

BEFORE THE APPELLATE AUTHORITY
(Under the Right to Information Act, 2005)
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA

Appeal No. 7070 of 2026

Swati Saini : Appellant

Vs

CPIO, SEBI, Mumbai : Respondent

ORDER

1. The appellant had filed an application under the Right to Information Act, 2005 (“**RTI Act**”) which was transferred from Department of Revenue to the respondent on August 27, 2026. The respondent, by a letter dated September 02, 2026, responded to the application filed by the appellant. The appellant filed an appeal dated September 02, 2026 (Reg. No. SEBIH/A/E/26/00333). I have perused the application, the response of the respondent and the appeal and find that the matter can be decided based on the material available on record.
2. **Queries in the application** - The appellant, in her application, sought the following information:

“sir kindly request to you i want to know about my husband pranav saini pan card number (jjmpsxxxxx) dematerialised or trading account details of any shares mutual funds and bonds or consolidated account details and gross value last 3 financial years for my maintenance case under section 125 crpc, section 24 hma which is currently pending before the honorable court, sir we are still married not divorced or separation degree passed yet.

I am his wife not third party we are legally married yet i have fully right to know about gross details.”
3. **Reply of the Respondent** – The respondent, in response to the application, informed that the information sought is not maintained by SEBI.
4. **Ground of appeal** – The appellant has filed the appeal on the ground that she was provided incomplete, misleading or false information.

5. I have perused the application and the response provided thereto. I note that the respondent has categorically stated that the information sought is not maintained by SEBI. Hence, I find that the requested information is not available with SEBI. I note that the respondent can only provide information that is available in the records. In this context, I note that the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in *Central Board of Secondary Education & Anr. vs. Aditya Bandopadhyay & Ors* (Judgment dated August 9, 2011) held that "*The RTI Act provides access to all information that is available and existing. This is clear from a combined reading of section 3 and the definitions of 'information' and 'right to information' under clauses (f) and (j) of section 2 of the Act. If a public authority has any information in the form of data or analysed data, or abstracts, or statistics, an applicant may access such information, subject to the exemptions in section 8 of the Act. But where the information sought is not a part of the record of a public authority, and where such information is not required to be maintained under any law or the rules or regulations of the public authority, the Act does not cast an obligation upon the public authority, to collect or collate such non-available information and then furnish it to an applicant.*" Accordingly, I do not find any deficiency in the response of respondent.
6. In view of the above observations, I find that there is no need to interfere with the decision of the respondent. The appeal is accordingly dismissed.

Place: Mumbai

Date: October 01, 2026

RUCHI CHOJER

**APPELLATE AUTHORITY UNDER THE RTI ACT
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA**