assets								
Investment in Subsidiaries	-	-	11,166.71	11,166.71	-	-	-	-
Loans, Advances and Deposits	66.14	-	-	66.14	-	66.14	-	66.14
Current Assets								
Trade receivables	-	-	19,379.36	19,379.36	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	3,735.72	3,735.72	-	-	-	-
Balances with Banks other than above	-	-	12.17	12.17	-	-	-	-
Investments-Others	10,839.30	-	-	10,839.30	10,839.30	-	-	10,839.30
Loans, Advances and Deposits	-	-	178.58	178.58	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Assets	**10,905.44**	**-**	**34,472.54**	**45,377.98**	**10,839.30**	**66.14**	**-**	**10,905.44**
Financial Liabilities								
Non-Current Liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	-	108.44	108.44	-	108.44	-	-
Current Liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	726.56	726.56	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	2,331.72	2,331.72	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	-	36.07	36.07	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Liabilities	**-**	**-**	**3,202.79**	**3,202.79**	**-**	**108.44**	**-**	**-**

₹ in lakhs

As at March 31, 2025	Carrying Value				Fair Value			
	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	At amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Non Current Assets								
Investment in Subsidiaries	-	-	11,166.71	11,166.71	-	-	-	-
Loans, Advances and Deposits	60.37	-	-	60.37	-	60.37	-	60.37
				-				-
Current Assets								-
Trade receivables	-	-	24,477.77	24,477.77	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,336.85	2,336.85	-	-	-	-
Balances with Banks other than above		-	30.86	30.86	-	-	-	-

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

₹ in lakhs

As at March 31, 2025	Carrying Value				Fair Value			
	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	At amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investment - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans, Advances and Deposits	-	-	357.21	357.21	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Assets	60.37	-	38,369.40	38,429.77	-	60.37	-	60.37
Financial Liabilities								
Non-Current Liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	-	153.49	153.49		153.49		
Current Liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	10,346.88	10,346.88	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	4,350.06	4,350.06	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	22.32	22.32	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Liabilities	-	-	14,872.75	14,872.75	-	153.49	-	-

During the reporting period ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, there have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

The management assessed that fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables less than 1 year, bank overdrafts and other current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

Note 43 Capital Risk Management

For the purpose of the Company capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	**As at March 31, 2026**	As at March 31, 2025
Borrowings	**726.56**	10,346.88
Trade Payables	**2,331.72**	4,350.06
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	**(3,735.72)**	(2,336.85)
Net Debt	**(677.44)**	12,360.09
Total Equity	**50,944.41**	50,111.74
Total Equity and Net Debt	**50,266.97**	62,471.83
Gearing Ratio	**(0.01)**	0.20

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

Note 44 Financial Risk Management

Risk Management Framework

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations. The Company also enters into derivative transactions.

The Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by specialist teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. The Board of Directors through its risk management committee reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

The Company's has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

(i) Market Risk

(ii) Commodity Price Risk

(iii) Credit Risk

(iv) Liquidity Risk

(v) Excessive risk Concentration

(i) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments and derivative financial instruments.

The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

The sensitivity analysis have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt and derivatives and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant and on the basis of hedge designations in place at March 31, 2025.

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis:

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 including the effect of hedge accounting.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a short term working capital loans which are reviewed on yearly basis. The following table provides a break-up of Company's fixed and floating rate borrowing:

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Fixed rate borrowings	**-**	-
Floating rate borrowings	**726.56**	10,346.88
Total Borrowings	**726.56**	10,346.88

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected, after the impact of hedge accounting. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Increase / decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before tax
March 31, 2026		
726.56	**+/- 100 bps**	**(7.27)/7.27**
March 31, 2025		
10,346.88	+/- 100 bps	(103.47)/103.47

Note: The above analysis is prepared for floating rate liabilities assuming the amount of the Liability outstanding at the end of the reporting Period was outstanding for the whole year.

The assumed movement in basis points for the interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment, showing a significantly higher volatility than in prior years

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments such as foreign currency forward contracts to hedge foreign currency risk arising from future transactions in respect of which firm commitments are made or which are highly probable forecast transactions. All these instruments are designated as hedging instruments and the necessary documentation for the same is made as per Ind AS 109.

Cash flow hedges - Foreign currency Risk

Foreign exchange forward contracts measured at fair value through OCI are designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges of recognized purchase payables, committed future purchases, recognized sales receivables, forecast sales in US dollar. The forecast sales transactions are highly probable.

The foreign exchange forward contract balances vary with the level of expected foreign currency sales and purchases and changes in foreign exchange forward rates.

(Amount in USD in lakhs)

Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
FCY Receivables	**158.50**	218.65
FCY Payables	**(9.77)**	(32.74)
Net FCY Receivables / (Payables)	**148.73**	185.91
Financial Hedge	**148.73**	185.91
Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure	**-**	-

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Foreign currency sensitivity

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities.

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Change in Currency	Effect on profit before tax
March 31, 2026		
Recognized net receivables / (payables)	**+ 1 /- 1**	**"+ 0.00/ -0.00**
March 31, 2025		
Recognized net receivables / (payables)	+ 1 /- 1	"+ 0.00/ -0.00

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.

(ii) Commodity Price Risk

The Company is affected by the price volatility of certain commodities. Its operating activities require the ongoing purchase of oil and other traded commodities. Due to the significantly increased volatility of the prices of the commodities, the Company also entered into various derivative contracts.

The Company's Board of Directors has developed and enacted a risk management strategy regarding commodity price risk and its mitigation.

(iii) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by the management subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing. Generally the company operates on advance against delivery order principle except for merchant trade transactions wherein the sales is executed on credit terms up to six months. Also, Export customers are secured against Letter of Credit, bank guarantees and payments against documents. Credit risk on receivables is also mitigated by securing the same against security deposit, letter of credit and advance payment.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major clients. The Company has no concentration of credit risk as the customer base is widely distributed both economically and geographically.

Ageing of Account receivables **₹ in lakhs**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
0 - 90 days	**3,938.78**	21,800.17
91 - 180 days	**14,534.65**	2,130.56
181 - 270 days	**-**	
270 - 365 days	**915.03**	435.64
More than 365 days	**22.67**	125.72
	19,411.12	24,492.09

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Other financial assets and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the Company's Board of Directors on an annual basis, and may be updated throughout the year subject to approval as per the Investment policy. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through counterparty's potential failure to make payments.

(iv) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time, or at a reasonable price. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The Company prepares cash flow on a daily basis to monitor liquidity. Any shortfall is funded out of short term loans. Any surplus is invested in liquid mutual funds and short term bank deposits. The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

Liquidity exposure as at March 31, 2026 ₹ in lakhs

Particulars	< 1 year	1-5years	>5 years	Total
Financial Assets				
Non-Current Assets				
Investment in Subsidiaries	8,942.07	0.11	2,224.53	11,166.71
Investment - Others	-	-	-	-
Loans, Advances and Deposits	-	66.14	-	66.14
Current Assets				-
Trade receivables	19,388.46	22.67	-	19,411.12
Cash and cash equivalents	3,735.72	-	-	3,735.72
Balances with Banks other than above	12.17	-	-	12.17
Investment - Others	10,839.30			10,839.30
Loans, Advances and Deposits	178.58	-	-	178.58
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Assets	43,096.30	88.92	2,224.53	45,409.74
Financial Liabilities				-
Non-Current Liabilities				
Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	108.44	-	108.44
Current Liabilities				-
Borrowings	726.56	-	-	726.56
Lease Liabilities	45.05			45.05
Trade payables	2,276.53	-	55.19	2,331.72
Other financial liabilities	36.07	-	-	36.07
Total Financial Liabilities	3,084.21	108.44	55.19	3,247.84

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

Liquidity exposure as at March 31, 2025 ₹ in lakhs

Particulars	< 1 year	1-5years	>5 years	Total
Financial Assets				-
Non-Current Assets				
Investment in Subsidiaries	8,942.07	0.11	2,224.53	11,166.71
Investment - Others	-		-	-
Loans, Advances and Deposits	-	60.37	-	60.37
Current Assets				-
Trade receivables	24,366.37	125.72	-	24,492.09
Cash and cash equivalents	2,336.85	-	-	2,336.85
Balances with Banks other than above	30.86	-	-	30.86
Current Assets	-			
Loans, Advances and Deposits	357.21	-	-	357.21
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Assets	36,033.36	186.20	2,224.53	38,444.09
Financial Liabilities				
Non-Current Liabilities				
Lease Liabilities		153.49		153.49
Borrowings	10,346.88	-	-	10,346.88
Lease Liabilities	49.76	-	-	49.76
Current Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	4,294.87	-	55.19	4,350.06
Other financial liabilities	22.32	-	-	22.32
Total Financial Liabilities	14,713.83	153.49	55.19	14,922.51

(v) Excessive risk Concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Group's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on the maintenance of a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly. Selective hedging is used within the Group to manage risk concentrations at both the relationship and industry levels.

Note 45 Other Accompanying Notes

1. Recent Pronouncements:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2025 on 13 August 2025 (published in the Official Gazette on 19 August 2025). The following amendments have been notified by the MCA with effect from 01 April 2025 for the preparation and presentation of financial statements

- Ind AS 1 (Classification of liabilities as current or non-current and non-current liabilities with covenants);

- Ind AS 7 and Ind AS 107 (Disclosures for supplier finance arrangements); and

- Ind AS 12 (Global implementation of OCED Pillar Two model rules).

- Ind AS 21 (Lack of Exchangeability)

The above amendments have no significant impact on the financial statements for the year ending 31 March 2026.

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements

2. No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its Subsidiary Company incorporated in India to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (“Intermediaries”) with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Holding Company or its Subsidiary Company incorporated in India (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Holding Company or its Subsidiary Company incorporated in India has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
3. **Details of Benami property**: No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
4. **Transactions with Struck off Companies**: No transactions have been carried out during the financial year 2025-26 with Struck off Companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 by MCA.
5. **Compliance with number of layers of companies**: The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
6. **Details of crypto currency or virtual currency**: The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.
7. **Undisclosed income**: There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
8. The Figures have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs of Rupees upto two decimal Places.
9. Previous Years Figures have been regrouped / rearranged where ever necessary to make them Comparable with the Current year Figures as per revised Schedule III requirements
10. Note 1 to 45 Forms an Integral Part of the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements
As per our report of even date

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 111883W

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
M. No. 101598

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN - 00214500

Pooja Malhotra
Company Secretary

Devesh Mishra
Chief Financial Officer

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF
SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED

Report on the Consolidated IND AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of **SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED** ("the Holding Company), and its Subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its Subsidiaries together referred to as "the Company" or "the Group"), comprising of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2026, the Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements including a Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements / consolidated financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act, of the consolidated state of affairs (consolidated financial position) of the Group as at 31st March 2026, and its consolidated profit (consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income), its consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in paragraph of the Other Matters paragraph below is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

Key Audit Matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
1. Revenue Recognition (Refer to the accounting policies in Note 2 to the Ind AS Financial statements)	
Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised upon the transfer of control of the goods to the customer. The Company uses a variety of shipment terms across its operating markets and this has an impact on the timing of revenue recognition. There is a risk that revenue could be recognised in the incorrect period for sales transactions occurring on and around the year-end, therefore revenue recognition has been identified as a key audit matter.	a) Our audit procedures included reading the Groups revenue recognition accounting policies to assess compliance with Ind AS 115 "Revenue from contracts with customers". b) We performed test of controls of management's process of recognizing the revenue from sales of goods with regard to the timing of the revenue recognition as per the sales terms with the customers.

Key Audit Matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
	c) We performed test of details of the sales transactions testing based on a representative sampling of the sales orders to test that the related revenues and trade receivables are recorded taking into consideration the terms and conditions of the sale orders, including the shipping terms. d) We also performed audit procedures relating to revenue recognition by agreeing deliveries occurring around the year end to supporting documentation to establish that sales and corresponding trade receivables are properly recorded in the correct period. e) Assessing and testing the adequacy of presentation and disclosures.

Other Information

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report but does not include the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We will report material misstatement, if any, on receiving the Other Information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

<u>Auditor's Responsibility</u>

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has an adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group of which we are the independent auditors and whose financial information we have audited, to express an opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

<u>Other Matters</u>

We did not audit the financial statements of **Two** subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflects total assets of Rs. 42,732.13 Lakhs (before eliminating inter-company balances) as at 31st March 2026, total revenues of Rs. 21,519.44 Lakhs (before eliminating inter-company balances) total net profit after tax of Rs. 181.14 Lakhs (before eliminating inter-company balances), total comprehensive income of Rs. 181.44 Lakhs (before eliminating inter-company balances) and net cash outflow of Rs. 137.31 Lakhs (before eliminating inter-company balances) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, whose financial statements have not been audited by us. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

We have conducted the review of the financial statement / financial information of **Two** subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial results, whose financial statement / financial information reflects total assets of Rs. 5,800.43 Lakhs (before eliminating inter-company balances) as at 31st March, 2026, total revenues of Rs. 3,696.97 Lakhs (before eliminating inter-company balances), total net profit after tax of Rs. 25.45 Lakhs (before eliminating inter-company balances), total comprehensive income of Rs. 25.45 Lakhs (before eliminating inter-company balances) and net cash inflow of Rs. 112.41 Lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial results. This financial statement has been approved and furnished to us by the Management and our conclusion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the affairs of this subsidiary is based solely on such unaudited financial results and other unaudited financial information. According to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these interim financial results are not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the Statement is not modified in respect of the above matters.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by paragraph 3(xxi) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks included in the CARO report in respect of the consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company which are included in these Consolidated Financial Statements.

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Holding Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief and based on the consideration of report of respective auditors of the subsidiary companies and associates incorporated in India, we state that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in their report on Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements.

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements / consolidated financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiaries, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

(a) We/the other auditor whose report we have relied upon have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements;

(b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors;

(c) the consolidated financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;

(d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder.

(e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, none of the directors of the Holding company covered under the Act, are disqualified as on 31st March 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;

(f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in **'Annexure A'**;

(g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries and:

i. The Consolidated Ind AS financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the Consolidated Ind AS financial position of the Group. Refer Note No. 35 to the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements;

ii. Provision has been made in the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, as required under the applicable law or Ind AS, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts to the consolidated Ind AS financial statements in respect of such items as it relates to the Group;

iii. There is no amount to be transferred to the Investor Education Undertaking Protection Fund by the Holding Company during the year.

iv. (i) The Management of the Holding Company, have represented to us to the best of their knowledge and belief , no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company, to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company, ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(ii) The Management of the Holding Company have represented to us to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Holding Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(iii) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has not declared and paid any dividend during the year ended on 31st March 2026 as per section 123 of the Company's Act, 2013. Hence, we have nothing to report in this regard.

vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India. The Holding Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit of the Holding Company we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention by the Holding Company.

All the subsidiaries of the Company are incorporated outside India and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 for using accounting software with feature of audit trail and preservation of the same as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for its subsidiaries for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026.

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Firm Reg. No: 111883W
Chartered Accountants

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
Membership No. 101598
UDIN – 26101598RJEKLH5223

Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 30th May 2026

THE ANNEXURE – "A" REFERRED TO IN OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE TO THE MEMBERS OF SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026. WE REPORT THAT:

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statement of the Company as of and for the year ended 31st March, 2026, We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED** ("the Holding Company") as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding company are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Firm Reg. No: 111883W
Chartered Accountants

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
Membership No. 101598
UDIN – 26101598RJEKLH5223

Place of Signature: Mumbai
Date: 30th May 2026

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31,2026

₹ in Lakhs

		Particulars	Note No	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
A		**ASSETS**			
1		**Non-current assets**			
	(a)	Property, Plant and Equipment	3	**11,129.54**	6,632.98
	(b)	Right-of-use Asset		**190.16**	238.84
	(c)	Financial Assets			
		(i) Loans, Advances and Deposits	4	**66.14**	60.37
	(d)	Other Non - Current Assets	5	**63.22**	28.44
				11,449.06	6,960.63
2		**Current assets**			
	(a)	Inventories	6	**15,995.75**	14,497.11
	(b)	Financial Assets			
		(i) Trade receivables	7	**44,808.40**	41,998.09
		(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	8	**3,918.74**	2,544.77
		(iii) Balances with Banks other than (ii) above	9	**12.17**	30.86
		(iv) Investment - Others	10	**10,839.30**	41.34
		(iv) Loans, Advances and Deposits	4	**181.05**	359.44
		(v) Other financial assets	11	**-**	-
	(c)	Other current assets	12	**6,646.52**	24,654.41
	(d)	Income Tax (Net of Provisions)	13	**226.71**	218.04
				82,628.64	84,344.06
		TOTAL - ASSETS (A)		**94,077.70**	91,304.69
B		**EQUITY AND LIABILITIES**			
1		**Shareholder's funds**			
	(a)	Equity Share Capital	14	**15,677.19**	15,677.19
	(b)	Other Equity	15	**59,208.68**	55,021.81
				74,885.87	70,699.00
2		**Non-current liabilities**			
	(a)	Financial Liabilities			
		(i) Lease Liabilities	16	**108.44**	153.49
	(b)	Deferred tax liabilities (net)	30d	**808.43**	397.53
	(c)	Long term Provisions	17	**106.92**	107.95
				1,023.79	658.97
3		**Current liabilities**			
	(a)	Financial Liabilities			
		(i) Borrowings	18	**726.56**	10,346.88
		(ia) Lease Liabilities	19	**45.05**	49.76
		(ii) Trade payables	20		
		(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		**-**	28.24
		(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		**12,521.12**	5,878.17
		(iii) Other financial liabilities	21	**36.07**	27.52
	(b)	Other current liabilities	22	**4,826.70**	3,588.72
	(c)	Current Provisions	17	**12.54**	27.43
				18,168.04	19,946.72
		TOTAL - EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (B)		**94,077.70**	91,304.69
		Corporate Information & Material Accounting Policies	1 &2		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 111883W

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
M. No. 101598

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN - 00214500

Pooja Malhotra
Company Secretary

Devesh Mishra
Chief Financial Officer

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2026

₹ in Lakhs

	Particulars	Note No	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
1	Revenue from operations	23	**1,70,828.24**	2,28,955.46
2	Other income	24	**917.03**	1,246.48
3	**Total revenue (1+2)**		**1,71,745.27**	2,30,201.94
4	**Expenses**			
	(a) Purchases of Stock-in-trade		**1,63,769.15**	2,18,834.41
	(b) Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade	25	**(1,498.64)**	(2,560.65)
	(c) Employee benefits expense	26	**781.79**	754.65
	(d) Finance costs	27	**168.66**	356.82
	(e) Depreciation and amortisation expenses	28	**270.17**	218.45
	(f) Other expenses	29	**7,054.84**	10,535.21
	Total expenses		**1,70,545.97**	2,28,138.89
5	**Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax (3 - 4)**		**1,199.30**	2,063.05
6	Exceptional items			-
7	**Profit / (Loss) before tax (5 +/- 6)**		**1,199.30**	2,063.05
8	**Tax expense:**	30		
	(a) Current tax		**306.89**	538.23
	(b) Prior period tax		**-**	21.13
	(c) Deferred tax		**(58.92)**	24.25
	Total Tax Expenses		**247.97**	583.61
9	**Profit / (Loss) for the Year (7 - 8)**		**951.33**	1,479.44
10	**Other Comprehensive Income**			
	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss			
	Remeasurements gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		**39.56**	8.26
	Income tax relating to above		**9.96**	2.08
	Total Other Comprehensive Income transferred to P&L		**29.60**	6.18
	Items that will be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss			
	Remeasurements gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge		**-**	9.93
	Income tax relating to above		**-**	-2.50
			-	7.43
	Total Other Comprehensive transferred to reserve			-7.43
	FCTR Balance related to OCI		**5,040.49**	2,986.63
	Income tax relating to above		**(630.06)**	(373.33)
	Net Balance of FCTR		**4,410.43**	2,613.30
	Net Balance of FCTR transferred to Other Equity		**(4,410.43)**	(2,613.30)
11	**Total Comprehensive Income for the year(9+10)**		**980.93**	1,485.62
12	**Earnings per share (Face Value of ₹ 1/- each):**	34		
	(a) Basic		**0.06**	0.09
	(b) Diluted		**0.06**	0.09
	Corporate Information & Material Accounting Policies	1 &2		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 111883W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
M. No. 101598

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN - 00214500

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2026

Pooja Malhotra
Company Secretary

Devesh Mishra
Chief Financial Officer

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2026

₹ in Lakhs

	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
A.	**Cash flow from operating activities**		
	Profit Before Tax	**1,199.30**	2,063.05
	Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:		
	Depreciation and amortisation	**270.17**	218.45
	Finance costs	**168.66**	356.82
	Interest income	**(184.46)**	(157.27)
	Provision for Doubtful Debts	**(3.24)**	0.41
	Profit from Sales of Property, Plant & Equipment	**(0.03)**	(0.10)
	Net unrealised exchange (gain) / loss	**3,658.04**	1,047.09
	Net (gain) / loss on sale / fair valuation of investments	**396.56**	(473.83)
	Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes	**5,505.00**	3,054.62
	Changes in working capital:		
	Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		
	Inventories	**(1,498.64)**	(2,560.65)
	Trade receivables	**(2,807.07)**	(5,652.46)
	Loans, Advances and Deposits - Current	**178.39**	1,370.79
	Loans, Advances and Deposits - Non Current	**(5.77)**	(8.31)
	Other financial assets	**-**	87.67
	Other current assets	**18,007.89**	(13,463.79)
	Other Non-current Financial Assets	**-**	-
	Balances with Banks other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	**18.69**	(2.28)
	Other non-current assets	**(34.78)**	3,297.55
	Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
	Trade payables	**6,614.72**	4,240.32
	Other Financial liabilities	**(40.25)**	3.74
	Other current liabilities	**1,245.73**	(3,474.47)
	Provisions	**23.64**	(117.31)
	Total	**27,207.55**	(13,224.58)
	Net income tax (paid) / refunds	**(315.56)**	(579.46)
	Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A)	**26,891.99**	(13,804.04)
B.	**Cash flow from investing activities**		
	Capital expenditure on fixed assets, including capital advances	**(4718.04)**	(6,711.81)
	Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	**0.03**	0.10
	Current investments not considered as Cash and cash equivalents		
	- Purchased	**(77,978.13)**	(57,416.34)
	- Proceeds from sale	**66,783.60**	57,848.83
	Interest received	**184.46**	133.09
	Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)	**(15,728.08)**	(6,146.13)

₹ in Lakhs

	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
C.	**Cash flow from financing activities**		
	Net increase / (decrease) in working capital borrowings	**(9,620.32)**	478.35
	Finance cost	**(168.66)**	(356.82)
	Proceeds from Issue of Shares	**-**	19,983.04
	Dividends paid	**(0.96)**	(155.72)
	Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)	**(9,789.94)**	19,948.85
	Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents **(A+B+C)**	**1,373.97**	(1.32)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	**2,544.77**	2,546.09
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	**3,918.74**	2,544.77

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet (Refer Note 11)		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year *	**3,918.74**	2,544.77
* Comprises:		
(a) Cash on hand	**2.42**	5.02
(b) Balances with banks		
(i) In current accounts	**759.28**	337.22
(ii) In Deposit Accounts	**3,157.04**	2,202.53
	3,918.74	2,544.77

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Notes:

(i) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method "as set out in the Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 "Cash Flow Statement".

As per our report of even date

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 111883W

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
M. No. 101598

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN - 00214500

Pooja Malhotra
Company Secretary

Devesh Mishra
Chief Financial Officer

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2026

Equity Share Capital

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2024	Changes in equity share capital during the year	As at March 31, 2025	Changes in equity share capital during the year	As at March 31, 2026
Balance at the Beginning of the year	**14**	2,345.59	13,331.60	15,677.19	-	**15,677.19**
Balance at the End of the year		2,345.59	13,331.60	15,677.19	-	**15,677.19**

OTHER EQUITY -

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Capital redemption reserve [refer note 14(a)]	Other equity					Total other equity
		Securities premium [refer note 14(b)]	Cash Flow Hedging Reserve [refer note 14(c)]	Retained earnings [refer note 14(d)]	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve [refer note (16 e)	Items of Other Comprehensive Income [refer note 31(e)]	
As at April 1, 2024	1,000.09	8,545.43	16.67	33,991.19	2,342.75	35.48	45,931.61
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,479.44	-	-	1,479.44
Addition; During the year	-	19,193.18	-	-	-	-	19,193.18
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(24.11)	-	(2,986.63)	6.18	(3,004.56)
Others	-	-	-	-	4,120.66	-	4,120.66
Total comprehensive income	-	19,193.18	(24.11)	1,479.44	1,134.03	6.18	21,788.72
Payment of dividend	-	-	-	(156.77)	-	-	(156.77)
Less: Issue of Bonus Shares	(1,000.09)	(11,541.66)	-	-	-	-	(12,541.75)
As at March 31, 2025	-	16,196.95	(7.44)	35,313.86	3,476.78	41.66	55,021.81
Profit for the year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**951.33**	**-**	**-**	**951.33**
Addition; During the year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Others	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**8,239.02**	**-**	**8,239.02**
Other comprehensive income	**-**	**-**	**7.44**	**-**	**(5,040.52)**	**29.60**	**(5,003.48)**
Total comprehensive income	**-**	**-**	**7.44**	**951.33**	**3,198.50**	**29.60**	**4,186.87**
Less: Issue of Bonus Shares	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Payment of dividend	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
As at March 31, 2026	**-**	**16,196.95**	**0.00**	**36,265.19**	**6,675.28**	**71.26**	**59,208.68**

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 111883W

Mehul R. Sheth
Partner
M. No. 101598

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Saurabh Malhotra
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN - 00214500

Pooja Malhotra
Company Secretary

Devesh Mishra
Chief Financial Officer

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

1 Group information

Sakuma Exports Limited, a Government of India recognised Star Trading House, is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated on August 31, 2005, CIN - L51909MH2005PLC155765. The registered office of the Company is located at 301-A, Aurus Chambers, S.S. Amrutwar Lane, Near Mahindra Tower, Worli, Mumbai - 400013. The shares of the company are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) and National Stock Exchange (NSE).

The Company along with its subsidiaries ("The Group") is primarily engaged in the in trading of Agro Commodities. The Consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on **30th May, 2026.**

2.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the other relevant provi`sions of the Act and rules thereunder.

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared under historical cost convention basis except :

a. Certain financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policies for financial instruments).

b. Defined Benefits plans –Plan assets measured at Fair Value

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements except where a newly issued Accounting Standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

2.2 Basis of Consolidation

Subsidiaries include all the entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns through its involvement in the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity.

The Consolidated financial statements of the Group incorporate the assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the company and its subsidiaries and are presented as those of a single economic entity. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights
- The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies. The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the parent company, i.e., year ended on March 31.

Consolidation Procedure

- Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill.
- Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and fixed assets, are eliminated in full). Intragroup losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Ind AS12 Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

2.3 Fair Value Remeasurements:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or settle a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumption that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability acting in their best economic interest. The group used valuation techniques, which were appropriate in circumstances and for which sufficient data were available considering the expected loss/ profit in case of financial assets or liabilities.

2.4 Cash Flow Statements:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the group are segregated.

2.5 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

The cost comprises of purchase price, taxes, duties, freight and other incidental expenses directly attributable and related to acquisition of the concerned assets and are further adjusted by the amount of Input Credit of taxes availed wherever applicable.

Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet date are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress".

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of asset.

The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the Asset. The Property, plant and equipment's residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and changes, if any, are treated as changes in accounting estimate.

The group has applied principles of Ind AS 16 retrospectively from date of acquisition and considered the same as deemed cost in accordance with Ind AS 101 First Time adoption. On transition to Ind-AS, the group has elected to continue with the carrying value of intangible assets recognised as at April 01, 2016 measured as per IGAAP as the deemed cost of assets.

The estimated useful lives considered of Property, Plant and Equipment of the group are as follows:

Block of Assets	Useful Life
Wind Turbine Generators	22 Years
Leasehold Land	Shorter of lease period or estimated useful lives
Plant and Equipment	25 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years
Computer software	3 Years
Vehicles	8 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years

2.6 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

2.7 Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation of these assets commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated in a manner that amortizes the cost (or other amount substituted for cost) of the assets, less its residual value, over their useful lives as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 on a written down value basis except Lease Hold Land on which straight line basis depreciation is charged.

2.8 Investments

Investments, which are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made ,are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as non current investments.

Long-term investments (excluding investment properties), are carried individually at cost less provision for diminution, other than temporary, in the value of such investments. Current investments are carried individually, at the lower of cost and fair value. Cost of investments includes acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

2.9 Leases

At inception of Contract, the Company assesses whether the Contract is or contains a Lease. A Contract is, or contains, a lease if the Contract conveys the right to Control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for Consideration .At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease Component, the Company allocates Consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative standalone price

As a Lessee

i) Right of use assets

The Group recognizes right of use assets at the commencement date of the lease .Right of use assets are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment Losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of Lease Liabilities .The Cost of right to use assets include the amount of lease Liabilities recognized, initial direct cost incurred, Lease payments made at or before commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right of use assets are depreciated on a straight Line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The Group presents right to use assets that do not meet the definition of Investment property in "Property, Plant and Equipment"

ii) Lease Liabilities

At the Commencement date of the Lease , the Group recognizes Lease Liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the Lease term .In Calculating the present Value of lease payments , the Group generally uses its incremental borrowing rate at the Lease Commencement date if the discount rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the Lease Liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance, fixed) and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised. Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest expenses .It is re measured to reflect any reassessment or modification.

The Group presents lease Liabilities under Financial Liabilities in the Balance sheet.

The Group has elected to account for short term leases and Leases of Low Value assets using the exemption given under Ind AS 116, Leases .Instead of recognizing a right of use asset and Lease Liability, the payments in relation to these are recognized as an expense in the profit or loss on a straight Line basis over the Lease term or on another systematic basis if that basis is more representative of the pattern of the Group benefit.

iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories have been computed to include all cost of purchase, and other cost incurred in bringing the goods to the present location and condition.

The cost is determined using the First in First Out Basis (FIFO) .

2.11 Cash & Cash Equivalents

The group considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents.

2.12 Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred tax are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current Tax

Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for that period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the group:

- has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and
- Intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized for the future tax consequences of deductible temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases at the reporting date, using the tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted as on reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- Entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- Deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to the income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

2.13 Financial Assets

(a) Initial recognition and measurement

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value. In case of Financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

(b) Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial assets. The group classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

(i) Debt Instruments

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit & Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

(ia) <u>Debt instruments at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)</u>

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the fair value through other comprehensive income if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, these assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive Income.

(ib) <u>Debt instruments at Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)</u>

Fair value through profit or loss is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorisation as at amortised cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

(ii) <u>Equity Instruments</u>

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the group decides to classify the same either as at FVOCI or FVTPL. The group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

For equity instruments classified as FVOCI, all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI).

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

(c) <u>Derecognition</u>

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the group's Balance Sheet) when:

(i) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

(ii) The group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:

- The group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- The group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

(d) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

The group measures the expected credit loss associated with its assets based on historical trend, industry practices and the Business environment in which the entity operates or any other appropriate basis. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

(e) <u>Income Recognition</u>

Interest Income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

2.14 <u>Financial Liabilities</u>

(a) <u>Initial recognition and measurement</u>

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value net of transaction costs that are attributable to the respective liabilities.

(b) <u>Subsequent measurement</u>

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial liabilities. The measurement of Financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

(i) <u>Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)</u>

A financial liability is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held-for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and changes therein, including any interest expense, are recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss.

(ii) Financial Liabilities measured at amortised cost

After initial recognition, financial liabilities other than those which are classified as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method ("EIR").

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

(c) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

2.15 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.16 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the group uses following hierarchy and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date.

Fair Value Hierarchy

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 : Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 : Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 : Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2.17 Classification of Assets and Liabilities as Current and Non-Current:

All assets and liabilities are classified as current or non-current as per the group's normal operating cycle (determined at 12 months) and other criteria set out in Schedule III of the Act.

2.18.1

A. Revenue from contract with customer

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, because it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price (which is the consideration, adjusted to discounts, incentives and returns, etc., if any) that is allocated to that performance obligation. These are generally accounted for as variable consideration estimated in the same period the related sales occur. The methodology and assumptions used to estimate rebates and returns are monitored and adjusted regularly in the light of contractual and legal obligations, historical trends, past experience and projected market conditions.

Revenue from sale of products and services are recognised at the time of satisfaction of performance obligation. The period over which revenue is recognised is based on entity's right to payment for performance completed. In determining whether an entity has right to payment, the entity shall consider whether it would have an enforceable right to demand or retain payment for performance completed to date if the contract were to be terminated before completion for reasons other than entity's failure to perform as per the terms of the contract.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business and reflects company's unconditional right to consideration (that is, payment is due only on the passage of time). Trade receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price as they do not contain significant financing components.

The company holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance.

2.18.2

(b) <u>Other income</u>

Export Incentives under various schemes are accounted in the year of exports.

Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Dividends are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

2.19 <u>Foreign currency Translations</u>

(a) <u>Functional and presentation currency</u>

The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is group's functional and presentation currency.

(b) <u>Transactions and Balances</u>

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.

(c) <u>Monetary Items</u>

Transactions denominated in foreign currency are normally accounted for at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of transaction.

- Monetary assets (including loans to subsidiaries) and Liabilities in foreign currency transactions remaining unsettled at the end of the year (other than forward contract transactions) are translated at the year-end rates and the corresponding effect is given to the respective account.
- Exchange differences arising on account of fluctuations in the rate of exchange are recognized in the statement of Profit & Loss.
- Exchange rate difference arising on account of conversion/translation of liabilities incurred for acquisition of Fixed Assets is recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

(d) <u>Non - Monetary Items</u>

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction.

2.20 <u>Employee benefits</u>

Employee benefits include provident fund, gratuity fund and compensated absences.

(a) <u>Defined contribution plans</u>

The group's contribution to provident fund are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense as they fall due based on the amount of contribution required to be made.

(b) <u>Defined benefit plans</u>

Defined Benefit Plan i.e. gratuity is recognised on accrual basis based on the actuarial valuation in accordance with the requirement of Ind AS 19.

Payment for present liability of future payment of gratuity is being made to approve gratuity fund, which fully covers the same under Cash Accumulation Policy and Debt fund of the PNB Met Life Insurance group Ltd. However, any deficit in plan assets managed by PNB Met Life Insurance as compared to the liability on the basis of an independent actuarial valuation is recognized as a liability. The liability or asset recognized in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method in conformity with the principles and manner of computation specified in Ind AS 19. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c) <u>Privilege leave entitlements</u>

Privilege leave entitlements are recognized as a liability, in the calendar year of rendering of service, as per the rules of the group. As accumulated leave can be availed and/or encashed at any time during the tenure of employment, subject to terms and conditions of the scheme, the liability is recognized on the basis of an actual working based on balance days of accumulated leave.

2.21 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost directly attributable to development of qualifying assets are capitalized till the date qualifying assets is ready for put to use for its intended purpose as part of cost of that assets .Other borrowing cost are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

2.22 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

2.23 Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to equity shareholders for the period by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The number of shares used in computing diluted earnings per share comprises the weighted average shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share, and also the weighted average number of equity shares which could be issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.24 Impairment of Non-financial assets

The carrying values of assets/cash generating unit at each Balance Sheet date are reviewed for impairment. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated and impairment is recognized, if the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and therein value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor. When there is indication than an impairment loss recognized for an asset in earlier accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except in case of revalued assets.

2.25 Provisions

The group recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated.

If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

2.26 Contingent Liabilities

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of such obligation cannot be measured reliably. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

2.27 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions:

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise Judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The estimates and judgements involves a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed .Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes.

Critical estimates and judgements

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

a. Estimation of current tax expenses and payable

b. Estimated useful life of Intangible assets

c. Estimation of defined benefit obligation

d. Estimation of Provisions and Contingencies

e. Estimation of Incremental Borrowing rate –Leases

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Note 3: Property, Plant and Equipment

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Leasehold Land	Warehouse	Windmill	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and Fixtures	Motor Vehicle	Office Equipment		Right to Use of Assets Leasehold Building	Total
							Computer & Computer Equipment's	Others		
Gross Carrying Amount										
As at March 31, 2025	6.08	5,887.31	198.53	18.41	13.77	910.21	22.92	36.24	410.45	7,503.92
Additions	**-**	**4,712.83**	**-**	**-**	**-**	-	**2.00**	**3.23**	**-**	**4,718.06**
Deduction / Adjustment	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Disposals	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**(0.01)**	**-**	**(0.01)**
As at March 31, 2026	**6.08**	**10,600.14**	**198.53**	**18.41**	**13.77**	**910.21**	**24.92**	**39.46**	**410.45**	**12,221.97**
Accumulated Depreciation										
As at March 31, 2025	5.71	-	145.50	12.72	12.43	233.87	20.06	30.20	171.61	632.10
Depreciation for the year	-	-	6.75	0.64	0.35	209.45	1.65	2.66	48.68	270.18
Deduction / Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.01)	-	(0.01)
As at March 31, 2026	**5.71**	**-**	**152.25**	**13.36**	**12.78**	**443.32**	**21.71**	**32.85**	**220.29**	**902.27**
Net Book Value:										
As at March 31, 2026	**0.37**	**10,600.14**	**46.28**	**5.05**	**0.99**	**466.89**	**3.21**	**6.61**	**190.16**	**11,319.70**
As at March 31, 2025	0.37	5,887.31	53.03	5.69	1.34	676.34	2.86	6.04	238.84	6,871.82

Note:

(i) For information of pledges and securities to lenders on Property, Plant and Equipment Refer Note 18.

(ii) For Property, Plant and Equipment existing as on the date of transition to the Ind AS, the company has used Indian GAAP carrying value as the deemed cost.

(iii) All Property ,Plant and equipment are held in the name of the Company.

Note 4 : Loans Advances & Deposits

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	
	Current	Non - Current
Unsecured, considered Good		
Security deposits - to related parties [Refer Note (i)]	**-**	**60.93**
Security deposits - to others [Refer Note (i)]	**26.31**	**5.21**
Loans and Advances to Employees	**154.74**	**13.38**
Less: Provision for doubtful Loans	**-**	**(13.38)**
	181.05	**66.14**
Unsecured, considered Doubtful		
Deposits with Others	**-**	**13.94**
Loans and Advances to Others	**-**	**-**
Less: Provision for doubtful deposits	**-**	**(13.94)**
	-	**-**
Total Loans Advances & Deposits	**181.05**	**66.14**

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	
	Current	Non - Current
Unsecured, considered Good		
Security deposits - to related parties [Refer Note (i)]	-	55.16
Security deposits - to others [Refer Note (i)]	209.45	5.21
Loans and Advances to Employees	149.99	40.85
Less: Provision for doubtful Loans	-	(40.85)
	359.44	60.37
Unsecured, considered Doubtful		
Deposits with Others	-	13.94
Loans and Advances to Others	-	-
Less: Provision for doubtful deposits	-	(13.94)
	-	-
Total Loans Advances & Deposits	359.44	60.37

(i) Sub Classification of Loans & Advances

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	
	Current	Non - Current
Loans Receivables considered good - Secured	-	-
Loans Receivables considered good - Unsecured	181.05	66.14
Loans Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk; and	-	-
Loans Receivables - credit impaired	-	13.94
Total	181.05	80.08
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Loans	-	(13.94)
Total Loans & Advances	181.05	66.14

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	
	Current	Non - Current
Loans Receivables considered good - Secured		-
Loans Receivables considered good - Unsecured	359.44	60.37
Loans Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk; and	-	-
Loans Receivables - credit impaired	-	13.94
Total	359.44	74.31
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Loans	-	(13.94)
Total Loans & Advances	359.44	60.37

Refer Note no:-43 for information about credit risk and market risk factors

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Note - 5 : Other Non Current Assets

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Fair Value of Plan Assets - Gratuity	**3.96**	4.25
Income accrued But not Due	**59.26**	24.19
Unsecured considered doubtful		
Advance receivable in kind or for value to be received	**98.19**	98.19
Less: Provision for doubtful balances	**(98.19)**	(98.19)
Total Other Non Current Assets	**63.22**	28.44

Note 6 : Inventories

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Stock in Trade	**15,995.75**	14,497.11
Total Inventories	**15,995.75**	14,497.11

- For details of inventories given as security to lenders refer Note 18

Note 7 : Trade receivables

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Trade Receivables considered good – Unsecured	**44,808.40**	41,998.09
Trade Receivables having significant increase in Credit Risk; and	**31.76**	14.32
Trade Receivables - credit impaired	**-**	-
Total	**44,840.16**	42,012.41
Less : Allowance for expected credit loss	**(31.76)**	(14.32)
Total Trade Receivables	**44,808.40**	41,998.09
Current Portion	**44,808.40**	41,998.09
Non - Current Portion	**-**	-

(i) Trade receivables are non interest bearing in nature. The company maintains the policy of dispatches against payments except in case of merchant trade transactions, wherein the terms of payment is six months.

(ii) The above Trade Receivables are hypothecated to banks against Cash Credit and Packing Credit facilities.(Refer note no. 18)

(iii) Refer Note no 31 for ageing & 43 for information about credit risk and market risk factors.

Note 9 : Other Bank Balances

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
In Unclaimed Dividend Accounts	**5.46**	6.40
Balance with banks held as margin money deposits against guarantee	**6.71**	24.46
Total Other Bank Balances	**12.17**	30.86

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Note - 10 : Investment Others

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Investment (At Fair value through profit and loss)		
Unquoted		
- Investment in Mutual Funds	**10,839.30**	41.34
Unquoted Investment	**10,839.30**	41.34
Total Investments - Others		
Aggregate amount of quoted investment at market value	**-**	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	**10,839.30**	41.34
Aggregate amount of Impairment in value of Investments	**-**	-
Aggregate amount of market Value	**10,839.30**	41.34

Note 11 : Other Financial Assets

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Claims Receivable	**188.27**	188.27
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Receivables	**(188.27)**	(188.27)
Total Other Financial Assets	**-**	-

Note 12: Other Current Assets

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unsecured, considered good		
(a) Advance recoverable in cash or kind	**5,137.62**	22,640.10
(b) Prepaid expenses	**60.19**	58.78
(c) Advance to Employees	**1.90**	0.47
(d) Security Deposit to Others	**9.90**	8.40
(e) Balances with government authorities -		
- Export Incentives Receivable	**31.25**	38.63
- Sales tax Deposit	**72.74**	37.22
- GST Authorities	**1,332.92**	1,870.81
Total Other Current Assets	**6,646.52**	24,654.41

Note 13 : Current Tax Asset (Net)

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provision For Taxation (Net of Advances)	**226.71**	218.04
Total Current Tax Assets	**226.71**	218.04

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Note - 14 : Equity Share Capital & Other Equity

Note 14(a) : Equity Share Capital

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Authorised		
2,75,00,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 1 each 2,75,00,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 1 each)	**27,500.00**	27,500.00
	27,500.00	27,500.00

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid Up		
1,56,77,18,640 equity shares of ₹ 1 each (1,56,77,18,640 equity shares of ₹ 1 each)	**15,677.19**	15,677.19
	15,677.19	15,677.19

b). Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period :

Particulars	Equity Shares	
	As at March 31, 2026	
	Numbers	₹ in lakhs
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	**1,56,77,18,640**	**15,677.19**
Shares Issued during the year	**-**	**-**
Shares bought back during the year	**-**	**-**
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	**1,56,77,18,640**	**15,677.19**

Particulars	Equity Shares	
	As at March 31, 2025	
	Numbers	₹ in lakhs
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	23,45,59,430	2,345.59
Shares Issued during the year	1,33,31,59,210	13,331.59
Shares bought back during the year	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	1,56,77,18,640	15,677.19

c) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

(i) The Company has one class of equity shares having par value of ₹1 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting except in case of Interim Dividend.

(ii) In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

d). Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:

Name of the Shareholder	Equity Shares	
	As at March 31, 2026	
	Number	% Holding
Mrs. Kusum Chander Mohan Malhotra	**23,21,55,950**	**14.81%**
Mr. Saurabh Malhotra	**16,24,23,385**	**10.36%**
M/s Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Pvt Ltd	**24,43,62,250**	**15.59%**

Name of the Shareholder	Equity Shares	
	As at March 31, 2025	
	Number	% Holding
Mrs. Kusum Chander Mohan Malhotra	23,21,55,950	14.81%
Mr. Saurabh Malhotra	16,24,23,385	10.36%
M/s Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Pvt Ltd	24,43,62,250	15.59%

(e) As per records of the company, including register of shareholders and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

f) Shareholding of Promoters :

Name of the Promoter	No of Shares held at the Beginning	% of shares held at the Beginning
Saurabh Malhotra	16,24,25,385	10.36%
Kusum Chandermohan Malhotra	23,21,55,950	14.81%
Shipra Malhotra	25,000	0.00%
Vanitha Malhotra	5,17,50,000	3.30%
Tanya Somaiya	26,600	0.00%
Sakuma Finvest Pvt Ltd	3,49,36,000	2.23%
Sakuma Infrastructure And Realty Private Limited	24,43,62,250	15.59%
Total Shareholding	72,56,81,185	46.29%

Name of the Promoter	No of Shares held at the End	% of shares held at the End
Saurabh Malhotra	**16,24,25,385**	**10.36**
Kusum Chandermohan Malhotra	**23,21,55,950**	**14.81**
Shipra Malhotra	**25,000**	**0.00**
Vanitha Malhotra	**5,17,50,000**	**3.30**
Tanya Mediratta	**26,600**	**0.00**
Sakuma Finvest Pvt Ltd	**3,49,36,000**	**2.23**
Sakuma Infrastructure And Realty Private Limited	**24,43,62,250**	**15.59**
Total Shareholding	**72,56,81,185**	**46.29**

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Name of the Promoter	No Shares Transferred/ Gifted/Issued/ if any	% of change in the shareholding, if any
Equity :	-	-
Saurabh Malhotra	-	-
Kusum Chandermohan Malhotra	-	-
Shipra Malhotra	-	-
Vanitha Malhotra	-	-
Tanya Mediratta	-	-
Sakuma Finvest Pvt Ltd	-	-
Sakuma Infrastructure And Realty Private Limited	-	-
Total	-	-

Note 15:-Other Equity

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(a) Capital Redemption Reserve [Refer note (i)]	**-**	-
(b) Securities Premium [Refer note (ii)]	**16,196.95**	16,196.95
(c) Cash Flow Hedging Reserve [Refer note (iii)]	**-**	(7.44)
(d) Retained Earnings [Refer note (iv)]	**36,336.45**	35,355.52
(e) Foreign Translation Reserve [Refer note (v)]	**6,675.28**	3,476.78
Total Other Equity	**59,208.68**	55,021.81

(i) Capital Redemption Reserve

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**-**	1,000.09
Add: Transfer From General Reserve	**-**	-
Less: Utilised for issue of bonus shares	**-**	(1,000.09)
Closing Balance	**-**	-

(ii) Securities Premium

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**16,196.95**	8545.43
Add: Received on issue of shares	**-**	19,193.18
Less: Utilised for Issue of Bonus Shares	**-**	(11,541.66)
Closing Balance	**16,196.95**	16,196.95

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

(iii) Cash Flow Hedging Reserve

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**(7.44)**	16.68
Add / (Less): Net Effect of foreign exchange rate variations on hedging instruments outstanding at the end of the year	**7.44**	(24.12)
Closing Balance	**-**	(7.44)

(iv) Retained Earnings

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**35,355.52**	34,026.67
Add : Total Comprehensive Income for the year after tax	**980.93**	1,485.62
Less : Dividend distributed to equity shareholders (₹0.05 per share)	**-**	(156.77)
Less: Deferred Tax Liability on Net worth	**-**	-
Closing Balance	**36,336.45**	35,355.52

(v) Foreign Translation Reserve

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**3,476.78**	2,342.75
Add / (Less): Net Effect of foreign exchange rate variations	**4,154.66**	1,632.78
Less: Transfer to other comprehensive income	**(5,040.52)**	(2,986.63)
Less: Deferred Tax Liability on Equity	**4,410.43**	(125.42)
Add: Transfer from Other Comprehensive Income	**(326.07)**	2,613.30
Closing Balance	**6,675.28**	3,476.78

(iv) Cash Dividends paid on equity shares declared and paid

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Final dividend for the year ended March 31, 2025 of ₹ 0.05 per share (March 31, 2024 of ₹ 0.05 per share)	**-**	(156.77)
Closing Balance	-	(156.77)

(v) Proposed dividend on Equity Shares

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Final Cash dividend for the year ended on March 31, 2025: ₹ 0.05 per share (March 31, 2024: ₹ 0.05 per share)	**-**	-
Closing Balance	**-**	-

(vi) The Board of the Directors has not proposed any dividend for the year ended 31st March 2026 and 31st March 2025.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Note 16 : Lease Liabilities

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Lease Liabilities	**108.44**	153.49
Total Lease Liabilities	**108.44**	153.49

Note 17: Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	
	Current	Non - Current
Provision for Bonus	**8.66**	**-**
Provision for Gratuity	**3.88**	**106.92**
Total Provisions	**12.54**	**106.92**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	
	Current	Non - Current
Provision For Bonus	7.64	-
Provision For Gratuity	19.79	107.95
Total Long term Provisions	27.43	107.95

* Also refer Note No 37 of Employee Benefits

Note 18 : Current Borrowings

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Secured		
From banks		
Cash Credit : BOM	**-**	639.36
Cash Credit : IndusInd Bank	**-**	1,328.26
Cash Credit -Deutsche Bank	**-**	1,009.33
Cash Credit -SVC Bank	**490.04**	2,456.66
- PCFC -INDUSIND BANK	**-**	2,146.69
- PCFC -Deutsche Bank	**-**	984.19
- OD from ICICI Bank	**236.52**	1,473.40
- OD from SBI	**-**	308.99
Total Current Borrowings	**726.56**	10,346.88

Nature of Security

i) The Company has entered into the banking arrangement for credit facilities with multiple banks, i.e. Bank of Maharashtra, IndusInd Bank, SVC Co-operative Bank Limited, Deustsche Bank and ICICI Bank.

a) **Bank of Maharashtra:** The credit facilities comprises of Cash Credit and Packing credit which is secured against Hypothecation of Inventory, Book debts and Current Assets of the company along with the collateral security against Fixed Assets (other than vehicles and Leasehold Land).

Credit Facilities for Bank of Maharashtra is repayable on demand and carries interest of 13.05% p.a. i.e. one year (RLLR) of the bank + 3.25% + BSS 0.5%.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

b) **IndusInd Bank:** The credit facilities comprises of Cash Credit and Packing credit which is secured against Hypothecation of Inventory, Books debts and Current Assets of the company in paripassu with other banks along with the collateral security against .Credit Facilities from IndusInd Bank is repayable on demand and carries interest of 10.95 p.a. i.e. one year Maximum Cost of Lending Rate (MCLR) of the bank i.e. 10.15%+ 0.80% .PCFC

c) **SVC Cooperative Bank Ltd:** The credit facilities comprises of Cash Credit and Packing credit which is secured against Hypothecation of Inventory, Books debts and Current Assets of the company in paripassu with other banks along with the collateral security against Fixed Assets (other than vehicles and Leasehold Land) .Credit Facilities from SVC Cooperative Bank Ltd is repayable on demand and carries interest of 12.15 p.a. i.e. (PLR-8.55%) of the bank i.e. PLR 10.50(PLR-10.20%).

d) **Deutsche Bank**:- The credit facilities comprises of Cash Credit and Packing credit which is secured against Hypothecation of Inventory, Books debts and Current Assets of the company in paripassu with other banks along with the collateral security against Fixed Assets (other than vehicles and Leasehold Land) .Credit Facilities from Deutsche Bank is repayable on demand and carries interest of MBOR +3.50% per annum.PCFC Credit facility is repay on demand and carries interest rate of RFR plus 2% on Foreign currency loans

e) **ICICI Bank Ltd**: The credit facilities comprises of Overdraft facility against Fixed Deposit. Credit Facilities from ICICI Bank Ltd is repayable on demand and carries interest of 9.25% p.a..

f) **State Bank of India:** The credit facilities comprises of Overdraft facility against Fixed Deposit. Credit Facilities from State Bank of India is repayable on demand and carries interest of 7.8% p.a.

Note 19 : Lease Liabilities

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
	Current	Current
Lease Liabilities	45.05	49.76
Total Lease Liabilities	45.05	49.76

Note 20: Trade payables

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Current		
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	28.24
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	
- From Others	12,521.12	5,878.17
Total Trade Payables	12,521.12	5,906.41

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

(i) The above information has been provided as available with the company to the extent such parties could be identified on the basis of the information available with the Company regarding the status of the suppliers under the MSMED Act.

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	-	28.24
Interest due on the above amount	-	-
Amount of interest paid in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006	-	-
Amounts of payment made to the suppliers beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment but without adding the interest specified under this Act	-	-
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	-
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise	-	-

* Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company. There are no overdue principal amounts / interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the year or for any earlier years and accordingly there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payment made during the year or on balance brought forward from previous year.

(ii) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and normally settled within 120 days.

(iii) Refer Note 32 for ageing analysis of creditors.

Note 21 : Other Financial liabilities

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2026
	Current	Non - Current
Unclaimed dividends	6.27	-
Other Provisions	29.80	-
Total Other Financial Liabilities	36.07	-

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2025
	Current	Non - Current
Unclaimed dividends	7.23	-
Other Provisions	20.29	-
Total Other Financial Liabilities	27.52	-

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Note 22 : Other Current Liabilities

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Advance From Customers - From Others	**4,780.07**	3,523.21
Statutory Dues to Government	**44.46**	55.59
Fair Value of Forward Contract	**-**	9.92
Salary Payable	**2.17**	-
Total Other Current Liabilities	**4,826.70**	3,588.72

Note 23 : Revenue From Operations

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Sale of Traded Goods	**1,70,800.24**	2,28,896.68
Other Operating Revenue	**28.00**	58.78
Total Revenue from Continuing Operations	**1,70,828.24**	2,28,955.46

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Sugar	**1,44,475.53**	2,03,196.43
Other commodities	**26,352.70**	25,759.03
Total Revenue from Continuing Operations	**1,70,828.24**	2,28,955.46

A. Disaggregation Revenue Information

i. Revenue based on Geography

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Revenue from Operations within the Country	**1,17,296.99**	1,61,103.32
Revenue from Operations outside the Country	**53,531.25**	67,852.14
Total	**1,70,828.24**	2,28,955.46

ii. Timing of Revenue Recognition

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Goods Transferred at a point in time	**1,70,828.24**	2,28,955.46
Services transferred over time		-
Total	**1,70,828.24**	2,28,955.46

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

B. Segment Reconciliation

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Sale of Agro Products	**1,66,828.94**	2,19,511.08
Sale Others	**3,999.30**	9,444.38
Total	**1,70,828.24**	2,28,955.46

C. Contract Balances

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Trade Receivables	**44,808.40**	41,998.09
Advance From Customers - From Related Party & Others	**4,780.07**	3,523.21

D. Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted prices

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Revenue as per Contracted Prices	**1,73,449.24**	2,33,175.37
Less : Sales Returns, Discounts, Rebate etc.	**(2,621.00)**	(4,219.91)
Total Revenue from Continuing Operations	**1,70,828.24**	2,28,955.46

Note 24: Other Income and Other Gains

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Interest Income	**184.46**	165.93
Net gain on sale of Investments:	**396.56**	473.83
Profit on sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	**0.03**	0.10
Mark to Market gain on forward gain	**291.97**	556.35
Other non-operating income (net of expenses directly attributable to such income)	**44.01**	50.27
Total Other Income	**917.03**	1,246.48

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Note 25: Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock - in -Trade

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Opening Balances		
Finished Goods	**14,497.11**	11,936.46
Total Opening Balances	**14,497.11**	11,936.46
Closing Balances		
Finished Goods	**15,995.75**	14,497.11
Total Closing Balances	**15,995.75**	14,497.11
Total Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock-in -Trade and work-in-progress	**(1,498.64)**	(2,560.65)

Note 26 : Employee benefits expenses

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Salaries, Wages, Bonus Etc.	**544.98**	580.15
Contribution To Provident Fund & Other Funds	**15.50**	16.85
Gratuity Expenses (Also Refer Note No 37 of Employee Benefits)	**23.62**	22.66
Staff Welfare Expenses	**15.89**	20.09
Directors Remuneration	**181.81**	114.90
Total Employee Benefits Expenses	**781.79**	754.65

Note 27 : Finance costs

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Interest		
Interest Expenses on Borrowings	**117.34**	227.20
Other Finance Cost	**51.32**	129.62
Finance Cost expensed in Profit or Loss	**168.66**	356.82

Note 28 : Depreciation and amortisation expenses

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment	**221.49**	165.87
Amortization of Intangible Assets	**48.68**	52.58
Total Depreciation and amortisation expenses	**270.17**	218.45

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Note 29 : Other expenses

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Power and fuel	**3.67**	4.82
Rent including lease rentals	**5.80**	144.15
Repairs and maintenance - Buildings	**1.23**	0.66
Repairs and maintenance - Machinery	**-**	0.96
Repairs and maintenance - Others	**0.03**	0.17
Insurance	**45.88**	44.84
Rates and taxes	**-**	0.00
Communication	**8.69**	11.91
Travelling and conveyance	**48.61**	63.77
Freight and forwarding	**1,018.22**	2376.96
Business promotion	**3.84**	12.77
Legal and professional	**119.14**	264.13
Payments to auditors	**23.28**	29.80
Terminal and Handling Charges	**113.77**	126.48
Other Clearing Charges	**62.58**	34.55
Transport Charges	**4,651.70**	6643.69
Warehouse Charges	**402.67**	84.95
Demurrage & Detention Charges	**163.53**	0.00
Brokerage on trading in Commodities & Securities Exchange	**68.97**	50.92
Lodging & Boarding	**29.56**	23.38
Corporate Social Responsibilities Expenses	**49.31**	61.05
Directors Sitting Fees	**8.74**	14.20
Mark-to-market gain on forward contracts	**-**	212.42
Miscellaneous Expenses	**225.61**	328.63
Total Other expenses	**7,054.84**	10,535.21

Note 30 : Tax Expenses

(a) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Current tax expense (A)		
Current year	**306.89**	538.23
Short / (Excess) Provision of Taxation of Earlier Years	**-**	21.13
Deferred tax expense (B)		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	**(58.92)**	24.25
Tax expense recognised in the income statement (A+B)	**247.97**	583.61

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

(b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Items that will not be reclassified to profit & loss		
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	**39.56**	8.26
Less: Income Tax on Above	**9.96**	2.08
	29.60	6.18

(c) Reconciliation of effective tax balances

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2026	For the year ended 31st March 2025
Profit before tax	**1,199.30**	2,063.05
Tax using the domestic tax rate (Current year 25.168% and Previous Year 25.168%)	**301.84**	519.23
Tax effect of :		
Tax effect of non deductible expenses / allowable on payment basis	**17.31**	106.14
Income Tax Incentives	**-**	-
Deductions under various sections of Income Tax Act	**(29.98)**	(11.05)
Effect of Taxation of Capital Gains		-
Others	**(41.20)**	(30.71)
Tax expenses as per Statement of Profit & Loss	**247.97**	583.61
Effective tax rate	**20.68%**	28.29%

(d) Movement in deferred tax balances

Particulars	As at April 1, 2025 Deferred Tax Asset / (Liabilities)	Credit / (Charge) in Statement of profit or loss	Credit / (Charge) in OCI	As at March 31, 2026 Deferred Tax Asset / (Liabilities)
Deferred tax Asset/(Liabilities)				
Property, Plant & Equipment	**(21.49)**	**56.73**	**-**	**35.24**
Amortisation of leased asset	**(2.62)**	**(0.98)**	**-**	**(3.60)**
Restatement of Hedge Items	**2.50**	**-**	**(2.50)**	**0.00**
Premeasurements of defined benefit plans	**32.15**	**(4.26)**	**-**	**27.89**
Provision for Doubtful Debts and Advances	**90.71**	**(2.53)**	**-**	**88.18**
DTL on FCTR	**(498.78)**	**-**	**(457.36)**	**(956.14)**
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) - Net	**(397.53)**	**48.96**	**(459.86)**	**(808.43)**

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

(d) Movement in deferred tax balances

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at April 1, 2024 Deferred Tax Asset / (Liabilities)	Credit / (Charge) in Statement of profit or loss	Credit / (Charge) in OCI	As at March 31, 2025 Deferred Tax Asset / (Liabilities)
Deferred tax Asset/(Liabilities)				
Property, Plant & Equipment	2.94	(24.43)	-	(21.49)
Amortisation of leased asset	(2.53)	(0.09)	-	(2.62)
Restatement of Hedge Items	-	-	2.50	2.50
Premeasurements of defined benefit plans	28.46	3.69	-	32.15
Provision for Doubtful Debts and Advances	90.61	0.10	-	90.71
DTL on FCTR	(510.23)	-	11.45	(498.78)
DTL on Fair Value of Investment	(2,978.50)	-	2,978.50	-
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) - Net	(3,369.25)	(20.73)	2,992.45	(397.53)

i) The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

i) The Company has opted for reduced tax rate as per Section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 (introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amended) Ordinance, 2019) for the current financial year. Accordingly the Group has recognised Provision for Income Tax for the year and re-measured its Deferred tax Liability basis at the rate prescribed in the said section.

Note 31 Ageing for Trade Receivables

a Trade Receivable ageing schedule as at March 31, 2026

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Unbilled receivables	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables								
(i) Considered good	-	-	**43,870.71**	**915.03**	**22.67**	-	-	**44,808.40**
(ii) which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables								
(i) Considered good	-	-		-	-		-	-
(ii) which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	**43,870.71**	**915.03**	**22.67**	-	-	**44,808.40**

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

b Trade Receivable ageing schedule as at March 31, 2025

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Unbilled receivables	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables								
(i) Considered good	-	-	41,436.73	435.64	125.72	-	-	41,998.09
(ii) which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables								
(i) Considered good	-	-	-			-	-	-
(ii) which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**-**	**-**	41,436.73	435.64	125.72	-	-	41,998.09

Note 32 Ageing for Trade Payables

a Trade Payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2026

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	**Unbilled payables**	**Not Due**	**Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment**					**Total**
			Less than 6 Months	**6 Months - 1 Year**	**1 - 2 Years**	**2 - 3 Years**	**More than 3 Years**	
a) MSME	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
b) Others	**-**	**-**	**12,465.02**	**0.91**	**-**	**55.19**	**-**	**12,521.12**
c) Disputed dues - MSME	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	-	**-**	**-**
d) Disputed dues - Others	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Total	**-**	**-**	**12,465.02**	**0.91**	**-**	**55.19**	**-**	**12,521.12**

b Trade Payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2025

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Unbilled payables	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
a) MSME		-	28.24	-	-	-	-	28.24
b) Others	12.60	-	5,810.38	-	-	55.19	-	5,878.17
c) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
d) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	12.60	-	5,838.62	-	-	55.19	-	5,906.41

Note No. 33: Operating Leases

i) The Company's lease asset primarily consist of leases for land and buildings for offices. Effective April 1, 2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" and applied the standard to all lease contracts existing on April 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective method. Consequently, the Company recorded the lease liability at the present value of the remaining lease payments discounted at the incremental borrowing rate as on the date of transition and has measured right of use asset at an amount equal to lease liability adjusted for any related prepaid and accrued lease payments previously recognised.

(ii) The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application:

(a) Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

(b) Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application.

(c) Excluded the initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application.

(d) Applied the practical expedient by not reassessing whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at the date of initial application. Instead applied the standards only to contracts that were previously identified as leases under Ind AS 17.

(e) Used hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contained options to extend or terminate the lease

(iii) Following is carrying value of right of use assets recognised on date of transition and the movements thereof during the year ended March 31, 2026

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**238.83**	48.48
Total Right of Use on the date of transition	**238.83**	48.48
Additions during the year	**-**	242.93
Deletion during the year	**-**	-
Depreciation of Right of use assets (refer note 31)	**(48.68)**	(52.58)
Closing Balance	**190.15**	238.83

(iv) The following is the carrying value of lease liability on the date of transition and movement thereof during the year ended March 31, 2026:

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	**203.25**	36.91
Additions during the year	**-**	207.63
Finance cost accrued during the year	**13.24**	21.71
Deletions	**-**	-
Payment of Lease Liabilities	**(63.00)**	(63.00)
Closing Balance	**153.49**	203.25

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
With respect to non - cancellable operating lease, the future minimum lease payment as at Balance Sheet date is as under:		
For a period not later than one year	**63.00**	63.00
For a period later than one year and not later than five years	**189.00**	252.00
For a period later than five years	**-**	-
Total	**252.00**	315.00

(v) The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed in Note 40

(vi) Rental expense recorded for short-term leases was ₹ 5.80 lakhs for the year ended March 31,2026

(vii) The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Note 34 : Earnings per equity share:

(in ₹)

Particular	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Earnings Per share has been computed as under :		
Net Profit after tax attributable to the Equity Shareholders (₹ in Lakhs)	**980.93**	1,485.62
Total Average No of shares Outstanding during the year	**15,677.19**	15,677.19
Weighted Average No of shares Outstanding during the year	**15,677.19**	15,677.19
Earnings per Share -Basic & Diluted (Face Value of ₹ 1/- per Share)	**0.06**	0.09

Note 35 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(i) Contingent liabilities		
Direct and indirect taxation matters #		
TDS Default	**0.35**	0.50
Income tax	**1,140.27**	1,140.27
Sales tax	**859.52**	859.52
Others	**89.19**	-
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts	**2,623.68**	2,314.55

Net of Payments made

Note 36 Segment Reporting

The company and its Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) reviews agro business as the only segment and takes decision based on the demand and supply in agro business. Thus, as per Ind AS 108, the business activities falls within a single primary segment i.e. trading in Agri Products and accordingly segment reporting is not applicable.

Note 37 Post-retirements benefit plan

(i) **Defined contribution plans**

The group has recognised and included in Note 26 “Contribution to Provident and other funds” expenses towards the defined contribution plan as under:

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2026	Year Ended March 31, 2025
Contribution to Provident fund (Government)	**15.50**	16.85

(ii) **Defined benefit plans**

The group offers the following employee benefit schemes to its employees:

Gratuity

The group has a defined benefit gratuity plan which is funded with an Insurance group in the form of qualifying Insurance policy. The group’s defined benefit gratuity plan is a salary plan for employees which requires contributions to be made to a separate administrative fund.

The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the act, every employee who has completed five years of service gets a gratuity on separation @ 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service rounded to nearest integer. The scheme is funded with an insurance group in the form of qualifying insurance policy.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

The Management have appointed PNB MetLife to manage its funds. The management aim to keep annual contributions relatively stable at a level such that no plan deficits (based on valuation performed) will arise.

In case of death, while in service, the gratuity is payable irrespective of vesting. The group makes annual contribution to the group gratuity scheme administered by PNB MetLife through its gratuity funds.

The disclosure in respect of the defined Gratuity plan are given below:

₹ in lakhs

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(a)	**Net Assets / (Liability) of Defined Benefit Plans -**		
	Present Value of Funded obligation	**110.80**	127.73
	Fair value of plan assets	**3.96**	4.25
	Net Asset / (Liability) recognised	**(106.84)**	(123.48)
(b)	Change in present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows -		
	Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	**127.73**	113.06
	Service cost for the year	**14.26**	14.81
	Past service cost		
	Interest cost for the year	**8.93**	8.13
	Benefits paid	**(0.31)**	(0.57)
	Actuarial losses (gains)	**(39.81)**	(7.70)
	Closing defined benefit obligation	**110.80**	127.73
(c)	Changes in Fair value of Plan Assets during the year -		
	Opening fair value of plan assets	**4.25**	3.97
	Expected return	**0.28**	0.28
	Benefits paid	**(0.31)**	(0.57)
	Actuarial gains and (losses)	**(0.26)**	0.57
	Closing balance of fund	**3.96**	4.25
(d)	Expenses recognised during the period -		
	In Income Statement	**22.91**	22.66
	In Other Comprehensive Income	**(39.56)**	(8.26)
	Total Expenses recognised during the period	**(16.64)**	14.40
(e)	Amount recognised as expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
	Current Service Cost	**14.26**	14.81
	Net Interest on net Defined Liability/(Asset)	**8.65**	7.85
	Total	**22.91**	22.66
(f)	Amount recognised as other comprehensive income the Statement of Profit and Loss		
	Actuarial gains and (losses)	**39.56**	8.26
	Return on plan assets, excluding amount included in 'Net Interest on net Deferred Liability/(Asset)' above	**9.96**	2.08
	Total	**49.52**	10.34
(g)	Actual return on plan assets -		
	Expected return on plan assets	**0.28**	0.28
	Actuarial gain / (loss) on plan assets	**(0.26)**	0.57
	Actual return on plan assets	**0.02**	0.85

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

(h) The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity and leave encashment for the group's plan are shown below:

Description of Risk Exposures -

Valuations are performed on certain basic set of predetermined assumptions and other regulatory frame work which may vary overtime. Thus, the group is exposed to various risks in providing the above gratuity benefit which are as follows:

Interest Rate risk

The plan exposes the group to the risk of all in interest rates. A fall in interest rates will result in an increase in the ultimate cost of providing the above benefit and will thus result in an increase in the value of the liability (as shown in financial statements).

Salary Escalation Risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.

Regulatory Risk

Gratuity benefit is paid in accordance with the requirements of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 (as amended from time to time). There is a risk of change in regulations requiring higher gratuity payouts (e.g. Increase in the maximum limit on gratuity of ` 20 lakhs).

Investment Risk

The probability or likelihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Discount Rates (per annum)	**0.07**	0.07
Expected return on plan assets	**0.07**	0.07
Salary growth rate (per annum)	**0.07**	0.07
Attrition Rate	**5% to 1%**	5% to 1%
Mortality	**Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-2014) Ult.**	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-2014) Ult.

The estimates of future salary increase, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

(i) Sensitivity Analysis of Defined Benefit Obligation with reference to Key Assumptions

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Discount Rate		
One percent increase	**99.41**	115.64
One percent decrease	**121.08**	141.87
Salary Escalation Rate		
One percent increase	**121.01**	141.70
One percent decrease	**99.28**	115.56
Withdrawal Rate		
One percent increase	**111.02**	127.51
One percent decrease	**110.57**	127.99

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

The group has purchased an insurance policy to provide for payment of gratuity to the employees. Every year, the insurance group carries out a fund valuation based on the latest employee data provided by the group. Any deficit in the assets arising as a result of such valuation is funded by the group.

The following payments are expected contributions to the defined benefit plan in future years:

Expected(Undiscounted) Benefit Payments in Future Years

(Projections are for current members and their currently accumulated benefits)

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Year 1	**3.88**	19.79
Year 2	**3.80**	3.61
Year 3	**3.67**	3.49
Year 4	**3.54**	3.37
Year 5	**3.59**	3.25
Year 6 to 10	**74.46**	27.92
Total	**92.93**	61.43

Note 38 Related party Disclosures

The related parties as per the terms of Ind AS - 24, "Related Party Disclosures". Specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015) are disclosed below -

Names of Related parties and description of the relationship

(i) Related Parties where Control exists

Description of relationship	Names of related parties	
Subsidiaries	Sakuma Exim DMCC (UAE)	(Wholly Owned Subsidiary)
	Sakuma Exports Pte Ltd (Singapore)	(Wholly Owned Subsidiary)
	Sakuma Impex Ltd (London)	(Wholly Owned Subsidiary)
Step-Down Subsidiaries	Sakuma Exports (Ghana) Limited(Subsidiary of Sakuma Exports Pte Ltd)	
	Sakuma Exports (Tanzania) Private Limited (Subsidiary of Sakuma Exports Pte Ltd)	
	G.K Exim FZE (Subsidiary of Sakuma Exim DMCC)	
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Mr. Saurabh Malhotra	(Chairman & Managing Director)
	Ms. Shipra Malhotra	(Non-Executive Director)
	Mr. Vivek Grover	(Non-Executive Director)
	Mr. Amit Amist Shanker	(Non-Executive Director)
	Mr. Rahul Dixit	(Non-Executive Director)
	Mr. Guniteshvir Simgh Sohal	(Non-Executive Director)
	Mr. Devesh Mishra	(CFO)
	Ms. Khyati Jobanputra	(Company Secretary) (upto 14.11.2024)
	Ms. Surbhi Nahta	(Company Secretary) (w.ef 29.03.2024 upto 22.07.2025)
	Ms. Pooja Malhotra	(Company Secretary) (w.ef 22.07.2025)

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Relatives of KMP	Mrs. Kusum Malhotra Mrs. Vanita Malhotra
Companies in which Directors, KMP or their relatives are interested	Sakuma Finvest Private Limited GMK System and Logistics Private Limited Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited C K K Retail Mart Limited (Formerly Known As C K K Exports Private Limited) Marwar Consultancy Private Limited Sukriti Trading Limited(Erstwhile Sukriti Trading LLP) LT Sagar Coastal Transport Private Limited MS Port Terminal Private Limited Kuma Infra and Realty Private Limited Samavama Infra and Realty Private Limited Mkg Infra And Realty Private Limited Sakuma Warehousing And Packaging Private Limited Prosperty Infra And Realty Private Limited GKSM Infra And Realty Private Limited KMSM Infra And Realty Private Limited Prosperty Real Estate Solutions Private Limited Youthsy Foundation RPSU Infra & Realty Pvt Ltd (upto 01.07.2024) KKSM Infra and Realty Private Limited SMVM Infra and Realty Private Limited Propkee Private Limited (erstwhile Kukk Infra And Realty Private Limited) Fourleaf Agro Private Limited KK and VM Infra and Realty LLP SMKK Infra and Realty LLP KU and SM Infra and Realty LLP

ii) Related Parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year

Subsidiaries	Sakuma Exim DMCC (UAE) Sakuma Exports Pte Ltd (Singapore) Sakuma Impex Ltd (London)
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Mr. Saurabh Malhotra (Chairman & Managing Director) Mr. Radhe Shyam (Non-Executive Director) (Upto 31.03.2024) Mr. O P Singal (Non-Executive Director) (Upto 31.03.2024) Ms. Shipra Malhotra (Non-Executive Director) Mr. Vivek Grover (Non-Executive Director) Mr. Amit Amist Shanker (Non-Executive Director) Mr. Devesh Mishra (CFO) Ms. Khyati Jobanputra (Company Secretary)
Relatives of KMP	Mrs. Kusum Malhotra
Companies in which Directors, KMP or their relatives are interested	Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited C K K Retail Mart Limited (Formerly Known As C K K Exports Private Limited) MS Port Terminal Private Limited

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

(iii) Details of related party transactions during the year ended March 31, 2026

₹ in lakhs

Relationship	Transactions	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Sakuma Exim DMCC	Advance received	**-**	-
Sakuma Impex Ltd	Advance received	**-**	441.85
Sakuma Exports Pte Ltd	Advance received	**-**	-
Sakuma Impex Ltd	Investment in Subsidiary	**-**	8,942.07
CKK Retail Mart Limited	Reimbursement of Expenses	**-**	16.17
Key Management Personnel (Independent Director's)	Director's Sitting Fees	**10.00**	14.20
Key Management Personnel	Director's Remuneration	**-**	75.00
Key Management Personnel	Salaries, Bonus, Other Benefits including Contn P.F, Family Pension etc	**30.89**	36.93
Mrs. Kusum Malhotra	Rent paid	**10.71**	10.71
Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited		**52.29**	52.29
Mrs. Kusum Malhotra	Other Finance charges	**-**	15.15
Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited	Other Finance charges	**-**	19.68
MS Port Terminal Private Limited	Other Finance charges	**-**	23.64

(iv) Details of balances outstanding of the Related Parties

Relationship	Outstanding Balance	As at March 31,2026	As at March 31,2025
Mrs. Kusum Malhotra	Security Deposit	**15.30**	15.30
Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited	Security Deposit	**74.70**	74.70
Sakuma Exim DMCC	Trade Receivable	**-**	40.49
Sakuma Impex Ltd	Trade Receivable	**-**	21.05
Mrs. Kusum Malhotra	Guarantee Fees Payable	**-**	17.57
Sakuma Infrastructure and Realty Private Limited	Guarantee Fees Payable	**-**	22.83
MS Port Terminal Private Limited	Guarantee Fees Payable	**-**	27.42

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free. The company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to the amounts owned by the related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which related party exists.

The remuneration to the key managerial personnel does not include the provisions made for gratuity as they are determined on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole.

Managerial remuneration is computed as per the provisions of section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

39 Hedging Activities and Derivatives

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as foreign currency forward contracts to hedge foreign currency risk arising from future transactions in respect of which firm commitments are made or which are highly probable forecast transactions. All these instruments are designated as hedging instruments and the necessary documentation for the same is made as per Ind AS 109.

Cash flow hedges - Foreign currency Risk

Foreign exchange forward contracts measured at fair value through OCI are designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges of recognized purchase payables, committed future purchases, recognized sales receivables, forecast sales in US dollar. The forecast sales transactions are highly probable.

The foreign exchange forward contract balances vary with the level of expected foreign currency sales and purchases and changes in foreign exchange forward rates.

40 Fair Value Measurements

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not valued at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of the fair value.

₹ in lakhs

As at March 31, 2026	Carrying Value				Fair Value			
	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	At amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Non Current Assets								
Loans, Advances and Deposits	66.14	-	-	66.14	-	66.14	-	66.14
Current Assets								
Trade receivables	-	-	44,808.40	44,808.40	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	3,918.74	3,918.74	-	-	-	-
Balances with Banks other than above	-	-	12.17	12.17	-	-	-	-
Investments-Others		-	10,839.30	10,839.30	10,839.30	-	-	10,839.30
Loans, Advances and Deposits	-	-	181.05	181.05	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Assets	66.14	-	59,759.66	59,825.80	10,839.30	66.14	-	10,905.44
Financial Liabilities								
Non-Current Liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	-	108.44	108.44	-	108.44	-	-
Current Liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	726.56	726.56	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	12,521.12	12,521.12	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	-	36.07	36.07	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Liabilities	-	-	13,392.19	13,392.19	-	108.44	-	-

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

₹ in lakhs

As at March 31, 2025	Carrying Value				Fair Value			
	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	At amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Non Current Assets								
Loans, Advances and Deposits	60.37	-	-	60.37	-	60.37	-	60.37
Current Assets								
Trade receivables	-	-	41,998.09	41,998.09	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,544.77	2,544.77	-	-	-	-
Balances with Banks other than above		-	30.86	30.86	-	-	-	-
Investment - Others	41.34	-	-	41.34	41.34	-	-	41.34
Loans, Advances and Deposits	-	-	359.44	359.44	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	-	45.05	45.05	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	36.07	36.07	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Assets	101.71	-	45,014.28	45,115.99	41.34	60.37	-	101.71
Financial Liabilities								
Non-Current Liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	-	153.49	153.49	-	153.49	-	153.49
Current Liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	10,346.88	10,346.88	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	5,906.41	5,906.41	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	-	49.76	49.76	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	27.52	27.52	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Liabilities	-	-	16,484.06	16,484.06	-	153.49	-	153.49

41 Capital Risk Management

For the purpose of the Company capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

During the reporting period ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, there have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

The management assessed that fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables less than 1 year, bank overdrafts and other current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Borrowings	**726.56**	10,346.88
Trade Payables	**12,521.12**	5,906.41
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	**(3,918.74)**	(2,544.77)
Net Debt	**9,328.94**	13,708.52
Total Equity	**74,885.87**	70,699.00
Total Equity and Net Debt	**84,214.81**	84,407.52
Gearing Ratio	**0.11**	0.16

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025.

42 Group Information

The Consolidated financial statement of the Group includes subsidiaries are mentioned below :-

₹ in lakhs

Name of Entity in the Group	Year	Net Asset		Share in Profit or Loss		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
		As a % of Consolidated	Amount	As a % of Consolidated	Amount	As a % of Consolidated	Amount	As a % of Consolidated	Amount
(I) Parent									
Sakuma Exports Limited	**31-Mar-26**	**49.41**	**36,998.34**	**83.63**	**795.64**	**100.00**	**29.60**	**84.13**	**825.24**
	31-Mar-25	52.04	36,792.21	81.25	1,202.09	100.00	6.18	81.33	1,208.27
(II) Foreign Subsidiaries having no Non controlling interest									
(1) Sakuma Exim DMCC	**31-Mar-26**	**26.09**	**19,535.18**	**12.91**	**122.82**	**-**	**-**	**12.52**	**122.82**
	31-Mar-25	24.84	17,564.25	8.65	128.03	-	-	8.62	128.03
(2) Sakuma Exports Pte Ltd.	**31-Mar-26**	**7.65**	**5,729.61**	**(2.53)**	**(24.09)**	**-**	**-**	**(2.46)**	**(24.09)**
	31-Mar-25	7.36	5,202.37	5.81	85.93	-	-	5.78	85.93
(3) Sakuma Impex Ltd.	**31-Mar-26**	**16.82**	**12,599.06**	**6.13**	**58.32**	-	-	**5.95**	**58.32**
	31-Mar-25	15.73	11,117.54	4.40	65.03	-	-	4.38	65.03
(III)Step Down Foreign Subsidiaries having no Non controlling interest									
(1) GK Exim FZE W.L.L.	**31-Mar-26**	**0.03**	**23.68**	**(0.14)**	**(1.36)**	**-**	**-**	**(0.14)**	**(1.36)**
	31-Mar-25	0.03	22.63	(0.11)	(1.64)	-	-	(0.11)	(1.64)
Total	**31-Mar-26**	**100.00**	**74,885.87**	**100.00**	**951.33**	**100.00**	**29.60**	**100.00**	**980.93**
	31-Mar-25	100.00	70,699.00	100.00	1,479.44	100.00	6.18	100.00	1,485.62

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

43 Financial Risk Management

Risk Management Framework

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations. The Company also enters into derivative transactions.

The Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by specialist teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. The Board of Directors through its risk management committee reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

The Company's has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

(i) Market Risk

(ii) Commodity Price Risk

(iii) Credit Risk

(iv) Liquidity Risk

(v) Excessive risk Concentration

(i) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments and derivative financial instruments.

The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

The sensitivity analysis have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt and derivatives and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant and on the basis of hedge designations in place at March 31, 2026.

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis:

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 including the effect of hedge accounting.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a short term working capital loans which are reviewed on yearly basis. The following table provides a break-up of Company's fixed and floating rate borrowing:

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	**As at March 31, 2026**	As at March 31, 2025
Fixed rate borrowings	**-**	-
Floating rate borrowings	**726.56**	10,346.88
Total Borrowings	**726.56**	10,346.88

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected, after the impact of hedge accounting. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Increase / decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before tax
March 31, 2026		
726.56	**+/- 100 bps**	**(7.27)/7.27**
March 31, 2025		
10,346.88	+/- 100 bps	**(103.47)/103.47**

Note: The above analysis is prepared for floating rate liabilities assuming the amount of the Liability outstanding at the end of the reporting Period was outstanding for the whole year.

The assumed movement in basis points for the interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment, showing a significantly higher volatility than in prior years

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments such as foreign currency forward contracts to hedge foreign currency risk arising from future transactions in respect of which firm commitments are made or which are highly probable forecast transactions. All these instruments are designated as hedging instruments and the necessary documentation for the same is made as per Ind AS 109.

Cash flow hedges - Foreign currency Risk

Foreign exchange forward contracts measured at fair value through OCI are designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges of recognized purchase payables, committed future purchases, recognized sales receivables, forecast sales in US dollar. The forecast sales transactions are highly probable.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

The foreign exchange forward contract balances vary with the level of expected foreign currency sales and purchases and changes in foreign exchange forward rates.

(Amount in USD in lakhs)

Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
FCY Receivables	**158.50**	218.65
FCY Payables	**(9.77)**	(32.74)
Net FCY Receivables / (Payables)	**148.73**	185.91
Financial Hedge	**148.73**	185.91
Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure	**-**	-

Foreign currency sensitivity

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities.

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Change in Currency	Effect on profit before tax
March 31, 2026		
Recognized net receivables / (payables)	**+ 1 /- 1**	**"+ 0.00/ -0.00**
March 31, 2025		
Recognized net receivables / (payables)	+ 1 /- 1	"+ 0.00/ -0.00

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.

(ii) Commodity Price Risk

The Company is affected by the price volatility of certain commodities. Its operating activities require the ongoing purchase of oil and other traded commodities. Due to the significantly increased volatility of the prices of the commodities, the Company also entered into various derivative contracts.

The Company's Board of Directors has developed and enacted a risk management strategy regarding commodity price risk and its mitigation.

(iii) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by the management subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing. Generally the company operates on advance against delivery order principle except for merchant trade transactions wherein the sales is executed on credit terms up to six months. Also, Export customers are secured against Letter of Credit, bank guarantees and payments against documents. Credit risk on receivables is also mitigated by securing the same against security deposit, letter of credit and advance payment.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major clients. The Company has no concentration of credit risk as the customer base is widely distributed both economically and geographically.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Ageing of Account receivables ₹ in lakhs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
0 - 90 days	**43,870.71**	41,436.73
91 - 180 days	**-**	-
181 - 270 days	**-**	-
270 - 365 days	**915.03**	435.64
More than 365 days	**22.67**	125.72
	44,808.40	41,998.09

Other financial assets and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the Company's Board of Directors on an annual basis, and may be updated throughout the year subject to approval as per the Investment policy. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through counterparty's potential failure to make payments.

(iv) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time, or at a reasonable price. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The Company prepares cash flow on a daily basis to monitor liquidity. Any shortfall is funded out of short term loans. Any surplus is invested in liquid mutual funds and short term bank deposits. The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

Liquidity exposure as at March 31, 2026 ₹ in lakhs

Particulars	< 1 year	1-5years	>5 years	Total
Financial Assets				
Non-Current Assets				
Loans, Advances and Deposits	**-**	**66.14**	**-**	**66.14**
Current Assets				
Trade receivables	**44,785.74**	**22.67**	**-**	**44,808.40**
Cash and cash equivalents	**3,918.74**	**-**	**-**	**3,918.74**
Balances with Banks other than above	**12.17**	**-**	**-**	**12.17**
Investment - Others	**10,839.30**			**10,839.30**
Loans, Advances and Deposits	**181.05**	**-**	**-**	**181.05**
Other Current Assists	**6,646.52**			**6,646.52**
Other financial assets	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Total Financial Assets	**66,383.52**	**88.81**	**-**	**66,472.32**
Financial Liabilities				**-**
Non-Current Liabilities				
Borrowings	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Lease Liabilities	**-**	**108.44**	**-**	**108.44**
Current Liabilities				**-**
Borrowings	**726.56**	**-**	**-**	**726.56**
Lease Liabilities	**45.05**			**45.05**

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Liquidity exposure as at March 31, 2026 ₹ in lakhs

Particulars	< 1 year	1-5years	>5 years	Total
Trade payables	**12,465.93**	**-**	**55.19**	**12,521.12**
Other financial liabilities	**36.07**	**-**	**-**	**36.07**
Other Current Liabilities	**4,826.70**			**4,826.70**
Total Financial Liabilities	**18,100.31**	**108.44**	**55.19**	**18,263.94**

Liquidity exposure as at March 31, 2025 ₹ in lakhs

Particulars	< 1 year	1-5years	>5 years	Total
Financial Assets				-
Non-Current Assets				
Investment in Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-
Investment - Others	-		-	-
Loans, Advances and Deposits	-	60.37	-	60.37
Current Assets				-
Trade receivables	41,872.37	125.72	-	41,998.09
Cash and cash equivalents	2,544.77	-	-	2,544.77
Balances with Banks other than above	30.86	-	-	30.86
Investments Others	41.34			41.34
Loans, Advances and Deposits	359.44	-	-	359.44
Other Current Assets	24,654.41			24,654.41
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Assets	69,503.19	186.09	-	69,689.28
Financial Liabilities				
Non-Current Liabilities				
Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	153.49	-	153.49
Current Liabilities	3,588.72	-	-	3,588.72
Borrowings	10,346.88	-	-	10,346.88
Trade payables	5,851.22	-	59.91	5,911.13
Other financial liabilities	27.52	-	-	27.52
Total Financial Liabilities	19,814.34	153.49	59.91	20,027.74

(v) Excessive risk Concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Group's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on the maintenance of a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly. Selective hedging is used within the Group to manage risk concentrations at both the relationship and industry levels.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements

Note-44 Other Accompanying Notes

1. **Recent Pronouncements:**

   The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2025 on 13 August 2025 (published in the Official Gazette on 19 August 2025). The following amendments have been notified by the MCA with effect from 01 April 2025 for the preparation and presentation of financial statements

   - Ind AS 1 (Classification of liabilities as current or non-current and non-current liabilities with covenants);
   - Ind AS 7 and Ind AS 107 (Disclosures for supplier finance arrangements); and
   - Ind AS 12 (Global implementation of OCED Pillar Two model rules).
   - Ind AS 21 (Lack of Exchangeability)

   The above amendments have no significant impact on the financial statements for the year ending 31 March 2026.

2. No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its Subsidiary Company incorporated in India to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Holding Company or its Subsidiary Company incorporated in India (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Holding Company or its Subsidiary Company incorporated in India has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

3. **Details of Benami property**: No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

4. **Transactions with Struck off Companies**: No transactions have been carried out during the financial year 2025-26 with Struck off Companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 by MCA.

5. **Compliance with number of layers of companies**: The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

6. **Details of crypto currency or virtual currency**: The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

7. **Undisclosed income**: There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

8. The Figures have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs of Rupees upto two decimal Places.

9. Previous Years Figures have been regrouped / rearranged where ever necessary to make them Comparable with the Current year Figures as per revised Schedule III requirements

10. Note 1 to 44 Forms an Integral Part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date

For Ramesh M. Sheth & Associates **Chartered Accountants** **FRN: 111883W**	**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**	
Mehul R. Sheth **Partner** **M. No. 101598**	**Mr. Saurabh Malhotra** **Chairman & Managing Director** **DIN - 00214500**	
Place : Mumbai **Date : May 30, 2026**	**Pooja Malhotra** **Company Secretary**	**Devesh Mishra** **Chief Financial Officer**

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